July 3, 1766. NUMB. 1958.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

THE Subſcriber having been appointed Profeſſor of the French and Spaniſh Languages in the College of this City, begs Leave to inform the Public, that he propoſes to teach ſuch young Ladies and Gentlemen, who are deſirous of being taught thoſe polite and uſeful Languages, not only to read them with Propriety, but to write them grammatically, and ſpeak them with the utmoſt Purity and Elegance, as his long Reſidence amongſt thoſe Nations has procured him a perfect and critical Knowledge of their Pronounciation, which is ſo neceſſary to ſuch Perſons as are deſirous of converſing in thoſe Languages with Facility and Pleaſure. For this Purpoſe he has provided a convenient Room, at the Lodge Houſe, in Lodge-Alley, where he has opened a School to teach young Ladies in the Morning, and young Gentlemen in the Afternoon. Further Particulars may be known of him, by enquiring at the Widow Rice's, in Arch-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, or at ſaid School.

To ſuch Gentlemen, who are deſirous of being acquainted with the Nature of the Trade, and the Methods of carrying it on by the Engliſh from this Continent, with the French and Spaniards in their Settlements, in the Weſt-Indies, and Gulph of Mexico, he ſhall give ſome very neceſſary practical Lectures, chiefly drawn from his own Obſervations and Experience.

PAUL FOOKS.

Philadelphia, June 24, 1766.

To the Printers of the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Be inſerting the following Eſſay in your Paper, on the Advantages of being acquainted with the French *and* Spaniſh *Languages, eſpecially to Gentlemen concerned in Commerce with theſe Nations, agreeable to what was promiſed in my Advertiſement of the 5th Inſtant, you will greatly oblige Your moſt humble Servant,*

PAUL FOOKS.

THE Advantages which reſult to Mankind from the Knowledge of the learned Languages, are univerſally acknowledged. They are daily taught in our Univerſities, and are in general Uſe amongſt the *Literati*. By Means of them, we are acquainted with the Tranſactions of paſt Ages, and improve in the Wiſdom of the Ancients. But ſome of our Youth, particularly in this Part of the World, tho' favoured with the Opportunities of a liberal Education, do moſt commonly, either thro' Inclination, or Neceſſity, too ſoon drop the Proſecution of theſe Languages, in order to follow and attain different Profeſſions, the Purſuit of which ſeldom permit them to cultivate their paſt Studies, and conſequently, they loſe the Advantages which they at firſt hoped for from the Attainment of them. Altho' the contrary happens ſometimes, and we now and then obſerve ſome whoſen Few proſecuting this Branch of Literature, with unremitting Ardor, till they have made themſelves Maſters of the Languages, which are of moſt Uſe to them; yet it muſt be confeſſed, that this but too ſeldom happens. Others, from the narrow Circumſtances of their Parents, however deſirous they may be, yet cannot always attain this Part of ſcholaſtic Education in the early Period of their Lives, when they are capable of acquiring it moſt perfectly, and with the greateſt Eaſe; and eſteem themſelves happy, if they can but attain to a tolerable Underſtanding of their own Language; which is too generally thought ſufficient to introduce them, with Advantage, on the grand Theatre of Action.

The riſing Youth may be juſtly conſidered as the growing Hopes of a Country; for whoſe Improvement we cannot be too ſollicitous, and eſpecially in every Thing which can qualify them to become worthy Citizens, and uſeful Members of the Community.

A critical Taſte, and Knowledge of the modern Languages, particularly the *French* and *Spaniſh*, who are our neareſt Neighbours, with whom we have the greateſt Commercial Connections, and from whom our Trade derives great Advantages, ought to be regarded as a moſt valuable Part of Education. To imitate the Practice of our Mother Country, by eſtabliſhing public Schools for teaching theſe Languages, will therefore prove of infinite Service to *America*. On this Account, the Truſtees of our College, to whoſe tried Judgment, and approved Fidelity, the Superintendency of academical Knowledge is committed, and under whoſe Guardian Care this Seat of Learning has been reared up, and brought to its preſent State of Reputation and Uſefulneſs, merit the higheſt Returns of Praiſe, for having taken under their Protection, and added to the other Branches of Learning, which ſo eminently adorn this Seminary, that of the *French* and *Spaniſh* Languages. Theſe cannot fail, in my Opinion, to reflect freſh Luſtre upon this Inſtitution.

The Deſign of this ſmall Eſſay, is to preſent the Public with ſome Obſervations on the Utility of acquiring theſe Languages, and to ſhew how neceſſary they are to Commerce, as well as advantageous and ornamental to the polite Part of either Sex, in the Courſe of Converſation with Stangers, and in reading the celebrated Works, publiſhed by theſe Nations in their Original.

In performing this Taſk, though I am well convinced of my Inability to do ample Juſtice to the Subject, yet I flatter myſelf, that my Inclination to oblige the Public, to the utmoſt of my Power, will intitle me to their uſual Candour and Indulgence.

Firſt then, of all the modern Languages, the *French* is certainly the moſt univerſal; although a learned Profeſſor of this College has very judiciouſly obſerved, that "*Latin* and *Greek* "are the beſt Vehicles of Knowledge, in which the Learned of "every Nation chuſe to communicate their Sentiments." He likewiſe obſerves, "that as the *French* Language has prevailed "much in *Europe*, the Advantages which we may reap from "the Writings of many eminent Men, and of many learned So"cieties, which are publiſhed in *French*, make the Knowledge "of that Language very valuable and neceſſary." Thus it appears, that the Learned may reap ſome Advantage, by only being able to read the Authors, whoſe Works are publiſhed in that Language: But if they travel, they will find much greater Advantages ſtill, in being able to converſe in it with Men of Knowledge, who, by Defect of Memory, or having their Thoughts much employed upon the Buſineſs of their ſeveral Occupations, which frequently occurs, might, from Want of Leiſure to proſecute the Study of it, have forgot the practical Uſe of the *Latin*.

As to the *Spaniſh*, I confeſs it is not ſo univerſal among the *Learned*; neither is there in that Language ſo great a Number of Authors worth peruſing, which I cannot attribute to any Defect of the Language itſelf, which is certainly majeſtic and expreſſive; neither to a Want of Genius, or Capacity in the Natives, if properly cultivated; but to the ſevere Laws and Cuſtoms of their Country. Is it not probable, that if the *Britiſh* Nation, though ſo renowned for literary Performances, were clogged with theſe Hell-born Evils, the Inquiſition; ſlaviſh Submiſſion, in ſpiritual and temporal Affairs; unbounded Superſtition, and a Preſs under this tyrannical Inſpection; that it would be in a Situation, equally bad with that of *Spain* itſelf? Under all theſe Diſadvantages, the *Spaniards* can yet boaſt of a *Quevedo*, a *Cervantes*, a *Calderon*, a *Marquis of Santa Cruz*, a *Feyjo*, a *Sarmientes*, and many other Writers, who have ſhined conſpicuous in the Republic of Letters, and are admired in every Nation.

By ſome great Men it has been thought worth while to learn the *Spaniſh*, were it only to read the Hiſtory of *Don Quixoite*, in its original Language, which can be eaſily attained by thoſe who underſtand the *Latin*.

But ſecondly, I ſhall now conſider the Uſe and Neceſſity of theſe Languages to thoſe Perſons who have commercial Connections in different Parts of the World.

I take it for granted, that Literature is the firſt neceſſary Step to become a Citizen of the World; and for a Merchant to poſſeſs the Qualification of underſtanding the Languages, is highly requiſite; otherwiſe, how will he be capacitated to fill thoſe Places of Truſt, and Honour, to which he is often called by his Country? The celebrated *Voltaire*, as he himſelf tells us, felt a ſecret Satisfaction, in informing his Countrymen, that in *England* the greateſt Reſpect is paid to that Profeſſion, on which the Grandeur of the State depends; and obſerves, with what Superiority ſome of them repreſent their Country, ſeated amongſt its Legiſlators in Parliament. Can it be denied then, that the Knowledge of the Languages, uſed in the different Countries with which we are ſurrounded, is abſolutely neceſſary; and procures a greater Facility to judge of daily Occurrences, which may be of the utmoſt Importance? If there be any Truth in this Obſervation, of the modern Languages, in general, being ſo very neceſſary and uſeful, it is equally true, that the *French* and *Spaniſh* are the moſt neceſſary of them all; eſpecially in *America*, to a *Britiſh* Subject, as it is with thoſe Nations that we have moſt political and commercial Correſpondence.

As to commercial Capacity, I appeal to any of the mercantile Gentlemen, whether they would not, in the Courſe of their Trade, have found many great Advantages, had they underſtood thoſe Languages, and been able to correſpond with their Friends, without the Aſſiſtance of an Interpreter? And whether they would not have wiſhed, that the Maſter of the Veſſel, or Supercargoe they employed, could have talked the Language of the Country to which they were bound? I am perſwaded they will anſwer in the Affirmative; as I am convinced, by Experience, of the Conſequence, and Danger attending Confidences of this Nature, to an unfaithful or ignorant Tranſlator; by which many have endangered their Fortune, nay, ſome have been ruined by their Treachery or Ignorance; which might have been prevented, had they learned thoſe uſeful and neceſſary Languages; nor is this ſo difficult a Taſk as ſome do imagine; particularly, if they apply to it with Reſolution and Perſeverance.

I ſhall now conſider the Benefit and Advantage, which may accrue to this Continent, and this Province in particular, by rendering our Youth converſant in thoſe Languages.

The *Britiſh* Empire has been greatly enlarged on this Continent, by the late glorious and memorable Peace; immenſe Tracts of Land are added to our Frontiers, which were populated and cultivated by our former Foes; the greateſt Part of whom, willing to enjoy the Sweets of *Britiſh* Liberty, under the beſt of Sovereigns, are now become our Fellow Subjects; and our Trade with them cannot be properly managed, if we do not endeavour to correſpond with them in a Language they underſtand. It may be objected, that the Inhabitants of *Canada*, the *Illinois*, &c. will be obliged to learn our Language; that it is more natural that a conquered People ſhould ſubmit to our Language, than we to theirs; this I grant; but it requires a great Number of Years to bring about ſuch a Revolution; particularly, as the principal Part of thoſe People are ſcattered about the Country, and have not Perſons amongſt them capable of promoting and perfecting ſuch a Change. The Caſe is otherwiſe with us; there is no Alteration required; to learn the *French* is no difficult Taſk for a Youth; beſides, it is an ornamental Advantage, which enables him to carry on his Trade perſonally, not only with the ſurrounding *French*, but in any other Place of Commerce. And I believe it will be allowed, that when a Merchant can talk *Engliſh*, *Spaniſh*, and *French*; particularly the firſt and the latter, he will ſeldom be in want of an Interpreter, in any Part of the trading World.

The *Spaniſh* Language is now of further Advantage to the commercial Part of *Britiſh America* than heretofore, by the great Ceſſion made to that Nation of the Province of *Louiſiana*, or *Miſſiſippi*; which being contiguous to our new Settlements of *Mobille* and *Penſacola*, affords us the Proſpect of a conſiderable Trade, not only to *Miſſiſippi*, but alſo from thence to the rich Kingdoms of *Old* and *New Mexico*, by Land, and by Sea; and to *Campeachy*, and the *Havannah*, by Means of the *Spaniſh* Navigation to and from thoſe Places; ſo that *Penſacola* and *Mobille* will become convenient Repoſitories of our Manufactories, for the Supply of all the Ports in the Gulph of *Mexico*; the Returns of which will be paid to the *Engliſh*, in Gold and Silver Specie, and Bullion. Such a Trade ſhould certainly be a ſufficient Inducement to our Merchants to acquire the Knowledge of theſe Languages; without which, no Man can pretend to reap any Part of the Wealth, which this Proſpect affords. And as this City is the principal Seat of the Trade of the Continent, I think it ought to be the firſt to prepare for ſo glorious an Harveſt; not only by rendering their Youth Proficients in thoſe Languages, but alſo by inſtilling into their Minds, ſome practical Methods of dealing with the People in that Part of the World; which, in many Particulars, are widely different from thoſe of other Countries.

A ſtill further Advantage, accruing from the Knowledge of the *French* and *Spaniſh* Languages, is the great Neceſſity of them in our extenſive Trade to *Spain*, *Liſbon*, and the Streights; where, with thoſe two Languages, no One will be at a Loſs; for ſhould it at any time happen, that no Perſon could be found there, to ſpeak either *French* or *Spaniſh*, they will be very readily underſtood by the Inhabitants, who all ſpeak *Lingua Franca*, which is, for the moſt Part, a Compound of both, and will be eaſily underſtood by thoſe who underſtand the *French* and *Spaniſh*.

The great Advantages which this populous trading City, and eſpecially the riſing Generation, may reap from acquiring a Knowledge of thoſe two Languages, will, no Doubt, prompt every Lover of Commerce, and his Country's Intereſt, to aſſiſt in the laudable Eſtabliſhment of a public School in the College for teaching them, and engage him to promote ſo uſeful a Deſign.

The Approbation which the Truſtees of the College, thoſe worthy Supports of academic Science, have afforded to this Undertaking, is a Proof how much they eſteem it calculated to become a public Good. And we may ſafely conclude, that the Love of uſeful Letters, will be a ſtrong Perſwaſive to the Youth of either Sex, and to every trading Perſon, to improve themſelves in ſo polite, ſo beneficial, and ſo neceſſary a Qualification, as that of underſtanding and ſpeaking the *French* and *Spaniſh*. Thus, by cultivating the Modern, as well as the Ancient Languages, and joining uſeful Science with Commerce, this City may be diſtinguiſhed above others, by the higheſt Advancement of Literature, and the Seat of Learning here, be adorned with every Branch of profitable Knowledge, and become of univerſal Advantage to the Inhabitants."

THE MANAGERS of the St. Peter's, &c. CHURCH LOTTERY, have the Pleaſure to acquaint the Public, that as above Two Thirds of the Tickets are now diſpoſed of, and they have the greateſt Probability of diſpoſing of the reſt in a very ſhort Time, they have determined to begin the Drawing on Monday, the Eighth of September next, or ſooner, if a quick Diſpoſal of the Tickets enables them ſo to do, of which they will give proper Notice in this Paper; the Numbers are rolled up ready for the Wheels. And they now aſſure the Public, that they enjoy the greateſt Satisfaction, in being able to bring to a Concluſion ſo pious and commendable a Purpoſe, after the many Delays it has ſuffered, notwithſtanding their Inclinations and Endeavours to the contrary; and they do earneſtly requeſt all thoſe who deſire to promote the good Purpoſes of the ſaid Lottery, or to become Adventurers in it, to be ſpeedy in furniſhing themſelves with Tickets, as they are determined, if poſſible, to admit of no further Delay.

The		S		C		H	E	M	E.	
1	of	£ 750	0	0			is			£ 750 0 0
1	of	375	0	0			is			375 0 0
4	of	187	10	0			are			750 0 0
4	of	93	15	0			are			375 0 0
5	of	75	0	0			are			375 0 0
16	of	56	5	0			are			900 0 0
30	of	37	10	0			are			1125 0 0
30	of	28	2	6			are			843 15 0
40	of	18	15	0			are			750 0 0
70	of	11	5	0			are			787 10 0
200	of	7	10	0			are			1500 0 0
140	of	5	12	6			are			787 10 0
200	of	3	15	0			are			750 0 0
1000	of	3	0	0			are			3000 0 0
3080	of	2	5	0			are			6930 0 0
							First drawn,			13 2 6
							Laſt drawn,			13 2 6

4821 Prizes. £ 20025 0 0
8529 Blanks.

13350 Tickets, at 30 s. each, £ 20025 0 0

In this Scheme there are not quite two Blanks to a Prize, notwithſtanding the ſeveral large Prizes contained in it, and the Deduction is but Fifteen per Centum, ſo that the whole is calculated in the moſt advantageous Manner poſſible for the Adventurers, and the ſtrongeſt Proviſions made in the Law for faithful Management; and therefore it is not doubted but the Generoſity of the Public will co-operate with the Care of the Legiſlature for promoting a Deſign of ſuch a pious and extenſive Nature.

The following Perſons are by Law appointed Managers, viz. "Jacob Duche, Eſq; Charles Stedman, Thomas Gordon, Joſeph "Sims, Edward Duffield, John Ord, John Knowles, and Da"niel Rundle" (in the Room of Henry Harriſon, Eſq; deceaſed) Gentlemen, who are to be upon Oath, and are directed to chuſe a Treaſurer, who is to give ſufficient Security for the faithful Diſcharge of the Truſt repoſed in him.---The Prizes to be publiſhed in the Pennſylvania Gazette and Journal, and the Prize Money paid as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed, the aforeſaid Deduction being firſt made. Prize Money not demanded within nine Months, to be deemed as generouſly given to the Churches, and to be applied accordingly.

Tickets at 30 s. each, may be had of the Managers above mentioned, at their ſeveral Houſes in Philadelphia.

Tickets alſo may be had of the following Gentlemen, viz. Mr. William Bradford, and Mr. David Hall, at Philadelphia; Paul Jackſon, Eſq; at Cheſter; Matthias Slough, Eſq; at Lancaſter; Samuel Johnſon, Eſq; at York; Francis Weſt, Eſq; at Carliſle; John Patoun, Eſq; at Reading; Lewis Gordon, Eſq; at Eaſton.

N. B. Mr. John Ord will inſure Tickets in this Lottery.

In the Preſs, and ſpeedily will be publiſhed, by Subſcription, in a neat Octavo,

A DISSERTATION "on the reciprocal Advantages of a perpetual Union between Great-Britain and her American Colonies,"---for which Mr. SARGENT's PRIZE MEDAL was adjudged to JOHN MORGAN, M. D. F. R. S. &c. and Profeſſor of the Theory and Practice of Phyſic in the College of Philadelphia.

To which will be added, with the Leave of their Authors, Three other DISSERTATIONS on the ſame Subject; and alſo, by particular Deſire, will be prefixed, "An Eulogium," ſpoken on the Delivery of the Prize Medal, at the public Commencement. By WILLIAM SMITH, D. D. Proveſt of the College; with a Preface to the Whole, by the ſame Hand.

*** It is hoped that this Publication, from the Importance of the Subject, as well as from its being the firſt of the Kind in this Country, will meet with general Encouragement. The Profits, if any, will be given to a charitable Uſe; and as few more Copies will be printed than are ſubſcribed for, thoſe Gentlemen who are willing to promote ſo good a Deſign, are requeſted to be ſpeedy in ſending in their Subſcriptions to Mr. D. Hall, at the New-Printing-Office, or Mr. W. Bradford, at the London Coffee-Houſe.

Half a Crown to be paid at the Time of ſubſcribing, and the Remainder, which it is thought will not exceed Half a Crown more, to be paid on Delivery of the Book. The Subſcribers Names (unleſs ſuch as may forbid it) will be prefixed; and thoſe ſubſcribing for ſix Copies, to have a ſeventh gratis.

By Captain HUNTER, *arrived at Boſton from London, we have the following Advices, viz.*

LONDON, *April* 23.

REGULATIONS for opening the Iſland of Dominica as a free port, approved by the merchants of the Weſt-Indian and North-American Committees, in order to encreaſe the conſumption of our manufactures, and to extend the trade and navigation of Great-Britain.

THAT the importation of all foreign rum and ſpirits, into the iſland of Dominica, be prohibited; and that no rum or ſpirits be from thence exported.

That all other foreign Weſt-India productions be imported in any ſhips or veſſels whatſoever.

That all wool, cotton, hides, dying-goods, and drugs, be imported duty free, and exported to Great-Britain only, under the regulations of enumerated articles.

That all ſugars imported into Great-Britain from Dominica be deemed foreign, and ſubject to the ſame regulations as if imported from North-America, and to pay the French duty, if conſumed in Great-Britain.

That all ſugars and melaſſes that may be exported for Europe (ſave to the ſouthward of Cape-Finiſterre) be confined to be firſt landed in Great-Britain, and there to be bonded for exportation.

That no foreign European manufactures whatſoever be imported into Dominica, except from Great-Britain, and in Britiſh ſhips, as the ſame may now be lawfully imported there.

That all goods, lawfully imported from Great-Britain, Ireland, or North-America, into Dominica, may from thence be exported in any bottoms whatſoever.

That no veſſel which has taken any kind of Weſt-India productions on board at Dominica, be permitted to go to any other Britiſh Iſland.

That no veſſel from Europe be admitted into Dominica, except from Great-Britain or Ireland."

April 24. The report of a fleet being intended for the Mediterranean, to watch the motions of the Spaniards, is premature, as by the lateſt accounts there was the greateſt appearance of tranquility in that quarter.

The Houſe of Commons ſat till between two and three o'clock on Wedneſday morning; the great commoner went to the Houſe about four in the afternoon on Tueſday, and continued there till near three o'clock on Wedneſday morning.

As ſeveral of the nobility and gentry are preparing to ſet out for their reſpective country ſeats, it is thought the preſent ſeſſion will not be ſo long as was reported.

An eminent Financier is ſaid to have propoſed a ſcheme for a large ſum of money, by new modelling the preſent ſyſtem of military governments in America.

Yeſterday died at his lodgings in Piccadilly, Captain Davenport, who was many years an officer in the Rangers, in North-America.

It is ſaid the aboliſhing certain lucrative ſinecures will ſoon be the work of the preſent adminiſtration.

April 25. We hear the travelling equipage of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter is now getting ready, his Highneſs purpoſing to ſet out on a tour to the continent early in May next.

It is ſaid, that ſoon after the diſſolution of the preſent ſeſſions, the Right Hon. Lord George Sackville will be appointed to execute a buſineſs of importance at a foreign court.

We hear that 2,150,000l. will be granted out of the ſinking fund, for the ſervice of the preſent year.

By accounts from Newcaſtle, we hear, that on ſome quarrels which have lately ariſen, the pitmen have refuſed working; and that two or three collieries have been left by the men.

Some alterations will be made in the window tax. Houſes that have no more than ſix windows, we hear, are to be exempted; from 7 to 14, to pay 2d. per window; from 14 to 25, 8d. and from 25 upwards, to pay 2s. By this alteration, it is computed the tax will bring in about 50,000l. a year more than it did upon the old plan.

We are ſorry to hear, from good authority, that the preſent C------r of the E------r will not continue much longer in that office, though he is in the higheſt favour with a great perſonage.

April 26. They write from Paris, that M. Cadet, who has been detained ſome time in the Baſtile on account of the Canada Bills, has obtained his liberty.

The Intelligence Extraordinary in our paper of Monday laſt, that "the court of Spain has ſent two General Officers into Switzerland, to engage 12,000 of their troops into the Spaniſh ſervice immediately," we are now informed, is a FACT.

Private letters from Madrid mention, that orders have been ſent over, to remove the capitation tax throughout the whole province of Mexico.

A bill is ſaid to be preparing on this ſide the water, to prevent any farther grants of penſions on the Iriſh eſtabliſhment.

It is ſaid a great trading company will furniſh a large ſum of money on very eaſy terms to the government.

The recruiting officers ſtill continue to enliſt ſoldiers for the Eaſt-India ſervice, no orders having been given to the contrary. It is ſaid freſh ſupplies will be greatly wanted to garriſon the company's large acquiſitions abroad.

Thurſday an expreſs arrived at St. James's, with advice that his Serene Highneſs the Prince of Brunſwick, and his retinue, arrived ſafe at Paris on Sunday laſt; he travels incog. under the title of Count Blackenburgh.

The company laſt Wedneſday at Drapers-Hall was very numerous, and the moſt brilliant almoſt ever ſeen in the city of London. There was ſaid to be about 240 who dined, amongſt whom were nine Dukes, and a very conſiderable number more of the Nobility, and the Members of the Houſe of Commons, who honoured the American merchants with their company. Mr. Sheriff Trecothick was chairman, and the whole entertainment, which was very magnificent, was conducted with great regularity, and many loyal and conſtitutional toaſts were drank. There was a large band of muſic, which performed in the Hall during dinner time, and until late in the evening.

We are informed that the North-American preacher, who is lately arrived in England, is come over to ſolicit ſubſcriptions to erect ſchools for the education of the American children in the Proteſtant religion, like thoſe in Ireland; and we alſo hear, that amongſt other benefactions, his Majeſty has already been pleaſed to give 200l. to carry on his uſeful deſign; and yeſterday the Reverend Mr. ROMAINE preached a ſermon, to recommend the above charity, from Iſaiah xi. v. 1. "And there ſhall come forth a rod out of the ſtem of Jeſſe, and a branch ſhall grow out of his roots." The collection made, amounted to 100l. 12s. 5d.

The ſending over ſome Engliſh Biſhops, under proper reſtrictions, to our colonies and ſettlements abroad, has been a meaſure ſtrongly recommended by many well-wiſhers to the Church of England, and a handſome benefaction has been lately left by a gentleman, to ſupport ſo uſeful an eſtabliſhment.

May 1. Yeſterday his Majeſty was attended to the Houſe of Peers by his Grace the Duke of Rutland, Maſter of the Horſe, and the Earl of Pomfret, when the Royal Aſſent was given to forty-two public and private bills.

Great rejoicings were made laſt Monday at Lynn, in Norfolk, upon receiving authentic intelligence that General Warrants were declared illegal by an auguſt aſſembly.---The mayor and principal inhabitants aſſembled at the Duke's Head, and celebrated the evening with the utmoſt demonſtrations of joy. After the three toaſts, a large paper, upon which were wrote, in capital letters, the words GENERAL WARRANTS, was carried into the Market-place, attended by almoſt all the company, and conſumed in the bonfire (provided on this occaſion) amidſt the acclamations of a great concourſe of people, and a double diſcharge of cannon. After which a great many loyal toaſts were given on the occaſion.

May 2. This morning a Cabinet Council was held at the Queen's palace, at which ſeveral of the great officers of ſtate aſſiſted.

This day there was an exceeding full Houſe of Commons, which were expected to ſit late.

It is ſaid, that no branch of the family compact will be admitted, by our court, as arbitrators in the propoſed adjuſtment of the Manilla ranſom.

Letters from Leghorn inform, that a ſolemn Deputation of the State of Corſica is actually to be held in June next, in order to inveſt General Paſchal de Paoli with the Enſigns of Regal Authority.

A Letter from Madrid, dated March 31, after giving an Account of the late Riot there (as mentioned in a former Paper) adds the following Particulars.

"As ſoon as the People were acquainted that his Majeſty and the Royal Family quitted the Palace, on the 28th, about One o'Clock in the Morning, they were enraged to the greateſt Degree; 10,000 ſurrounded the City of Madrid, and ſuffered neither Coach, Mule or Man to go out; ſo here we remained all that Day, which was terrible, for the Mob broke open the Drinking-houſes, and inflamed themſelves with ſpirituous Liquors. The Women in particular were very outrageous. The Walloon Guards had marched off for Aranjuez, the Spaniſh Guards kept cloſe in their Quarters, and the Invalids in different Quarters of the Town, ſuffered the People to take their Arms from them. The Mob went all Night about Town, in large Bodies, the Women carrying lighted Torches, and Palm Branches, and we even expected to have our Houſes burnt. The general Cry now was, Viva Eſpagna.

"They would take Money from no one, nor hurt any Body but thoſe who were killed when they fired againſt the Troops: The only Act of Cruelty done was to the Walloon Guards, whom they treated very ſeverely, and am told they dragged their Bodies about the Streets, and burnt them before they were dead, owing to theſe Guards firing upon them, and killing many. The Ring-leaders, who had been ſent to Aranjuez, to inſiſt on the Court's coming back, in order to walk about the Town as uſual on Holy Thurſday, returned with an Account, that his Catholick Majeſty had been bled twice, was indiſpoſed, and therefore could not come; but granted them a general Pardon, and to ſend away Squillace, and his Family, for ever, and would appoint Moſquis Miniſter of the Finances; and that the only Means to induce the King to return to Madrid, would be their immediately diſperſing, and obeying his Orders. When this was made known, every Thing was quiet.

"The People, of their own Accord, went and returned their Arms to the Soldiers they took them from, and ſhook Hands with them; and ſince that, People in Copas, that no Body knows, have gone to the different Public-houſes where they had done Miſchief, and paid for the Damage: They refuſed Money from every Body that offered them, and ſaid they wanted nothing but the Blood of Squillace; about 50 People have been killed in all."

It was this Morning reported, that ſome of our Men of War, on the African Station, had deſtroyed ſeveral Works which the French had erected on the Coaſt.

Some Changes in the Adminiſtration have, within theſe few Days, been confidently talked of; but it was ſaid this Morning that they were not yet ſettled.

BRIDGETOWN (BARBADOS) *June* 7, 1766.

At a Meeting of the Committee of Aſſembly, on Monday, the 2d Day of June, 1766, *after conſidering ſeveral Plans laid before them for rebuilding the Town, they came to the following Reſolutions, viz.*

I. *Reſolved*, It is the Opinion of the Committee, that as it ſeemed impracticable to carry into Execution either of the regular Plans which were propoſed, without a conſiderable Alteration of Property among Individuals, and great Expence to the Public, it will therefore be prudent to adopt the annexed Plan, from which it will appear to be neceſſary,

Firſt, That a Wharff ſhall be erected from the Point of Land called the Stepping Stones, and continued on in a direct Line to the Point of the new-erected Wharff called Bedford's, now in the Poſſeſſion of Gidney Clarke, Eſq; by which Means, after leaving a free Paſſage on the ſaid Wharff of 20 Feet clear for the public Uſe, a ſufficient Quantity of Land will be gained to make good to each Individual what ſhall appear to be taken from him in the front Line of the new-intended Broad-ſtreet; and a proportionable Part of the ſaid clear Wharff ſhall be allotted and aſſigned to each Individual who ſhall appear to have had any Wharff before by Grants, the Conditions of which had been regularly complied with, and not otherwiſe; and which Wharff will anſwer the further uſeful Purpoſe of cleanſing the Channel and the Mole-head.

Secondly, That an Application ſhall be made to his Honour the Preſident in Council, to iſſue a Writ of Survey, directed to Thomas Allen, Surveyor-General of the Crown Lands in this Iſland, to ſurvey and lay off all Streets, Lanes, Alleys, and other Lands, in the Town of St. Michael, belonging to the Public; from whence there will appear a ſufficient Quantity of Land to make good to Individuals what ſhall be found neceſſary to be taken from them, in order to carry into Execution the other Alterations propoſed by the ſaid Plan, without Encroachment on ſuch Streets, Lanes, and Alleys, as ſhall be proper to be left open.

II. *Reſolved*, It is the Opinion of the Committee, that a Bill be prepared to veſt a Power in certain Commiſſioners for carrying the annexed Plan into Execution; and that in the ſaid Bill Proviſion ſhould be made for rebuilding the Houſes with ſuch Materials as are particulariſed in the fourth Reſolution of the General Committee of both Houſes, on Tueſday, the 20th Day of May laſt: And that further Proviſion be made in the ſaid Bill with Reſpect to the Manner of building; in which Care ſhall be taken, that no Building ſhall be erected without a ſeparate Party-Wall of the Thickneſs of a Brick and a Half at leaſt; and that no Balconies ſhall have Communication from Houſe to Houſe, nor ſhall any be built with Coverings, or without Iron Rails, and being floored with Copper.

III. *Reſolved*, It is the Opinion of the Committee, that, for the further Security of the Town, Proviſion ſhall likewiſe be made in the ſaid Bill, that none of the Houſes now ſtanding ſhall be hereafter repaired, or rebuilt, but with the Materials, and in the Manner mentioned and preſcribed in and by the ſaid Reſolutions of the General Committee of both Houſes, and the ſecond Reſolution of this Committee.

WILLIAMSBURG, June 6.

We hear from Richmond County, that on the 22d of laſt Month, near Tappahannock River, there happened the moſt violent Storm that has been known in the Memory of Man. Many Houſes and Trees were blown down, and Numbers of the Cattle periſhed, by being blown off the Banks into the River. One was taken up alive by the Ferry-Boat ſome Time after the Storm ſubſided; but it is ſaid that Mr. Tomlin and Mr. Gore only, loſt upwards of Twenty.

June 13. On Sunday laſt, about 5 o'Clock, P. M. the Brigantine Oeconomiſt, Captain William Revoire, lying at Burwell's Ferry, was ſtruck by Lightning. The Main-Maſt, Top-Maſt, and Top gallant-Maſt, were ſplit, and the laſt much ſhivered. In its Paſſage down it broke a Tub that ſtood on Deck near the Main-Maſt, broke and overſet ſeveral Things between Decks; killed a Fowl that was ſtanding between a Man and Boy, and ſeveral of the Crew were much ſhocked, but providentially none were killed.

On Monday laſt the Houſe, the Kitchen, and Dairy of Mrs. Reynolds, at York, were ſtruck by Lightning; the Windows of the former were broke to Pieces; and a Negroe Man, who was in the Kitchen, was alſo ſtruck, and died ſoon after.

BOSTON, June 19.

We hear that the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives have appointed a Committee to prepare an humble Addreſs of Thanks to our moſt Gracious Sovereign, for his Royal Aſſent to the Repeal of the Stamp-Act.

June 23. Laſt Sunday afternoon Capt. Dunn came to town from Cape Ann, where he arrived in a fiſhing ſchooner from the Iſle of Sables, and informs, that he was paſſenger on board Capt. Gwin, in a large ſhip, between 3 and 4 hundred tons burthen, richly laden, bound from Briſtol to this place, but that on the 24th of May, at 9 o'clock at night, in thick weather, they unfortunately ran aſhore on the S. E. part of that iſland, about a mile from the bar, where they remained till the next morning, when the veſſel went to pieces, and 14 of the people periſhed; the others, 12 in number, with great difficulty got ſafe aſhore upon the maſts, and other pieces of the wreck: Capt. Dunn remained on the iſland 11 days after this diſaſter, during which time but very little of her cargoe came aſhore; he thinks ſome of the letters were taken up, which, with what other things might be ſaved, Capt. Gwin intended to bring with him in Capt. Beal, who was there in a ſchooner belonging to this place. Among the unhappy perſons who were drowned by this melancholy accident, was the mate, Mr. Benjamin Blackman, of this town, Capt. Cohoun, a paſſenger, a boy of Captain Dunn's, and a nephew of Capt. Gwin's, alſo a woman, wife to one of the ſeamen. The ſhip was about 60 yards from the ſhore when ſhe went to pieces.

Several merchants in this town will be great ſufferers by the loſs of Capt. Gwin's ſhip, as they had large intereſts on board, without inſurance.

Captain Gordon, who ſailed from this Place in a Snow for Briſtol the 20th of January laſt, has not yet been heard of, and is ſuppoſed to have foundered in a violent Storm that happened ſoon after.

HARTFORD, June 16.

Laſt Wedneſday died, Richard Burnham, in the 19th Year of his Age; he was ſecond Son to Mr. Eliſha Burnham, of this Town. This young Man is the Sixth of thoſe unfortunate Perſons, that were wounded at the blowing up of the School Houſe, that have died.---The reſt, it is ſaid, will recover.

The ADDRESS of the COUNCIL to his Excellency WILLIAM FRANKLIN, Eſq; Captain General, and Commander in Chief of the Province of New-Jerſey, *&c.*

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE His Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Council of the Province of *New-Jerſey*, beg Leave to return your Excellency our Thanks for your Speech at the Opening of this Seſſion.

We moſt ſincerely rejoice with your Excellency on the Repeal of the Act for granting certain Stamp Duties in America; an Event, as it ſo greatly conduces to the Peace and Happineſs of His Majeſty's American Dominions, cannot but excite in us the utmoſt Gratitude and Thankfulneſs for this freſh Inſtance of His Majeſty's Royal Favour, and of the Wiſdom and Juſtice of the Britiſh Parliament.

An Indemnification to thoſe Perſons who have incurred the Penalties of the late Stamp-Act, muſt be conſidered as a farther Mark of Lenity and Indulgence of our Sovereign. And every new Meaſure that may be reſolved on to increaſe the commercial Intereſt of Great-Britain and her Colonies, will further evince the Advantages which muſt ever redound to a People from the Advice of a Miniſtry who have Judgment to diſcern, and Inclination to promote, the true Intereſt, Happineſs and Proſperity of the Nation.

It affords us great Satisfaction, that the wiſe Meaſures purſued by your Excellency, during the late alarming Period, were attended with the good Effects of preſerving the public Peace of the Colony: And it reflects Credit on the Inhabitants, that their prudent and orderly Behaviour has been obvious to your Excellency; and their Thanks are due to you for ſuch favourable Repreſentations as you have been pleaſed to make of them to His Majeſty's Miniſters.

Your Excellency's Approbation of our Conduct, is a farther Satisfaction to us. Reſpect to the Authority of Government, the Preſervation of Peace and good Order in this Colony, will ever be Objects of our ſtrict Attention; and it is with Pleaſure we have obſerved, in the Conduct of the Chief Juſtice, and many Magiſtrates and others of this Province, that they have been actuated by the ſame Sentiments.

The Tenderneſs, Lenity and Condeſcenſion of His Majeſty, and the Wiſdom and Juſtice of the Britiſh Parliament, in removing the Danger that lately threatened the Colonies, cannot but excite in all His American Subjects the ſtrongeſt Sentiments of Loyalty, and will neceſſarily contribute to advance the general Intereſt and Happineſs of the Britiſh Empire, which we ſhall ever ſtrenuouſly endeavour to promote. *By Order of the Houſe,*

PETER KEMBLE, *Speaker.*

Council-Chamber, June 20th, 1766.

To His Excellency WILLIAM FRANKLIN, Eſq; Captain General, and Commander in Chief in and over the Province of New-Jerſey, *and Territories thereon depending in* America, *Chancellor and Vice-Admiral in the ſame, &c.*

The Humble ADDRESS of the Repreſentatives of ſaid Province, in General-Aſſembly convened.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE His Majeſty's dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Repreſentatives of the Colony of *New-Jerſey*, in General-Aſſembly convened, highly ſenſible of the Benefits that muſt attend a Repeal of the Act granting certain Stamp Duties in *America*, are glad of the Opportunity to return your Excellency our ſincere Congratulations on the happy Termination of this moſt important Affair.

With the gratefuleſt Senſe of His Majeſty's indulgent Diſpoſition towards us, and the Juſtice of the Britiſh Parliament, we have taken the earlieſt Opportunity of preſenting our moſt ſincere and hearty Thanks to His Majeſty, for the Kindneſs ſhewn theſe Colonies.

At the ſame time we reflect, with Pleaſure, that the Conduct of the People of this Province, has not diſturbed your Excellency's Adminiſtration, nor been productive of any Act of Outrage or Violence; and as they have deſerved, ſo we thank your Excellency for the Juſtice you have done them, in making their Conduct known to His Majeſty's Miniſters.

The Gentlemen who have diſtinguiſhed themſelves by Steadineſs and Spirit, in promoting Peace and good Order in this Colony, undoubtedly deſerve your Excellency's Commendations, and the Acknowledgments of this Houſe.

As the Storm that threatened the future Welfare of Britain and her Colonies, is now happily ſubſided, and as it is our earneſt Wiſh, ſo we hope, and will contribute every Thing in our Stations, that an indiſſoluble Union ſhall henceforth cement His Majeſty's Subjects in the Mother Country and the Colonies.

Signed by Order of the Houſe,

CORTLAND SKINNER, *Speaker.*

Houſe of Aſſembly, June 20th, 1766.

NEW-YORK, June 26.

To JOHN CRUGER, PHILIP LIVINGSTON, LEONARD LISPENARD, *and* WILLIAM BYARD, *Eſqrs. Repreſentatives in the* GENERAL ASSEMBLY *of the Freemen and Freeholders of the City of* NEW-YORK.

WE, Freemen and Freeholders of the City of *New-York*, aſſembled at the Coffee-Houſe the 23d Day of June, 1766, impreſſed with the deepeſt Senſe of Gratitude to all the Friends of Liberty and *America*, who exerted themſelves in promoting the Repeal of the STAMP ACT, think it our indiſpenſible Duty to endeavour, by erecting a proper Monument, to perpetuate the Memory of ſo glorious an Event to the lateſt Poſterity.

Many were our Friends on this truly important Occaſion, and we render them, from the Bottom of our Hearts, the Thanks juſtly due to their very eminent Services.-----They are too numerous to admit of having that particular Reſpect paid to each which they deſerve, and we are ſo ready to beſtow.------But, in Honour to them all, we propoſe to ſingle out one of the many, who ſtood foremoſt in the Support of *American* Freedom; without

whose timely Interpoſition, the utmoſt Efforts of all our other worthy Advocates, might probably have proved fruitleſs and ineffectual.

We therefore earneſtly entreat of, and ſtrenuouſly recommend to you, Gentlemen, our Repreſentatives, that you will move in the Houſe of Aſſembly, now ſitting, for a Vote of the honourable Houſe, to make Proviſion for an elegant Statue of Braſs of the Right Honourable WILLIAM PITT, Eſq; whom we regard in the ſacred Light of having a ſecond Time been the Preſerver of his Country.

Such a high Senſe have we of the Integrity and Ability of that great Patriot, that we would not have applied to the Honourable Houſe in this Manner, did we not think the Honour greater, if conferred by the Repreſentatives of the People, than in any other Way.

For the ſame Reaſon, we alſo deſire that you will tranſmit the Thanks of the Houſe to all thoſe illuſtrious Perſonages, both in and out of Parliament, who appeared in Favour of the Colonies.

GENTLEMEN,

A GREAT Number of your Conſtituents having thought proper to appoint us a Committee to wait on you, with theſe their Inſtructions; they have no Doubt but that you will chearfully uſe your beſt Endeavours to effect that, which not only they, but, (as they conceive) the Inhabitants of the Colony in general, moſt ardently wiſh to ſee accompliſhed.

SIGNED *by Order, and at the Requeſt of a conſiderable Number of reſpectable Inhabitants of the City of* New-York, *aſſembled as above,*

JAMES DE LANCEY, ISAAC LOW,
WILLIAM WALTON, jun. HENRY WHITE,
JOHN THURMAN, jun. JOHN HARRIS CRUGER.

We hear from New-Jerſey, that the Inſolvent Act having been found by Experience to give Occaſion to innumerable Frauds, the Legiſlature of that Province have totally repealed it; but that in Caſes where Aſſignees have been appointed, and actually ſworn, the late Law ſhall take its Effect, all Proceedings ſhort of this, are to be void.

Extract of the Committee of Correſpondence of South-Carolina's Letter to Charles Garth, *Eſq; Agent for ſaid Province, dated 16th of December, 1765.*

"We particularly deſire, that on carrying on this general Matter regarding all the Colonies, that you will act with the utmoſt Openneſs towards the ſeveral Agents of the different Colonies, conſulting with them in every Article, not only that the ſame Unanimity may appear to exiſt among the ſeveral Agents, that at this time happily does amongſt all their Conſtituents in the higheſt Degree, which we are ſure muſt give a greater Weight to your Proceedings; but alſo to guard againſt the moſt diſtant Suſpicions, that we have the leaſt Wiſh to make any ſeparate Bargain for ourſelves, than which nothing, we are ſure, the Houſe would look upon with greater Abhorrence."

June 30. *The General Aſſembly of this Province, now ſitting, have come to the following Reſolutions, viz. That Proviſion be made for furniſhing the Barracks in the Cities of New-York and Albany, with Beds and Bedding, Fire-Wood and Candles, and Utenſils for dreſſing Victuals, for two Battalions, not exceeding 500 Men, each, and one Company of Artillery, for one Year. That an Equeſtrian Statue of his preſent Majeſty, be erected in the City of New-York, to perpetuate, to the lateſt Poſterity, the deep Senſe this Colony has of the eminent and ſingular Bleſſings received from him during his moſt auſpicious Reign. That, for the many eminent and eſſential Services done the Northern Colonies by the Right Honourable WILLIAM PITT, Eſq; but in particular in promoting the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, and to perpetuate to the lateſt Poſterity the grateful Senſe this Colony entertains on that Account; Proviſion might be made for erecting an elegant Statue of him in Braſs.---They have alſo ordered, that a Piece of Plate, value £ 100 Sterling, be preſented John Sargent, Eſq; of the City of London, with the Thanks of the Houſe, for his having chearfully undertaken, at their Requeſt, and to their great Satisfaction, faithfully diſcharged the Truſt of ſpecial Agent, and liberally declined any Allowance for his Trouble.*

The 26th Inſtant, the Light-Houſe at Sandy-Hook was ſtruck by Lightning, and twenty Panes of the Glaſs Lanthorn broke to Pieces; the Chimney and Peach, belonging to the Kitchen, was broke down, and ſome People that were in the Houſe received a little Hurt, but are ſince recovered. It is ſaid the Guſt was attended with a heavy Shower of Hail.

Some Time ſince we informed our Readers of three Veſſels belonging to Bermuda, being taken by the Spaniards at Saltertuda, in making Salt, and carried to Laguira, where the Maſters were ſent to the common Goal. As ſoon as the above Account reached Bermuda, Mr. John Jennings, of that Iſland, immediately ſet out for Antigua, and made his Complaint to the General and Admiral, when the latter directly diſpatched the Ship Beaver, Capt. Duane, to Laguira, to the Spaniſh Governor, to know his Reaſons for permitting his Catholick Majeſty's Subjects to treat Engliſhmen as Pyrates; but not meeting with him there, Captain Duane, and Mr. Jennings, proceeded to the Caraccas, where, upon ſetting the Matter in a proper Light to the General, he treated them very genteelly, and ordered the Veſſels to be reſtored, and the Owners to be paid Damages; but as Captain Duane and the Spaniards could not agree upon the laſt Article, he brought off the Veſſels, and left the Damages to be ſettled by the Courts of Great-Britain and Spain.

Monday laſt three Men croſſing at Schenectady River, in the Thunder Storm we had here, two of them were ſtruck dead by the Lightning, the third rendered ſenſeleſs ſome conſiderable Time, and the Canoe had ſeveral Holes made through her, beſides being ſplit, by Means of the Shock.----A few Days before, in the other heavy Thunder Guſt we had, a Barn and two Barracks were ſtruck by Lightning, at the Fiſh-kill Landing, and all reduced.

PHILADELPHIA, July 3.

On Tueſday Morning laſt died ſuddenly, at his Houſe in Market-ſtreet, in the Seventy-fourth Year of his Age, PETER FRANKLIN, Eſq; Deputy Poſtmaſter of this City, only Brother to BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Eſq. He was an affectionate Huſband, a kind Maſter, a generous Benefactor, and a ſincere Friend. His Funeral was Yeſterday attended by a great Number of the Inhabitants of the Town.

A few Days ago departed this Life (after a very tedious, lingering Illneſs, which he ſupported with great Patience and Fortitude to the laſt) Mr. PETER DELAGE, of this City, a French Gentleman of Reputation, who reſided here upwards of Thirty Years, and always maintained, in the different Scenes of Buſineſs, and private Life, a very fair and ſpotleſs Character. By his laſt Will, he has left a Legacy of Forty Pounds to the Pennſylvania Hoſpital.

Extract of a Letter from Captain Sparks, of the Brig Mary and Elizabeth, dated London, April 28, 1766.

"On the 19th Inſtant I arrived here, having had a ſevere Paſſage; the Veſſel is a mere Wreck. From the 14th to the 17th of March had a very hard Gale of Wind, from S. S. E. to W. Every thing waſhed off the Boltſprit, loſt the Jibb entirely, and the Long-boat was ſtove to Pieces; the greateſt Part of the Spars waſhed off the Deck, and all the Water-caſks; on the Starboard Side of the Quarter-deck we loſt all the Stanchions and Rails, with the Hencoops, and were obliged to nail up the Steerage Hatchway for the Remainder of the Paſſage; three or four Trunnels ſtarted two Inches out of her upper Works. We threw all the Iron out of the Run, and two Caſks of Turpentine.----- Daniel Mildred, and ſome others of our worthy American Friends, attend the Parliament very cloſe, on the Buſineſs of the Spaniſh Trade, and getting Dominica made a free Port, which they are in Hopes of obtaining."

Extract of a Letter from Bridgetown, in Barbados, May 31, 1766.

"The Diſtreſs of the Inhabitants of this Place, by the late Fire, is not to be deſcribed. We have loſt near Five Hundred of our beſt Houſes, in the principal Parts of the Town, and almoſt all that they contained, the Fire being the moſt furious I ever ſaw or heard of. I am told, that at one and the ſame time, there were upwards of Two Hundred Houſes all in Flames, in different Places, ſo that it ſeemed impoſſible to ſtop its Rage. I have loſt Houſes, the Rents of which amounted to above Four Hundred Pounds a Year; beſides two Stores, full of Merchandize, and a Shop of Ironmongery, to a very conſiderable Value; and moſt of our trading People are ruined by it."

Thurſday laſt Captain Stevenſon arrived here from Barcelona, but laſt from Gibraltar, in nine Weeks, and informs, That the Communication with the Spaniards was opened while he lay there; the Spaniſh Governor having been recalled, a new one was appointed, who, on his Arrival, had a Conference with General Irwin, when every thing was ſettled to the Satisfaction of both Parties, and the Garriſon was ſupplied with Neceſſaries by the Spaniards as formerly.---That a great Number of Men had been employed in repairing the Fortifications, and clearing the Streets, of the Stones and Dirt brought down by the late Inundation, which were nearly compleated before he ſailed: ----That the Garriſon was reinforced with 500 Men lately arrived from England, beſides a great Number of Artificers:----That a Store-ſhip from England, bound for Penſacola, under the Command of a Lieutenant of a Man of War, had been taken by a Salletine, of 30 Guns, and carried into Tangier, but was releaſed again, and arrived at Gibraltar, from whence ſhe proceeded on her Voyage; and it was ſaid the Captain of the Salletine had his Head ſtruck off for taking her:---That a King's Cutter had arrived Expreſs from Falmouth, with Diſpatches for the Commodore, the Purport of them not known, though it was thought they contained Inſtructions for ſettling Affairs with the new Dey of Algiers.---That there had been great Commotions at Madrid, on Account of the Oppreſſion of the King's Italian Miniſters, but that all was quiet again, his Majeſty having agreed to ſeveral Articles demanded of him by the Populace; among others, that he ſhould employ no foreign Miniſters; that he ſhould levy no other Taxes than thoſe eſtabliſhed when he came to the Throne; and that he ſhould appear once a Week, to hear and redreſs the Grievances of his Subjects.

About four Weeks ago, in Lat. 27, Long. 55, Captain Stevenſon ſpoke a Sloop, bound from Boſton for St. Chriſtophers, out 23 Days; and about 30 Leagues from our Capes he ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Woods, from this Port for Montſerrat.

Captain Gilbert, from Jamaica, on the First of June, off the Eaſt End of that Iſland, ſpoke the Ship Mary, Captain Morris, who ſailed from Moratt for Briſtol, and had beat up as far as Cape Nichola, after being 14 Days out, when he ſprung a Leak, which obliged him to keep both Pumps going, and to bear away for Kingſton.---On the 20th, in Lat. 35:53, Long. 63, he ſpoke a Brig, Captain Bryſon, from Jamaica for Whitehaven, out 25 Days, all well.---And on the 23d, about ten Leagues E. S. E. of our Capes, he ſpoke Captain Biſſell, for Oporto from this Port.

Captain Clark from Barbados, on the 20th ult. in Lat. 32:48, Long. 71:19, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Ellis, from London for Virginia, out 8 Weeks, all well.---And on the 22d, in Lat. 36:37, Long. 73:42, he ſpoke a Sloop, bound for Boſton from Dominica, out 12 Days.

Captain Bingley, from Liſbon, on the 22d of laſt Month, in Lat. 32:33, Long. 67:35, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Blackwood, from Jamaica for London.---25th in Lat. 35:20, Long. 70, with a Ship, Captain Weſtly, from South-Carolina for London.---And on the 27th he ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Jackſon, from this Port for Jamaica, one Day out.

Captain Campbell, from Virginia, is arrived at Liſbon.

On Tueſday Morning, about Three o'Clock, a Fire broke out in a ſmall wooden Houſe, in an Alley, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, above Sixth-ſtreet; but by the timely Aſſiſtance of the Inhabitants, was happily extinguiſhed, without doing much Damage.

We are deſired to inſert what follows, by a Friend to the Public.

"The fatal Conſequences of drinking cold Water, when Perſons are very hot, are too frequent and obvious, to be mentioned.-----Pouring, immediately after the Water has been drank, one or two Wine Glaſſes of unmixed Rum into the Stomach, has recovered many, who, in all Probability, would have died from the Drinking of it."

*** *The Contributors to the Fund for the Relief of Poor diſtreſſed Widows, and Children of Sea Captains, are deſired to attend their Quarterly Meeting, on Monday next, the 7th of July, at 7 o' Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-Houſe.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA, *Inward Entries.*

Schooner Ranger, D. Phipps, from Antigua. Sloop Hopewell, P. Winſlow, N. Providence. Ship Lecky, D. Brown, N. Caſtle, on Delaware. Sloop Leopard, W. Black, Nantucket. Sloop Dolphin, J. Blanchard, Maryland. Brig Friendſhip, G. Gilbert, and Sloop Burk, A. Burrows, Jamaica. Brig Grace, G. Stevenſon, Ivica. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, N. York. Sloop Sally, J. Wooldridge, N. Carolina. Brig William and Ren, V. Clark, Barbados. Ship Mary, E. Bingley, Liſbon. Sloop Francis and Suſanna, B. Newbold, from Bermuda.

OUTWARDS. Schooner Ranger, G. Cook, for Barbados. Schooner Dove, J. Whitmarſh, Boſton. Sloop Ready Money, J. Gibſon, Antigua. Sloop Riſing Sun, J. Cook, R. Iſland. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, N. York. Schooner Georgetown Packet, C. Edgar, Bahama Iſlands. Schooner Ranger, D. Phipps, and Sloop Dolphin, J. Blanchard, Newfoundland. Schooner Charming Mary, J. Roſs, for Madeira.

CLEARED. Schooner Patty, W. Barns, Sloop Patience, W. Ward, and Sloop Havannah, O. Yarborough, to N. Carolina. Ship Admiral Hawke, J. M'Caddan, and Ship Philadelphia, D. M'Cutcheon, Cork. Ship Hope, J. Roſs, and Brig Hannah, H. Stiles, Barbados. Sloop Rachel, J. Bolitho, Tortola. Snow Betty and Peggy, E. Power, Dublin. Sloop Squirrel, J. Monk, Antigua. Sloop Abigail, W. Shaw, Rhode-Iſland. Sloop Sally, G. Barker, New-York. Brig Nancy, H. Dougherty, Virginia. Sloop Mary Ann, S. Smith, Nevis. Brig Philadelphia Packet, F. Johnſon, to South-Carolina.

TO be SOLD, at Public Vendue (for ready Money only) *this Day,* at the Houſe of Capt. JOHN WILLIAMS, Engineer, in Spruce-ſtreet; All the Houſhold Furniture, Plate, China, Negroes, Horſes, a Chair, &c. &c.

N. B. The Vendue to begin at Nine o' Clock in the Morning, and to be continued until all is ſold.

The THIRD NIGHT.

At the ASSEMBLY ROOM, in LODGE-ALLEY,

To-morrow, being Friday, the 4th Inſtant, will be delivered,

A LECTURE on HEADS. Written Originally by G. A. STEVENS; altered and improved by the preſent Exhibitor.

☞ The Doors will be opened at Six, and the Lecture begin exactly at Seven o'Clock.

The Inconvenience that attends receiving Money at the Door, is too obvious to be mentioned here; therefore, thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen, who intend to honour the Lecture with their Preſence, will pleaſe to furniſh themſelves with Tickets, which are ſold at Mrs. CASEY's, next Door to Hogarth's Head, in Front-ſtreet, at 5s. each.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in Paxton Townſhip, Lancaſter County, on Monday, the 19th of May laſt, a certain Negroe man, named Dick, about 5 feet 6 inches high, a ſlim built black fellow, about 23 or 24 years old, ſpeaks good Engliſh, ſome Low Dutch, and ſome French; had on, when he went away, an old hat, blanket coat, good leather breeches, old ſtockings, good ſhoes, but a good deal too large for him, tied with ſtrings. As he formerly lived with one Mr. Hunt, in the Jerſeys, it is thought he will make that way, or towards Philadelphia. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe, and ſecures him, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Six Dollars Reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

‡ JOHN POSTLETHWAIT.

JUNE 20, 1766.

THE Owners of Lands on Greenwich Iſland, are hereby deſired to meet at the Court-Houſe, in Philadelphia, the firſt Monday in July next, to chooſe Managers, Treaſurer, and Superviſors, as the Law directs.

¶

Philadelphia, July 3, 1766.

CHOICE SALT, now delivering out of the Ship Mary; Edward Bingley Maſter, from Liſbon, at Twenty Pence per Buſhel, and to be ſold by JOHN RELFE, on the South-ſide of Market-ſtreet Wharff.

WAS LOST, on the 8th or 9th of May laſt, on the great Road betwixt Harris's Ferry and Shippenſburgh, a German rifle Gun, about two Feet in the Barrel, large Bore, carved Stock, a white Metal Lion upon the Barrel, near the Lock, with a Scepter in his Paw, double Tricker, double Sight, the under Braſs or Copper, and the upper Iron. Whoever delivers ſaid Gun to the Subſcriber, or to Robert Sample, in Carliſle, or to John Miller, above Carliſle, ſhall have TWO DOLLARS Reward, paid by me * THOMAS SIMPSON.

BY virtue of His Majeſty's writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on Wedneſday, the 23d of July inſt. on the premiſes, three valuable plantations, and tracts of land, ſituated, lying and being in Lampeter townſhip, Lancaſter county, containing 500 acres, whereon are erected three dwelling-houſes, barns, ſtables, out-houſes, and a very fine tan-yard; the lands will be ſold in three parcels, or together, as it will ſuit the purchaſer; the vendue will begin at two o'clock in the afternoon.------Alſo on the 24th of July inſt. at three o'clock in the afternoon, will be ſold, at public vendue, upon the premiſes, a valuable plantation, and tract of land, ſituated, lying and being in Manheim townſhip, Lancaſter county, about three miles from Lancaſter, containing about 200 acres, whereon is a dwelling-houſe, barn, fine meadows, and more may be made.----Likewiſe on Friday, the 25th of July inſt. will be ſold, by public vendue, on the premiſes, at two o'clock in the afternoon, a valuable plantation, and tract of land, ſituated, lying and being in Donegall townſhip, containing 288 acres, whereon is a town called Maytown, with all the appurtenances thereto belonging.---Alſo another tract of land, adjoining William Mitchell and James Logan, containing 152 acres.-----On Saturday, the 26th of July inſt. will alſo be ſold, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, upon the premiſes, a certain meſſuage, plantation, and tract of Land, in the above townſhip, containing 150 acres, adjoining James Logan, James Mitchell, John Lowry, and Lazarus Lowry.----Likewiſe another tract of land, containing 150 acres, adjoining the above.---Alſo a houſe, and 21 acres of land, whereon is a tan-yard.---Likewiſe two houſes and lots, in the above town. Late the property of Jacob Downers, and taken in execution by JOHN BARR, *Sheriff.*

BY virtue of His Majeſty's writ, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on Monday, the 28th day of July inſt. at 10 o' clock in the forenoon, upon the premiſes, a valuable plantation, and tract of land, ſituated, lying and being in Donegall townſhip, Lancaſter county, containing 213 acres of patent land; alſo 127 acres of warranted land, whereon is a compleat griſt-mill, with three pair of ſtones, fit for merchant or country buſineſs; a compleat ſaw-mill, all newly repaired, excellently ſituated on Connewaga creek, has very fine meadows, and more may be made; alſo horſes, cows, ſheep, ſwine, hay, grain, a waggon, cart, and ſundry ſorts of houſhold goods, too tedious to mention; late the property of Martin Greider, and taken in execution by JOHN BARR, *Sheriff.*

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living on Bohemia manor, Cecil county, Maryland, a Mulattoe man, named Joe, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, loves ſtrong liquor; had on, and took with him, an old felt hat, a white linen cap, or a wig, old whitiſh home-made cloth coat, ſome mohair buttons on it, coarſe tow ſhirt and trowſers, white yarn ſtockings, new ſhoes, and carved buckles. It is ſuppoſed he has a paſs. Whoever takes up ſaid fellow, and puts him in any goal, or brings him to his maſter, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, paid by EPHRAIM LOGUE.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forewarned not to carry him off at their peril. §

For LIVERPOOL,

The SHIP PHILLIS,

JAMES ROBINSON, Commander;

Has excellent Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail in ten Days from this Date, having great Part of her Cargoe ready to put on board. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to ſaid Commander, at the London Coffee-houſe, or to MEASE and MILLER; who have for Sale, imported in the ſaid Ship, Engliſh bottled Beer, and Cheeſe; alſo a few Coils of beſt Engliſh Cordage. July 3, 1766.

Imported, and to be ſold by

DANIEL WILLIAMS,

Who is removed from Cheſtnut-ſtreet, to the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, the fourth door from Cheſtnut-ſtreet corner,

A Freſh and large aſſortment of the beſt fine, ſuperfine, middling and courſe boulting cloths, very cheap. Millers and others, who are not ſkilled in chooſing boulting cloths, may, by informing him what branch of the boulting buſineſs the cloths are wanted for, depend on being ſupplied with the beſt boulting cloths, ſuitable for any and every branch of the boulting buſineſs, as he has had long experience in millering and boulting cloths. Alſo a few pairs of French burr and culling milſtones.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, a ſervant man and woman, named Walter and Winford Pritchet; the man is a taylor to trade, and cannot do any other work; the woman is a ſtay-maker, and very handy at houſe work; they both ſpeak good Engliſh, but low, take ſnuff, and love liquor; the man is about 5 feet 7 inches high, has black hair, and grey eyes; the woman is but low of ſtature, pretty likely, has black eyes, and black hair; as they came lately from Ireland, their clothes are but ordinary, and probably have changed them. Whoever ſecures them in any goal on this continent, and lets me know, in the public papers of this province, ſhall have the above reward for both, or Fifty Shillings for either. I hear the man is liſted, and has taken his wife with him to Fort Pitt. All gentlemen of the army are forbid to liſt or harbour them, and Captains of veſſels to carry them off, at their peril. HENRY NEILL. ¶

JAMES STERLING,

Of the City of Burlington, has removed from the Place where he lately kept Shop, to the Corner Houſe, where Elizabeth Johnſton lately dwelt, near the Court-Houſe, in ſaid City, and continues to carry on Buſineſs as uſual.

HE has a general Aſſortment of Goods, and will ſell at the loweſt Prices for Caſh. All Perſons indebted to ſaid Sterling (particularly thoſe whoſe Accounts have been long ſtanding) are requeſted to make ſpeedy Payment; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt him, are deſired to ſend in their Accounts. ‖

ROBERT and NATHANIEL LEWIS,

At their ſtore in Water and Front-ſtreets, near the Drawbridge, have for ſale,

WEſt-India and New-England rum, melaſſes, muſcovado and loaf ſugars, bohea tea, coffee, rice, Weſton's ſnuff, and a few ſetts of team bells; alſo boulting-cloths, ſuperfine, middling and coarſe; where Millers and others may be ſupplied, ſuitable to every branch of the boulting buſineſs; and as we have had long experience both in that and the millering buſineſs, thoſe unacquainted with cloths may depend on having of the beſt quality, and proper Directions in what manner to uſe them. Likewiſe a parcel of European goods, among which are demy cambricks, clear and long lawns, ribbons, tapes, coloured and ſtitching threads, nonſopretties, ſilk wig cauls and wig ribbons, breeches patterns, cotton and worſted hoſe, caſtor hats, cloth coloured pelong, ſcarf death head buttons and twiſt, buckram, gimblets, razors, ſteel pencil caſes, braſs, whitemetal and lacquered buttons, ſnuff boxes, ſaw mill and croſs cut ſaws, carpenters chizels, augers and rules, and one pair of very good 4 feet 4 inch Cologne mill ſtones, which they will ſell very cheap for caſh, as they belong to the late partnerſhip of Robert Lewis and Son.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be ſold, by publick vendue, on Monday, the 21ſt day of July inſt. at the London Coffee-Houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, at 7 o'clock in the evening, a certain piece of land, ſituate in Paſſyunk townſhip, containing about 3 acres and 20 perches, bounded by ground of Eden Haydock, George Roan, and others, ſubject to a ground-rent of Eight Pounds, Eight Shillings, and Eleven-pence currency, per annum, late the eſtate of Ephraim Smith, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be ſold, by publick vendue, on Tueſday, the 22d day of July inſt. at the houſe of Iſaac Williams, on Society-Hill, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, a certain two ſtory brick meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, thereunto belonging, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Shippen-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, continued ſouthward, beyond the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on Shippen-ſtreet aforeſaid, 22 feet 6 inches, and in length or depth 65 feet; bounded eaſtward and weſtward by ground of Edward Shippen; on the ſouth by the back ends of Almond-ſtreet lots; and on the north by Shippen-ſtreet aforeſaid; ſubject to a groundrent of Six Pounds Fifteen Shillings currency per annum, late the eſtate of Edward Carney and wife, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be ſold by publick vendue, on Friday, the 22d day of Auguſt next, at the London Coffee-Houſe, Philadelphia, at 6 o'clock in the evening, a certain three ſtory brick meſſuage and kitchen, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, between Callowhill and Margaret-ſtreets, containing in breadth, north and ſouth, 20 feet, and in length, on the north ſide thereof, 98 feet 3 inches, and on the ſouth ſide thereof, 104 feet 3 inches; bounded eaſtward by Front-ſtreet aforeſaid; northward by ground of George Emlen; weſtward by ground of Benjamin Mifflin; and ſouthward partly by other ground of the ſaid Mifflin; ſubject to a groundrent of Forty Shillings ſterling per annum; late the eſtate of Jacob Steinmetz, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be ſold by publick vendue, on Wedneſday, the 23d day of July inſt. at the London Coffee-Houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, at 7 o'clock in the evening, a certain lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the weſterly ſide of Dock-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, beginning at a poſt ſet for a corner, at the diſtance of 28 feet from the corner of Dock and Pear-ſtreets; thence along the ſaid Dock-ſtreet 20 feet to another poſt by ſaid ſtreet; thence ſouth-weſterly, at right angles, to the ſaid Dock-ſtreet, 56 feet, to another poſt, at the diſtance of ſeven feet and an half from Pear-ſtreet; thence ſouth-eaſterly, at right angles, to the laſt deſcribed line, 7 feet and a half, to Pear-ſtreet aforeſaid; thence eaſterly, along the ſaid Pear-ſtreet, 25 feet, to the corner of a lot granted to Charles Jervis; and thence north-eaſterly, by the ſaid Charles Jervis's lot, 40 feet, to Dock-ſtreet aforeſaid, having a two ſtory brick, and frame tenement thereon erected, ſubject to a groundrent of Fifteen Pounds currency per annum, late the eſtate of Samuel Brookhouſe, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be ſold, by publick vendue, on Wedneſday, the 23d Day of July, at the London Coffee-Houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, at 6 o'Clock in the evening, all the eſtate, right, title and intereſt of a certain James Chattin, of, in and to, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate in Moyamenſing Townſhip (lately known by the name of the ſign of the Buck) containing about 9 acres three quarters, and 15 perches; bounded by ground of Joſeph Marriott, George Emlen, John Harper, and others; late the property of the ſaid James Chattin, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be ſold, by publick vendue, on Wedneſday, the 23d day of July inſt. at the London Coffee-Houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, two certain meſſuages or tenements, and two contiguous Lots of ground, thereunto belonging, ſituate on the weſt ſide of a certain 20 feet lane or alley, commonly called Moravian Alley, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, in the City of Philadelphia, being in the whole of the breadth of 37 feet, and of the depth of 75 feet; bounded by ground of the honourable William Allen Eſquire, Anthony Morris, and others; ſubject to a ground-rent of Two Shillings Sterling per Foot; late the eſtate of Charles Kelley and Wife, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be ſold, by publick vendue, on Friday, the 25th day of July inſt. at the houſe of Abraham Wentz, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage, plantation and tract of land, thereunto belonging, ſituate in the townſhip of Whitpain, containing about 7 acres, bounded by lands of Peter Dehaven, Jacob Korr, and Jonas Supplee; late the eſtate of Jacob Shoemaker, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be ſold, by publick vendue, on Friday, the 1ſt day of Auguſt next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-Houſe, Philadelphia, a certain three ſtory bank brick meſſuage, ſituate in the city of Philadelphia, between Race and Vine-ſtreets, containing in front on Front-ſtreet, 17 feet 6 inches, and running through to Water-ſtreet, the depth of 40 feet; bounded northward by a houſe and lot of James James, late Thomas Mullan's; eaſtward with Water-ſtreet; ſouthward with a four feet alley; and weſtward with Front-ſtreet aforeſaid; ſubject to a groundrent of Six Pounds, Sterling money of Great-Britain; late the eſtate of Job Dicks, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

LOST, on the 18th of laſt month, on the road leading from Little Conneſtogoe road to Reading Furnace, at or near the widow Stewart's, a leather pocket book, marked T D, with two FIFTY POUNDS bonds in it, againſt Jacob Diapler, of Berks County; the one bond due the 27th of laſt May, and the other due the 27th of May next; with one piſtareen, and ſome coppers. Whoever has found the ſaid book, and ſends it to Caleb Way's, at the ſign of the waggon, in Weſt-Caln, Cheſter County, ſhall be handſomely rewarded by me

¶ ROBERT COLE.

Philadelphia, June 27, 1766.

SUPPOSED to be ſtolen out of the Paſture of the Subſcriber, living in Weſt Nantmill Townſhip, Cheſter County, a black Stallion, about 15 Hands high, ſeven Years old, natural Pacer, his Mane hanging on both Sides of his Neck, which has been galled with a Collar; his near hind Foot is white, and he is ſhod all round. Whoever takes up ſaid Horſe, and brings him to Jacob Barge, at the Sign of the Lamb, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, or ſecures him, ſo that the Owner may have him again, and the Thief be brought to Juſtice, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS Reward, if taken in the County aforeſaid, or FIFTY SHILLINGS each; or if taken out of the County, the Reward of Ten Pounds, or Five Pounds each, paid by

¶ SAMUEL MACKELDUFF.

TO be ſold by public vendue, on Saturday, the 12th of July inſt. at the London Coffee-Houſe, at 7 o'clock in the evening, a certain lot, or piece of ground, ſituate on the north ſide of Lombard-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, from Delaware, in the ſaid city of Philadelphia, and at the diſtance of 162 feet eaſtward from Third-ſtreet aforeſaid, containing in breadth, on Lombard-ſtreet aforeſaid, 20 feet, and in length or depth 77 feet; bounded on the eaſt by ground now or late of Edward Shippen; on the ſouth by Lombard-ſtreet aforeſaid; on the weſt by ground granted, or intended to be granted to Jonathan Evans; and on the north by ground late of Hugh Davey; late the eſtate of William Lake deceaſed. THOMAS LAKE, ABRAHAM CARLILE, HANNAH ROBESON, Executors. ¶

TO be SOLD on the premiſes, on Thurſday, the 29th day of July inſtant, by way of publick vendue, the houſes and lots in Cheſter Town, Kent County, Maryland, belonging to GEORGE and WILLIAM BUCK, Eſquires, in Biddeford, being two large two ſtory brick houſes, convenient for dwellings and ſtores, with kitchens adjoining, warehouſes, &c. The lots are in a convenient part of the town for buſineſs, and adjoining to each other. Any perſon inclining to view the premiſes before the day of ſale, may apply to Mr. Benjamin Binney, at Newtown, or Mr. John Chapple, at the mill, near Newtown, Kent County, or to the ſubſcriber, in Frederick Town,

§ WILLIAM KENNY.

TO BE SOLD,

A GOOD ſhallop, with rigging, &c. compleat, about 40 feet keel, 5 feet hold, 16 feet 8 inches beam, very full built. It is thought ſhe is large enough to go to the Bay of Honduras. For further particulars, enquire at the widow Rudy's, in Cherry Alley, or of Jacob Miller, in Kenſington. †

RUN away on the 23d of laſt Month, from the Subſcribers, living in Weſt-Nantmill, Cheſter County, two Servant Girls; one named Margaret Moore, about 21 Years of Age, freſh coloured, with pale brown Hair, three Fingers on her Right Hand cannot be opened ſtrait, by reaſon of a Burn when a Child, and ſhe has a little of the Brogue: Had on, a white Linen Bonnet, a ſtriped Lincey Bed-gown, brown Flannel Petticoat, and a coarſe Linen Shift; ſhe alſo took a Calicoe Bed Quilt, ſuppoſed to make a Petticoat of. The other named Margaret M'Kinney, about 15 Years of Age, much pitted with the Small-pox, and ſome Marks of them on her Head, that appear like Scars, has black Hair, and ſpeaks broad Scotch; had on a Chip Hat, a ſtamped Linen Gown, and a coarſe Linen Shift. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servants, and ſecures them, ſo that their Maſters may have them again, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

JOHN HANNA, and JAMES HANNA. ¶

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by way of publick vendue, on Friday, the 11th of this inſtant July, at the houſe of Nicholas Oblinger, in Towamenſing townſhip, Northampton county, a certain meſſuage, plantation and tract of land, containing about 280 acres; bounded by the lands of John Deader, ---------- Bowman, deceaſed, and Stroll. Alſo another tract and meſſuage of 180 acres, lying in ſaid townſhip; late the property of Nicholas Oblinger; ſeized and taken in execution by

¶ PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff.

TO be Sold or Lett, the houſe and lot where Thomas Tredway, and George Stewart, lived, in Buſh Town, Baltimore county, Maryland. There are four rooms, and four chimneys, below ſtairs, four rooms, and two chimneys, above ſtairs; a good cellar and kitchen, and four other convenient houſes. Alſo fifty acres of land, about a quarter of a mile from town, half cleared, the reſt woodland, with rails ſufficient to fence 8 acres. Alſo another houſe in ſaid town, on the main road, near finiſhed, with 6 acres of land. Alſo a negroe wench, a very good waſher, and a good drudge in a kitchen, with ſeveral ſorts of houſhold-goods, as good beds, tables, and chairs, &c. The title of the land is good, and a general warrant to be given to the purchaſer. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes,

* JAMES OSBORN.

Reading, Berks County, June 14, 1766.

CASPAR EGLY, late of the ſaid county of Berks, yeoman, having abſconded from the ſaid county of Berks conſiderably indebted, I, the ſubſcriber, took out an attachment againſt him; and as he has in his poſſeſſion divers bonds from Michael Kiſſinger, and others, for the payment of large ſums of money to him, which he may probably endeavour to ſell, I have thought adviſeable to give this publick notice, that thoſe bonds, and all other the effects of the ſaid Egly, are attached, and, in order to prevent any impoſition, I do hereby give this publick notice thereof. * JOHN GEORGE KISLING.

To be LETT for a term of years,

A Valuable plantation, and tract of land, ſituate, lying and being in the townſhip of Weſt-Caln, in the county of Cheſter, where Robert Simiſon formerly lived, containing about 190 acres, is pleaſantly ſituated on the great road leading from the city of Philadelphia to the borough of Lancaſter; with a large ſtone houſe, in good order, barn, ſtables, a malt-houſe, a fine orchard, and very valuable hop-yard. There are about 20 acres of meadow-ground juſt now fit to mow; plenty of paſture, and fire wood; all which is ſuitable for a tavern or ſtorekeeper. The place may be entered upon immediately. For further particulars, enquire of JOHN MILLER, Eſq; living near the premiſes, or of me the Owner, * JOHN CULBERTSON.

Philadelphia, June 25, 1766.

STRAYED away from off of the Commons of this city, on the 29th day of May laſt, a dark bay horſe, between 14 and 15 hands high, his left eye blind, has ſome white hairs on his right ſhoulder, black mane, and ſwitch tail, ſhod all round, trots and gallops heavily. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and brings him to the ſubſcriber, living in Third-ſtreet, between Race and Vine-ſtreets, ſhall have FIFTEEN SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM GRISKUM, Potter. *

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Hanover townſhip, Lancaſter county, on the 8th of June laſt, an indented Engliſh ſervant man, named William Watſon, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, ſandy complexion, his beard, when grown, quite red; had on, when he went away, a new tow ſhirt and trowſers, a black velvet jacket, and a new light coloured linſey jacket, made Dutch faſhion, an old caſtor hat, old ſhoes, not fellows; he is very much given to liquor, if he can get it, and then his lips appear very thick. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM M'COLLOCH.

N. B. Said ſervant was hoſtler at Mr. John Wilkey's, in Carliſle, about 18 months, and is known by all gentlemen that travel that way. ¶

STOLEN on the 17th of June, at night, out of a paſture, in Milford Hundred, near Little Elk, Cecil county, a black gelding, 5 years old, about 15 hands high, paces and trots, ſhod before, a ſnip on his noſe, ſome white on one of his hind feet, and a lump on the top of his ſhoulder, behind the wither-lock, like a navel-gall. Whoever takes up and ſecures the horſe and thief, ſo as the owner may have his horſe again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have FOUR POUNDS reward for both, or FORTY SHILLINGS for the horſe, and reaſonable charges, paid by * JAMES MACKEY.

To be SOLD, about Half a Mile from Lancaſter,

FIVE Acres of very good Land, well fenced in with Locuſt Poſts, with a two Story Stone Houſe and Kitchen, and a very good Well and Pump, and Garden thereon. Whoever inclines to buy the above mentioned Land, &c. can be informed by Mr. Michael Groſs, in Lancaſter, or by the Subſcriber hereof,

GEORGE HONEY.

¶

RUN away, on the 19th of June, from the ſubſcriber, living at Annapolis, an Engliſh ſervant man, named John Haley, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, 24 years of age, thin viſage, dark complexion, and black hair, is ſlow of ſpeech: Had on, when he went away, a bearſkin coat, with large ſide-pockets, two ſtriped linſey jackets, check ſhirt, and buckſkin breeches; but as he had a quantity of caſh, it is probable he may change his apparel. He is a baker by trade, but has lately been employed as poſt-rider from Annapolis to Philadelphia. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant in any goal, ſo as his maſter may him again, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS Reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM NIVEN.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes, at publick auction, the 18th day of September next, 1500 acres of good land, with a large plantation on it, lying on Kittle Run, in Fauquier county, Virginia; twelve months credit will be given, and five per cent. diſcount, for ready money. Alſo another tract of good land, containing 7750 acres, to be ſold on the ſame terms, on the 22d of the above month, whereon are upwards of twenty tenements, lying in the above ſaid county, and on or near Gooſe creek. The firſt mentioned tract lies about 22 miles from Dumfries town; the other about 50 miles, to be ſold by the lump, or in parcels, as can be agreed on. BURGESS SMITH.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, on the 22d day of laſt month, from the ſubſcriber, a ſervant man, named John Edwards, about 5 feet 6 inches high, well ſet, ſeems to be between 33 and 38 years of age, he is full-faced, of a ruddy complexion, with brown hair, cut round: Had on, when he went away, a grey ſhort coat, made pretty much like a jacket, a check ſhirt, ozenbrigs trowſers, black ſtockings, half-worn ſhoes, wears them with ſtrings, an old beaver hat. Said ſervant was born in Wales, talks pretty good Engliſh. Whoever takes him up, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by the ſubſcriber, living at Raccoon-creek, Weſt New-Jerſey.

NATHAN BOYS, jun.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are hereby deſired not to harbour or carry him off, as they may expect, if they do, to be proceeded againſt as the law directs. ‡

Anti-Etam Forge, Frederick County, April 27.

RUN away from the above forge, on the 20th inſtant, a ſervant man, named Thomas Meclene, or Onan, an Iriſhman (tho' he ſays he is a Highlandman) a low ſquat fellow, of a very ſwarthy complexion, with ſhort black hair; he had on, when he went away, a blue cloth coat, a double-breaſted jacket of an aſh-coloured bearſkin cloth, trimmed with white flat metal buttons, a pair of buckſkin breeches, old ſhoes, and a pair of grey milled, or worſted ſtockings. He commonly wears his garters under his knees, is a very talkative fellow, and pretends to be a conjurer, and brags much of his land and Negroes in Cæcil or Kent county. Whoever brings, or ſecures the ſaid fellow, ſo as I may have him again, ſhall receive THREE POUNDS, Pennſylvania Currency, from

SAMUEL BEALL, jun. for Self and Co.

N. B. He ſerved ſome of his time about Darby, in Cheſter county, I believe, with one of the Smiths; and he has another man's wife with him. § 8 w.

STRAYED, or ſtolen from off the Commons of this city, about the firſt of laſt month, a large bay horſe, with a black mane and tail, 12 years old, near 15 hands high, ſhod all round, the near knee bigger than the other, and the off leg, near the lower joint, has been cut by hoppling him with a rope. Whoever will bring him to me, the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, paid by

‡ JOHN SNOWDEN, Tanner.

ON Monday, the 16th of June, at the Old School-Houſe, in Vidal's Alley, was opened a GRAMMAR SCHOOL, kept in the old Aſſembly Room, up Stairs, where is taught the Engliſh, Latin and Greek Languages. In the lower School is continued to be taught Writing, Arithmetic, Menſuration, Surveying, Navigation, Merchants Accounts, &c. For Terms apply to WILLIAM THORNE, Maſter of ſaid School.

Bermuda, or Sommers Iſlands, February 1, 1766.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſloop called the Peggy and Nancy, James Duncan, maſter, was ſtranded near the iſland of Mayaguana, on or about the 21ſt of December laſt, on her paſſage from Hiſpaniola, bound to Philadelphia, loaded with ſugar and melaſſes. Any of the owners, ſhippers, or inſurers, that can lay any juſt claim to a part of the ſaid ſloop's cargoe, that may have been ſaved, and imported to Bermuda, from the ſaid ſtranded ſloop or wreck, may ſend their claim, duly atteſted, to the Cuſtom-houſe at Bermuda, within a twelve month and a day. James Duncan maſter, John Lavioiz, and Jonathan Cochran, belonging to the ſaid ſloop, were ſaved on the ſaid iſland of Mayaguana, and carried to Türks iſland. For further particulars, the concerned are deſired to enquire of ALEXANDER LUNAN, Merchant in Philadelphia.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A Good two ſtory brick houſe, ſituate in Almond-ſtreet, Southwark, near Mr. Thomſon's ſhip-yard, containing in front 20 feet 3 inches, and in depth 26 feet; the lot 67 feet deep, on a low ground-rent of Three Piſtoles per annum, which may be bought off; likewiſe a good frame houſe, and a lot of 100 feet front, and 180 feet deep, bounded on a 50 feet ſtreet, a little below Captain Hardy's, on Paſſyunk road, ſubject to a ground-rent of 7 l. 10 s. per annum currency; the above houſe in good order, and a tenant in it. Alſo ſundry other lots in Southwark and Kenſington, all which will be ſold very reaſonable, as I purpoſe ſhortly to leave the province. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe all or any the above premiſes, may know the terms, by applying to me at the ſign of the Hand-ſaw, next door to Mr. David Thomſon's. Tbctf. PETER BROADS.

STRAYED or ſtolen from the ſubſcriber, living at the Head of Elk river, in Cecil county, Maryland, the 17th of laſt May, a dark bay gelding, 6 years old, paces and hand-gallops and trots a little, his mane newly trimmed when he went away, and likewiſe ſome hair out of the under ſide of his mane; he is about 14 hands high, is ſomething meally mouthed, and has a ſhort ſwitch tail; he is ſhort backed, and very chunky and ſtraight limbed; when he paces goes pretty wide behind, and is lively carriaged; he has no brand nor ear-mark, only a white ſpot on the off ſide of his back, occaſioned by the ſaddle; he had no ſhoes on; if ſtolen, likely he may be taken to ſome ſmith's ſhop to be ſhod. Whoever takes up the above mentioned gelding, and brings him to the widow Hollingſworth's tavern, at the Head of Elk river, or ſecures him, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM WILSON. ¶

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July 10, 1766. NUMB. 1959.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

STATE *of the* PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL, *abſtracted from the Accounts adjuſted by the* MANAGERS *(and exhibited to the* CONTRIBUTORS, *at their annual Meeting, the Fifth Day of the Sixth Month* (May) 1766) *being a Summary of the Expences and Payments for the Year, ending at that Time.*

BALANCE remaining in Hand at the Settlement of laſt Year's Accounts, - - £ 96 17 11½

RECEIPTS *this Year*, viz.

Intereſt-money from ſundry of the Contributors, due on their reſpective Notes,	£	85	0	1
Ditto for Money lent on Mortgage, &c.		421	9	0
Annuities, - - - -		123	16	3
			630	5 4
Contributions and Benefactions from private Perſons, - -		709	12	4
Legacies, - - - -		380	8	4
			1090	0 8
For the Board of Pay Patients (Part of which was due laſt Year, but not then received) -			459	5 9
From the Charity boxes in the Hall, and of ſeveral Magiſtrates, and others, - - -			52	5 0½
The Fines of a Jury, - - - - -			1	5 0
For Calf-ſkins ſold, - - -			1	12 6
From ſundry Perſons, viewing the Anatomical Paintings and Caſts, - - - - -			13	15 0
From four Students, for their Privilege of attending the Phyſicians in the Courſe of their viſiting and adminiſtring to the Patients, *Six Piſtoles* each, - - - - -			32	8 0
From ſundry Perſons, the principal Sums of their Bonds and Mortgages paid in,	£	646 11	8½	
Borrowed to diſcharge ſome immediate Demands, - -		300 0	0	
			946	11 8½
Sundry of the Contributors Notes, paid in this Year, - - - - -			101	10 0
		£	3425	16 11½
Received for the principal Sum of an Annuity or a Rent Charge, iſſuing out of a Houſe and Lot in Tenure of Thomas Lake, ſold him, being redeemable per the Deeds, - -			99	18 0
			3525	14 11½
Ballance due to George Weed, Steward, - -	£	4 9 10		
And to the Treaſurer, Hugh Roberts,		528 3 7		
			532	13 5
		£	4058	8 4½

PAYMENTS, *viz.*

Lent on Intereſt, per Mortgages and Bonds in the Hands of the Treaſurer, - - - -		£	1457	4 0
Repaid the Sum borrowed per Contra, -			300	0 0
Notes taken from ſundry Contributors, for their reſpective Subſcriptions this Year, -			50	0 0
Sundry Diſburſements on the Building, - - -	£	12 18 6½		
Furniture, additional Number of Beds, Bedding, &c. - -		121 2 9		
			134	1 3½
COMMON EXPENCES, *viz.*				
Houſe-keeping, including Butchers Meat, Flour, Butter, Cheeſe, Rice, Sugar, Melaſſes, Candles, Soap, &c. - -		1006 15	7½	
Fire-Wood, - - -		217 13	10	
Wages to the Apothecary and Steward, the Matron, Nurſes and Servants,		267 3	8½	
Hay for the Cows, and carting, with the Coſt of one Cow, - -		60 13	6	
			1552	6 8
APOTHECARY'S SHOP, *viz.*				
Drugs and Medicines imported from London, - - - -		337 0	0	
Ditto purchaſed here, - -		91 9	0	
		428 9	0	
Deduct for a Parcel of the above ſold,		39 6	8	
			389	2 4
EXTRA EXPENCES.				
Attorney's Fees on Recovery of Chriſtopher Brown's Legacy, in Maryland,		27 0	0	
Printers Account for Printing, from the Year 1751 to this Time,		81 18	6	
A Fire Engine, - - -		20 0	0	
A Smith's Bill, for ſundry Articles, from 1763 to this Time, -		6 5	7	
			135	4 1
		£	4017	18 4½
Remains to be applied towards founding a Medical Library, by the mutual Agreement of the Phyſicians, and Managers, the Sum of *Forty Pounds Ten Shillings*, received from one Student laſt Year, and four this Year, for their Privilege of attending the Phyſicians in their Viſits, and adminiſtring to the Patients; and what may hereafter be received from others, to be applied to the ſame Purpoſe, - - -			40	10 0
		£	4058	8 4½

N. B. There remains in the Hands of the Treaſurer the Reſidue of the Money accounted for laſt Year (after Payment for the Lot of Ground purchaſed of William Darvell) which the Contributors gave particular Directions for the appropriating, £ 205 2 6

And he has this Year received a further Sum, alſo appropriated, ariſing from the Intereſt of the Money depoſited by the City Commiſſioners in the Hands of the Managers (the Principal of which is repaid them) - - 260 8 6

And *Forty Pounds Ten Shillings*, appropriated towards founding a Medical Library, - - - - 40 10 0

£ 506 1 0

LIST *of new* CONTRIBUTIONS, *from May* 6, 1765, *to May* 5, 1766.

William Allen, Eſq; Money, &c. left in his Hands, ſome Years ſince, by a Perſon who never called for it; and he depoſites the ſame with the Treaſurer, to be repaid when legally demanded by the Owners or Heirs, - - -	£	29	14 0
Captain Richard Budden, - - - -		10	0 0
Elias Bland, of London, a Fire Engine, Anno 1763, before omitted, - - -		20	0 0
William Dickinſon, late of this City Merchant, now of Yorkſhire, G. B. - - -		12	10 0
Dr. John Fothergill, of London, an additional Benefaction, £ 150 *Sterling*, - - -		250	0 0
Andrew Henry Groth, now of Hamburgh, -		20	0 0
Iſaac Jones, Eſq; additional, - - -		20	10 0
John Jekyll, - - - - -		10	0 0
Chriſtopher Ludwick, - - -		10	0 0
Archibald M'Call, - - -		20	0 0
Dr. John Morgan, - - - -		10	0 0
Thomas Ringold, Eſq; of Maryland, - -		27	0 0
Amos Strettell, being his neat Share of Commiſſions, as one of the Commiſſioners for the Indian Trade, - - - -		173	11 4
John George Snyder. - - -		10	0 0
John Teſt, - - - - -		10	0 0
George Taylor, Eſq; of Northampton County, -		20	0 0
A Perſon unknown, by Dr. Redman, - -		16	7 0
Ditto, by Alexander Lunan, - - -		10	0 0
Joſeph Watkins, a third Time, - - -		10	0 0
James White, - - - - -		10	0 0
Lewis Weiſs, - - - - -		10	0 0
	£	709	12 4

LEGACIES received this Year, viz.

Hannah Allen, jun. of this City, - -	£	10	0 0
Chriſtopher Brown, late of Queen Ann's, in Maryland, in Part received, - - -		155	8 4
George Benzell, of Germantown, - -		30	0 0
Colonel Henry Bouquet, - - -		40	0 0
Joſeph Marſhall, - - - -		50	0 0
Mary Standley, - - - -		25	0 0
Chriſtopher Saunderſon, - - -		10	0 0
Dr. Chriſtopher Witt, of Germantown, - -		60	0 0
	£	1090	0 8

CAPITAL STOCK of the PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL, Fourth of Fifth Month, 1766.

Bonds and promiſſary Notes, due from ſundry Contributors, for their reſpective Subſcriptions,	£	1845 13 4		
Subſcriptions for which Notes are not yet taken, or obtained, -		74 0 0		
			£ 1919	13 4
Mortgages and Bonds for Money lent on Intereſt, amounting to - - - -			7475	19 0
REAL ESTATE, per Deeds in the Hands of the Treaſurer, viz.				
A Lot of Ground in the Northern Liberties, on Germantown Road,	£	24 0 0		
Four Annuities, amounting to £ 16 1 4 per Annum, iſſuing out of a Tenement and Lot in Darby, and 3 Tenements and Lots in Philadelphia, valued at		300 0 0		
Four Annuities, of 32 Spaniſh Piſtoles per Ann. iſſuing out of a Houſe and Lot in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia, and of 3 Houſes and Lots in Southwark, valued at		778 2 0		
			1102	2 0
Anatomical Paintings and Caſts, &c. - -			350	0 0
		£	10,847	14 4

Beſides the Lot on which the Hoſpital is erected, with the Improvements.

From an exact LIST of the Names and Caſes of the Patients, it appears there have been 454 poor diſeaſed Perſons admitted into this Hoſpital within the Year, ending the Fourth of the Fifth Month, May, 1766, of whom 58 were Lunatics, or other unhappy Objects, deprived of right Reaſon.

And there have been diſcharged cured, - -	262
Relieved, - - - - - -	14
Incurable, - - - - -	6
Diſcharged at their own Requeſt, - - -	6
Eſcaped, - - - - -	8
Diſcharged on Application of their Friends, - -	3
Died, - - - - - -	42
	341
Remain in the Houſe, - - -	113
Total, - - - - -	454

And divers have had Medicines and Viſits of the Phyſicians as Out-patients, whoſe Caſes were not proper or neceſſary to admit them into the Houſe.

THE Condition of human Nature is ſuch, as renders us utterly unable to live ſingle and independent; but, on the contrary, we ſtand in abſolute Need of mutual Aſſiſtance and Support. Other Animals while young are hardy, ſenſible, and vigorous, ſoon helpful to themſelves, knowing how to ſhun Danger, and ſeek after their Good: But Man in Infancy is of all others the moſt helpleſs and infirm, and without a long continued and moſt tender Care, could never be raiſed; and when come to full Growth, his Wants are ſo many, and his ſingle Ability to provide for them, ſo ſmall, that he could never live with any tolerable Convenience out of a ſocial and confederate State: He would find it very difficult to provide himſelf with Food and Suſtenance, or with Habitations of Defence againſt the Inclemency of the Seaſons; and his Make is ſo tender, weak, and defenceleſs, that he would ſoon become a Prey to other Animals of ſuperior Strength and Fierceneſs. Our Union is our main Support, and the Species could no otherwiſe increaſe or ſubſiſt, than in ſocial Intercourſe and Company.

"And as mutual Help and Succour is ſo neceſſary to our preſent State and Condition, it is therefore requiſite there ſhould be ſomething in our inward Frame, correſponding to our outward Circumſtances; ſomething in the Temper and Diſpoſition, inclining Men to grant this Help and Aſſiſtance to each other, which all do ſo much ſtand in Need of.

"As Society is the natural State of Man, he is in ſome Sort united with thoſe of his Kind, and to be conſidered as a Part of the whole Community; and therefore his Affections ſhould not be confined within himſelf, or lead him only towards his own private Good, but there muſt alſo be ſomething in his Nature prompting him to do Good to others.

"This is moſt effectually anſwered by that Principle of Sympathy and Compaſſion, ſo viſibly implanted in the Heart of Man, whereby when no oppoſite Paſſions do interfere, he feels the ſame Affections of Grief and Joy wherewith he perceives others to be touched: He naturally rejoices to ſee them pleaſed and happy; and it gives him Grief and Anguiſh, to view their Miſery and Pain; whereby the Good of others becomes an immediate Good to ourſelves, as their Miſery is a real Evil; which muſt of Neceſſity move us to uſe our Endeavours to procure the one, and to avert and remove the other, as much as any other Good or Evil whatſoever of the private or ſelfiſh Kind.

"It is moſt evident, that as Man was made for Society, out of which he could not long ſubſiſt, he has interwoven in his Conſtitution thoſe Diſpoſitions which do lead him to promote the public Welfare, and the Intereſt of Society, as much as thoſe that move him to take Care of his own Life, Health, and private Good.

"This ſympathetic Senſe or Feeling has been thought ſo eſſential a Part of human Nature, that it has been always called by the Name of Humanity; and every Action that betrays a Want or Abſence of this Senſe, is accounted barbarous and inhuman. The Diſpoſition itſelf is called Good-nature, and the Affections ariſing therefrom are natural Affections, and whoever can be inſenſible to the Good or Evil of his Fellow Creatures, eſpecially he who can behold their Miſery unmoved, is looked upon as unnatural and depraved, and to be as much deficient in his inward Make, as if by ſome Diſeaſe he had loſt the Uſe of his outward Senſes, or could not feel the natural Appetites of Hunger and Thirſt.

"Our own Happineſs being thus bound up in that of others, we ſhall conſequently deſire their Welfare, as a Thing that is to us directly and immediately good; which is the Foundation of thoſe general Affections of Kindneſs and Benevolence, Charity and Good-will, that we naturally bear to all Mankind, or at leaſt to that ſmall Part of them with whom we have to do, or who fall within the Compaſs of our Notice and Acquaintance.

"This Sympathy will not ſuffer us to confine our Views to a narrow Self-intereſt, but will give full Scope and Exerciſe to the ſocial Paſſions; it will teach us not to love ourſelves only, but our Neighbours as ourſelves, and to take all Opportunities to promote their Happineſs, becauſe our own does in ſome Meaſure depend upon it.

"This Benevolence is accompanied with a general Love to the whole Species. There is a Beauty in the human Form, ſuperior to any thing elſe in the whole Creation, which makes us pleaſed and delighted with the Appearance of our Fellow Creatures, eſpecially when we behold them in happy Circumſtances, bleſſed with Health, and Eaſe, and Contentment; but the pleaſing Affections never put us into Motion; for the happy do not want our Aſſiſtance, which is the Reaſon that the Joy we receive from the Proſperity of others is leſs obſerved; but the Compaſſion excited in our Breaſts, by the View of another's Calamity, is ſufficiently viſible, and moves us moſt powerfully to help and relieve him.

"The Wretched and Miſerable do, before all others, claim our Notice and Regard; and the firſt, as well as the moſt pleaſing Office of Charity, is to ſuccour the Diſtreſſed, to comfort the Afflicted, and to ſupply the Wants of the Indigent, and, in one Word, ſo far as we are able, to alleviate the Sorrows of all who are oppreſſed with Trouble and Misfortune of any Kind.

"Though in the Exerciſe of Kindneſs we may ſuffer ſome Loſs and Inconvenience, though we may ſacrifice Part of our own Eaſe, forego ſome inferior Satisfaction, and abate ſomething in Point of Intereſt and Fortune, yet Compaſſion will over-rule all theſe Conſiderations, and will lead us to ſeek out the Neceſſitous and Friendleſs, the moſt Dejected, Deſtitute, and Forlorn, who have not Aſſurance to be importunate, and excepting a grateful Acknowledgment, are utterly unable to make any Return.

"Charity will ſingle out theſe preferable to all others, as the moſt proper Objects of her Favour, becauſe they are in the greateſt Want of it; and when we relieve from Miſery, and at the ſame time beſtow real Happineſs, this is the greateſt Good we can poſſibly do to another, and will conſequently yield the higheſt Delight.

"Every benevolent and generous Spirit, who ſincerely delights in the Good of others, will not fail to improve all Opportunities to promote the poſitive Happineſs of all who come within his Influence. There are none ſo completely proſperous, ſo perfectly free from all Trouble and Diſturbance, as to ſtand in no Need of the good Offices of their Fellow Creatures; but there are numberleſs Occaſions wherein, without being injurious to ourſelves, we may do another a Pleaſure, and contribute greatly to his Satisfaction.

"Such an One will moſt chearfully contribute whatever the Law requires of him for the Relief of ſuch particular Perſons as

[*For the Remainder, turn to the Fourth Page.*]

By the Packet, arrived at New-York from Falmouth, we have the following Advices, viz.

MADRID, April 17.

ON the 6th inſtant the populace roſe at Sarragoſſe, and fell upon the houſe of the Intendant, and thoſe of three or four private perſons; but the Clergy, the Nobleſſe, and the Burghers, were not concerned in this riot, which was ſtopped by puniſhing the ringleaders, eight of whom were hanged, ſome publickly whipped, and others ſent to the galleys. All other parts of the kingdom are perfectly obedient and quiet.

Paris, April 28. *It is reported here, that a ſecond, and not leſs dangerous, inſurrection than the former, has happened at Madrid.*

May 5. *By a private letter from the Eaſt-Indies, dated the 3d of September 1765, we have the following particulars. Baron Law de Lauriſton, Commiſſary for the King, and Commandant-General of the French ſettlements in the Indies, has concluded a private convention with Lord Clive, Commander of the Engliſh troops, by which it is agreed that there may be in the Fort of Chandernagor five French officers, ſome European ſoldiers, and 100 Seapoys; and much the ſame regulations are ſtipulated for Patna, Caſſimbazard, and other forts.*

LONDON.

May 1. It is ſaid that his Grace the Duke of Marlborough will ſoon ſet out for Copenhagen, to congratulate, in his Majeſty's name, the King of Denmark, on his acceſſion to the throne; and likewiſe to ſettle the treaty of marriage between the King of Denmark and the Princeſs Caroline Matilda.

On Monday the port of London was ſhut againſt the importation of foreign oats.

Accounts are ſaid to be received, that the French having erected obeliſks and croſſes on different parts of the African coaſt, which the Commanders of our men of war on that ſtation, conſidering as tokens of poſſeſſion, have removed them, as was laſt year done at Turks-Iſland.

They write from Gibraltar, that the Dey of Algiers had ordered the cuſtomary honours to be paid to the Venetian flag in the Mediterranean, in conſequence of ſome preſents which had juſt been received from the Republic.

Letters from Madrid ſay, that the Sieur O Reiley had ſo much incurred the diſpleaſure of the populace, by his precipitately giving orders for his guards to fire (when the late riot began there) that it was dangerous for him to appear abroad.

May 3. An ingenious gentleman, lately arrived in London, from Georgia, has brought over from that province a ſample of ſalop and ſago, equal, if not ſuperior in goodneſs and quality, to that imported from Turkey.---The encouragement of the above commodity will be a great ſaving to the nation; and we are aſſured that the uſe of ſalop will be introduced into his Majeſty's royal navy, being extremely nutritious, and an excellent anti-ſcorbutic.

We hear that when Sir Andrew Mitchell, envoy extraordinary to the court of Berlin, took leave of the Queen, her Majeſty delivered to him the Portraits of their Royal Highneſſes the Prince of Wales and the Biſhop of Oſnabrug, highly finiſhed, in enamel, and richly ſet with diamonds; which Portraits are intended as a preſent to the Reigning Duke of Mecklenburgh Strelitz, and to be delivered into his Serene Highneſs's own hands by this Miniſter.

They write from Paris, that the famous Sieur Law was juſt arrived there from the Eaſt-Indies, where he had concluded ſome advantageous treaties for the French India Company.

To the Right Hon. Henry Seymour Conway, *Eſq; one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, &c. &c. &c.*

London, April 28, 1766.

Right Hon. Sir,

"We have received the honour of your Excellency's meſſage of the 22d inſtant, accompanied with a copy of a convention for the final ſettlement of the Canada Bills, and have laid the ſame before a general meeting of the proprietors and others intereſted in the trade and proſperity of Canada. They, Sir, are happy at having found in your zeal for the dignity of this nation, the means of liquidating their claims, and of concluding with the court of France a convention for the final ſatisfaction of their demands, and have given us commiſſion, in their names, and on their behalf, moſt earneſtly to intreat your acceptance of their grateful acknowledgments.

"They are not ignorant, Sir, that your views have extended beyond the particular intereſts of the parties immediately concerned; yet, whether they conſider themſelves as Britons, or as men more particularly profiting by your generous and ſpirited interpoſition, they ſee great reaſon to be thankful for having been ſupported by a miniſter, in whoſe public affections, and in whoſe wiſdom and activity, both the national honour, and the intereſts of individuals, have been at once ſo well ſupported and ſecured.

"Under your countenance and protection, Sir, his Majeſty's new ſubjects of Canada have received real and effectual ſupport, and they will now feel thoſe ſentiments of gratitude and affection, which will be always the beſt ſecurity of their fidelity and obedience.

"Theſe, Sir, are the ſentiments we have had in charge to convey to you, and we are deſirous of adding our general acknowledgments of gratitude for that readineſs of acceſs, and that engaging attention, which you have been pleaſed to give to ſuch of our members, as on this occaſion have had the honour and pleaſure to attend you.

"We are, with ſentiments of reſpect and eſteem, Your Excellency's moſt obedient ſervants, &c.

William Neate, Robert Grant, Francis Rybot, Brook Watſon, Robert Allen, Daniel Vialars, Henry Guinard, Anthony Andre, Richard Boſquanet, Gregory Olive, Joſeph Maſſen, Iſidore Lynch, William Greenwood, Robert Hunter, Charles Crockatt."

It was yeſterday very confidently aſſerted, at the Weſt end of the Town, that the Duke of Grafton had reſigned, and was to be ſucceeded by the Duke of Richmond.

Several great changes are talked of; but the Right Hon. Mr. Conway, ſome people ſay, is to remain.

May 6. Letters juſt received from Paris, mention, that the Prince of Brunſwick was much pleaſed with his reception there, and propoſed continuing in that City ſome time before he ſet out for Italy.

According to ſome advices from Corſica, the malecontents have reſolved to fit out nine ſhips of war of the line, and fourteen frigates.

Yeſterday arrived a mail from New-York, brought by the Earl of Halifax, Capt. Boulderſon.

We are told that the Dutch have purchaſed upwards of 400,000l. property in the public funds, ſince the accounts of Lord Clive's ſucceſs in the Eaſt Indies have been received.

Some letters from Madrid mention, that the populace would not ſuffer any perſons of what rank ſoever to appear at Court in the French dreſs, which had occaſioned new commotions, wherein ſome grandees of the firſt rank had been groſly inſulted.

Letters from Leghorn ſay, it is conjectured there, that the grand coupe de main, reported to be meditating by General Paoli at Cape Corſe, was only to put the crown of Corſica on his own head.

May 8.

By the acceſſion of New Orleans to the Spaniards, the American colonies will reap a very material advantage, as the entire victualling of the garriſon will fall into the hands of the Engliſh.

We are told that orders were yeſterday ſent down to Portſmouth for the fleet, under Admiral Palliſer, to proceed immediately for their ſtation at Newfoundland.

General Keppel's regiment of foot, we hear, is to be ſtationed at Montreal in Canada.

Yeſterday it was ſtrongly reported, that a change would ſpeedily take place in a great department in the law.

It is ſaid that the new Spaniſh Miniſter at Madrid, has already given a proof of his œconomy, by reducing a number of officers, which the people had long complained of, as being a great burthen to the State.

This day the depoſite of 15 per cent. was made on the new ſubſcription of 900,000l.

May 10. Yeſterday there was a very full board of Trade.

The Hon. Houſe of Commons ſat three nights this week till eleven o'clock.

Colonel Carleton is appointed Lieut. Governor of Quebec, during General Murray's abſence.

Some letters from Spain, by yeſterday's French mail, adviſe, that a ſecond inſurrection had happened at Madrid, more dangerous than the firſt; and that the mob attempted to ſet the royal palace, and ſome of the beſt houſes on fire, but were prevented by the Jeſuits and other Prieſts, who placed themſelves on the tops of the houſes, and declared to the populace, that in caſe they put their deſigns in execution, they would throw themſelves into the flames.

Various reports are now circulated relating to an alteration, or removal, among the preſent Miniſtry, but the departments which are talked of to be filled by the reſpective changes are very variouſly ſpoken of; however, a ſhort ſpace of time will determine what the changes will be, or whether there will be any changes at all.

We hear, that agreeable to the plan ſome time ago laid down, that the following regiments on the Iriſh eſtabliſhment, viz. the 16th (Giſborne's) 18th (Seabright's) and the 26th (Scott's); and the 13th (Pulteney's) and the 14th (Bertie's) on the Engliſh eſtabliſhment, are ſoon to embark for America, to relieve five regiments that have been on ſervice there during the whole laſt war; this regulation introduces an equality of ſervice among the troops, though it may be attended with ſome expence to government; this method will be an encouragement to all corps to undertake any ſervice they may be ſent upon with ſpirit and alacrity.

The Parliament will not riſe till after his Majeſty's birth day.

Private letters from Madrid mention, that divers priſoners in the Inquiſition of that city have been forcibly releaſed during the late inſurrections.

Letters from Ferrol adviſe, that the Spaniards are uſing uncommon diligence in the equipment of their marine, where fifteen ſail of the line, and ſeven frigates, were in extream good order, and ſeveral capital ſhips laid upon the ſtocks.

By letters received at Briſtol from Senegal there is advice, that the French at Cape Verd are actually eſtabliſhing a factory, having found out a convenient bay and ſafe anchorage to the ſouth-weſt of the promontory, where all kinds of building materials are occaſionally landed from Old France.

Several thouſand ſtands of muſkets, bayonets, &c. are getting ready to be put on board the outward-bound Eaſt-Indiamen for Bengal.

It is ſaid, that a noble Lord being lately applied to, to go over on an embaſſy to a certain German court, replied, he did not underſtand a Britiſh peer's being ſent on errands to people of leſs conſequence than himſelf, and therefore deſired an enquiry might be made after ſome other meſſenger.

May 15. Letters from Paris bring advice, that General Lally having been found guilty, was ſentenced to be degraded and beheaded; and had been executed accordingly.

It is reported there are at preſent no leſs than 150 private French trading veſſels on the coaſt of Africa.

Arrived at Briſtol, the Minerva, Clark, from New-York.

General Paoli, chief of the Corſicans, has wrote a genteel letter to Mr. Wilkes, inviting him to Corſica, and offering him a regiment, merely from his regard to the friends of Liberty.

We are credibly informed, that the eſtabliſhing a free port, or ports, in America, will take place before the expiration of the preſent ſeſſions.

They write from Paris, that Mr. Le Breton, the King's Printer there, having acted in controvention to the orders for bringing in the laſt volumes of the Encyclopedia; he has been taken up, and committed to the Baſtile.

It is ſaid, an extraordinary meſſenger was diſpatched on Tueſday laſt, to the Earl of Rochford, at Madrid, with ſome freſh inſtructions relative to the payment of the Manilla ranſom.

GLOUCESTER, *May* 12.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in London, May 7.

"Mr. P--- is gone to Bath. He declared, before he ſet off, he had done with buſineſs, and would upon no account come into office; but expreſſed himſelf very happy upon the reconciliation which had lately taken place between him and his relations. Thoſe people who were connected with Mr. P--- and had formed ſanguine expectations of filling the firſt places in the A----n, if their leader had engaged, are now convinced, they have nothing left to hope for, but to be content with their preſent ſtations."

WILLIAMSBURG, June 20.

The Planter, Capt. Cawſey, is arrived in James River, from Briſtol, by whom we learn, that on the 27th of May, in Lat. 38 Degrees North, and Long. 62 Degrees Weſt, from London, he ſaw a Veſſel in great Diſtreſs, on which he brought his Ship to, and notwithſtanding the Sea ran very high and dangerous, he hoiſted out his Yaul, and ſent her on board. She proved to be the Brigantine Elizabeth, bound from London to North-Carolina, Joſeph Beemen Commander, who told him, that from the 8th of April, they had been under the utmoſt Apprehenſions of ſinking, their Veſſel having ſprung a Leak; that they had been obliged to cut away the Main-Maſt by the Board; and that the Night before, tho' they had kept continually pumping, their Ballaſt was a Foot under Water; and they then found their Pump was ſo choaked, that it was of no further Uſe; that they had continued in this melancholy Situation till Day-light, at which Time the Crew betook themſelves to the Hatchway. When the Yaul went to them the Water was 9 Feet above their Ballaſt, and about two Hours after they ſaw her lying down on her Larboard Side; ſo that in all Probability every Soul muſt have periſhed, had he not providentially come to their Aſſiſtance, and took them on board his Veſſel.

BOSTON, June 26.

Monday laſt Mr. Eliab Studley of Hanover was killed by a Flaſh of Lightning.

The Hon. Houſe of Repreſentatives for this Province, laſt Week voted, that Letters of Thanks be ſent to the Right Hon. Mr. PITT, and all thoſe illuſtrious Perſonages who exerted themſelves in both Houſes of Parliament, in obtaining the Repeal of the Stamp Act.

Laſt Week one Magnus Mode, a Seafaring Perſon, was committed to Goal here, on Suſpicion of ſtealing ſundry Things of Value out of the Houſe of his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, the Night of the 26th of Auguſt laſt, a Lady's Gold Watch, being found upon him.

NEWPORT *(Rhode-Iſland)* June 30.

We hear that Martin Howard, jun. Eſq; late of this Town, now in London, is appointed Chief Juſtice of the Province of North-Carolina.

On the 9th of May died at Peckham, in England, Dr. Samuel Chandler, an eminent Diſſenting Miniſter.

NEW-YORK, July 3.

Extracts of Letters from Claverack (near Albany) June 27.

"For ſome Months paſt, a Mob has frequently aſſembled and ranged the Eaſtern Parts of the Manor of Renſelaer----Laſt Week they appeared at Mr. Livingſton's, with ſome Propoſals to him, but he being from home, they returned to Mr. Renſelaer's Son's, about two Miles from Claverack, where not finding him at home, they uſed ſome inſulting Words, and left a Meſſage for Mr. Renſelaer, that if he did not meet them next Day at their Rendezvous, they would come to him. On the 26th, the Sheriff of Albany, with 150 Men under his Command, went to diſperſe the Rioters, who were aſſembled, it is ſuppoſed, to the Number of 60, in a Houſe on the Manor. On the Sheriff's advancing to the Houſe they fired upon him, and ſhot off his Hat and Wig, but he eſcaped unhurt---Many Shot were exchanged on both Sides---Of the Militia one Man, Mr. Cornelius Tenbrook, of Claverack, was killed, and ſeven wounded;----of the Rioters, three were killed, (two of whom were of the Ringleaders) and many wounded, among whom was Capt. Noble (one of the chief Inſtigators) in the Back. The Rioters retreated to Capt. Noble's Houſe, where they formed a Breaſt-Work, and did not quit the Houſe till the Sheriff's Party left the Place. Col. Renſelaer's Horſe was killed under him. He afterwards went to Poughkeepſie to get Aſſiſtance from the Regulars to diſperſe the whole; but the Regulars were gone to Pendergaſt's Houſe, on Philips's Patent."

We hear from Fredricksburgh, in Dutcheſs County, that on Saturday laſt, as a Party of the Regulars ſtationed there, under the Command of Major Brown, were croſſing a Bridge, they were met by about 30 of the Rioters, who were going to join Pendergaſt, their Chief's Party----a Skirmiſh enſued, wherein two of the Regulars were wounded, and it is ſuppoſed a much greater Number of the Rioters, who generally diſmounted, and fled to the Corn Fields and Buſhes, leaving ſome of their Horſes and Guns, which were taken, and one Priſoner; ſeveral more were taken that Night----The next Evening they ſent a Flag of Truce with 50 Followers, who were all lodged in the Meeting-Houſe, and the next Day ſeveral more Parties came in. Pendergaſt's Wife was gone to perſuade her Huſband to accept of the Governor's Mercy, as were many more Wives of the Rioters. We hear of no Lives loſt.---It was reported that 300 of the Rioters, lodged at Quaker-Hill, intended to attack the Regulars on the 30th ult. but the Report is uncertain.

CHARLESTOWN, in South-Carolina.

June 16. The price of Indian corn, rough rice, peaſe, &c. continue to be exorbitant, owing to the great ſcarcity of, and demand for, thoſe Articles.

Burlington, in New-Jerſey, July 3, 1766.

A HORRID Murder was laſt Week committed near Moore's Town, in the County of Burlington, on the Bodies of two well-known Indian Women of that Neighbourhood, ſuppoſed, from ſtrong Circumſtances, to have been perpetrated by two Men travelling to New-York. One of the Perſons is apprehended, and confeſſes he was preſent at the Murder, and gives the following Deſcription of his Companion; That he is a Scotchman, about 18 or 20 Years of Age, wears his own Hair, light coloured, has no Beard, but a white Down on his Chin; one Leg ſore, and thereby is lame, a Pair of whitiſh Stockings, one of which was ſtained with the Blood of the Indians, a whitiſh ſhort Coat or Jacket, old Leather Breeches, old Shoes, too large for him, of Calf-ſkin, with the Grain out, and remarkable high Quarters. He ſays that his Name is James M'Kinſey, and that he was a Servant to a Scotch Officer, killed at Pittſburgh, and that he was travelling to New-York to his Maſter's Widow. And as ſome of the Inhabitants have ſeen the Perſon now confined in Company with ſuch a Man, and they travelled very ſlow, it is to be hoped that the Perſon above deſcribed may be apprehended, and for the doing of which the Government will make ſuitable Satisfaction. The Inhabitants of this and the neighbouring Provinces are requeſted to uſe their utmoſt Endeavours to apprehend a Perſon ſuſpected of having committed a Murder, attended with many Marks of Cruelty and Barbarity.

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.

Extract of a Letter from London, May 10, 1766.

"*The incloſed are the Reſolutions agreed to laſt Night by the Houſe of Commons, and a Bill ordered in accordingly, which will doubtleſs be the greateſt Acquiſition to the Trade and Navigation of theſe Kingdoms, that has ever been obtained ſince the Act of Navigation; and at the ſame time, we hope will effectually cement the Affections of the Coloniſts to their Mother Country.*

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That the Duties impoſed by any Act, or Acts of Parliament, upon Melaſſes and Syrups, of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any foreign American Colony or Plantation, imported into any Britiſh Colony or Plantation in America, do ceaſe and determine.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That a Duty of One Penny, Sterling Money, per Gallon, be laid upon all Melaſſes and Syrups, which ſhall be imported into any ſuch Britiſh Colony or Plantation.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That the Duties impoſed upon Sugars, in the Britiſh Colonies and Plantations in America, by an Act made in the 25th Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, for Encouragement of the Greenland and Eaſtland Trades, and better ſecuring the Plantation Trade, do ceaſe and determine.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That the Duty impoſed in the Britiſh Colonies and Plantations in America, by an Act made in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty, for granting certain Duties in the ſaid Colonies and Plantations, and for other Purpoſes, upon wrought Silks, Bengalls and Stuffs, mixed with Silk or Herba, of the Manufacture of Perſia, China, or Eaſt-India, imported from Great-Britain, do ceaſe and determine.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That the Duty impoſed in the ſaid Colonies and Plantations by the ſaid Act, made in the Fourth Year of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, upon Calicoes painted, dyed, printed or ſtained in Perſia, China, or Eaſt-India, imported from Great-Britain, do ceaſe and determine.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That the Duties impoſed in the Britiſh Colonies and Plantations in America, by the ſaid Act, made in the Fourth Year of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, upon foreign Linen Cloth, called Cambrick, and upon French Lawns, imported from Great-Britain, do ceaſe and determine.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That a Duty be laid upon all ſuch foreign Linen Cloth, called Cambrick, and upon French Lawns, which ſhall be exported from this Kingdom to the ſaid Colonies and Plantations.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That the Duties impoſed by the ſaid Act, made in the Fourth Year of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, upon Coffee and Pimento, of the Growth and Produce of any Britiſh Colony or Plantation in America, which ſhould be ſhipped to be carried out from thence, do ceaſe and determine.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That a Duty of Seven Shillings, Sterling Money, per Hundred Weight, Avoirdupoiſe, be laid upon all ſuch Coffee, which ſhall be imported into any ſuch Colony or Plantation, except only ſuch Coffee as ſhall, upon the Landing thereof, be immediately depoſited and ſecured in Warehouſes, in order to be re-exported, under proper Reſtrictions.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That a Duty of One Halfpenny, Sterling Money, per Pound Weight, Avoirdupoiſe, be laid upon all ſuch Pimento which ſhall be imported into any ſuch Colony or Plantation, except only ſuch Pimento as ſhall, upon the Landing thereof, be immediately depoſited and ſecured in Warehouſes, in order to be re-exported, under proper Reſtrictions.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That no Duties be paid upon ſuch foreign Sugars, Coffee or Indico, as ſhall be imported into any Britiſh Colony or Plantation on the Continent of America, and, upon the Landing thereof, be immediately depoſited and ſecured in Warehouſes, in order to be re-exported, under proper Reſtrictions.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That foreign Cotton, Wool, and Indico, be permitted to be imported by Britiſh Ships, navigated according to Law, into any Britiſh Iſland, in that Part of America commonly called the Weſt-Indies, free from the Payment of any Duty or other Impoſition whatſoever.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That the Produce of ſuch of the ſaid Duties, to be raiſed in the ſaid Colonies and Plantations, be paid into the Receipt of His Majeſty's Exchequer, and there reſerved to be, from time to time, diſpoſed of by Parliament, towards defraying the neceſſary Expences of defending, protecting and ſecuring the ſaid Colonies and Plantations.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That it will be for the Advantage of the Trade, Navigation and Manufactures of this Kingdom, to eſtabliſh one or more Port or Ports, in His Majeſty's Dominions in America, for the more free Importation and Exportation

of certain Goods and Merchandizes, under proper Regulations and Reſtrictions.

"*On Monday, it is expected, a Motion will be made to bring in a Bill for a Paper Currency, which, when printed, it is propoſed to be ſent to your reſpective Governors, for the Opinion of your Aſſemblies, againſt next Seſſion of Parliament.*"

We hear that RICHARD BURKE, *Eſq; Secretary to Lord Rockingham, a young Gentleman of Ireland, with the moſt ſhining Talents that have appeared for a long Time, and a moſt ſanguine Friend for the Intereſt of America, exerted himſelf nobly in bringing about the above Reſolves.*

Extract of another Letter from London, May 10, 1766.

"As for our Affairs abroad, they are on a pretty good Footing; for tho' it is natural to expect that our antient Enemies, the French, will always endeavour to avail themſelves of our Diviſions, when Opportunity offers, they are by no Means in a Condition to break with us at preſent; great Talents, both Civil and Military, are ſcarce with them, and their public Revenue is much embarraſſed. Add to this, that there is much internal Diſturbance among them, and a Spirit of Liberty burſting out in ſeveral of the Provinces, to the great Annoyance of the Crown, as you may ſee by what little Intelligence of that Kind reaches us; but by far the greateſt Part of it is ſuppreſſed by the Authority of their Government over the Preſs. Neither have we any thing to apprehend from the Family Compact, once ſo formidable in our Eſtimation.----The Spaniards, you ſee, fully ſenſible of their having been long the Dupes of French Councils, and yet ſore with the Senſe of what they lately ſuffered, by being ſo unſeaſonably lugged into the War againſt us, have at length (a very uncommon Incident in that Country) plucked up a Spirit, and obliged their King to diſcard his obnoxious Miniſter, who, preſuming on the Strength of his Maſter's Favour, had dared to introduce ſome fooliſh Alterations in their Dreſs, of which they are very tenacious.----Things being thus circumſtanced on the Continent, the Peace of Europe is not likely to be ſoon diſturbed."

By late Letters from Fort Pitt, we have the very agreeable Intelligence, that Colonel CROGHAN laſt Month, held a Treaty there with the Shawaneſe, Delawares, &c. and happily renewed and confirmed the Chain of Friendſhip with them.

Captain Adderly, from Providence, on the 27th ult. in Lat. 30: 30, Long. 76: 34, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Marſhall, belonging to New-York, bound to Amſterdam, from the Bay of Honduras, out 31 Days, all well.

Captain Parker, from Boſton, on the Firſt Inſtant, off the Eaſt End of Long-Iſland, ſpoke a ſmall Schooner, bound to Boſton from North-Carolina.

Captain Adams, from Barbados, on the 28th of laſt Month, in Lat. 30: 28, Long. 69: 24, ſpoke Captain Seaton, from this Port for Providence, out 20 Days, and his Water being almoſt gone, he ſpared him a Caſk.

Captain Alliſon, from Antigua, on the 30th of laſt Month, in Lat. 31, Long. 69, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Steel, from the Iſle of May for Virginia, out 33 Days; and on the Firſt Inſtant, in Lat. 32: 30, Long. 70: 30, ſpoke Captain Price, in a Sloop, from this Place for St. Auguſtine, out 8 Days; all well in both Veſſels.

By a Gentleman who came Paſſenger in Captain Alliſon, we have Advice, that Admiral Pye was arrived there to relieve Admiral Tyrrel, who had ſailed for England, in Company with his Majeſty's Ship Leoſtaff, and the Tamar Sloop. That Captain Miller, belonging here, arrived at Antigua about the 8th of June, from Cork, and had ſailed for St. Chriſtophers; and that a Sloop for Virginia, a Schooner for Maryland, and a Brig, Captain Dow, from Cape-Fear, were arrived at Antigua.

Captain Church, from Halifax, on the 25th ult. in Lat. 39: 51, Long. 68: 39, ſpoke a Sloop, from New-York for Newfoundland, out four Days. On the Firſt Inſtant, in Lat. 40: 15, Long. 70: 53, ſpoke a Schooner, from Rhode-Iſland for Jamaica, and on the 3d, he ſpoke Captain Fiſher, in a Brig from Jamaica for Boſton, off the Eaſt End of Long-Iſland, who had been 28 Days out.

Captain Nicholſon, alſo from Halifax, on the 3d Inſtant, about 40 Leagues to the Eaſtward of our Capes, ſpoke a Sloop from Guadaloupe for Rhode-Iſland.

By Captain Crawford, from the Grenades, we are informed that Captain Durfee is arrived there from Rhode-Iſland.

Monday laſt the Brig St. George, Captain Grove, arrived here from Newberry, after a Paſſage of 24 Days.----On the 27th ult. off of Martha's Vineyard, he ſpoke a Brig, Captain Stone, from this Habour for Old York, in New-England, out five Days; and on the 5th Inſtant, about eight Leagues from Cape-May, he ſpoke a Sloop from Rhode-Iſland, bound to Maryland.

The Captains Torbert, and Hood, are arrived at St. Chriſtophers from this Port.

A Sloop, Captain Thompſon, from Newberry; and a Brig, Captain Jervis, from Boſton, are arrived at Surrinam.

The Captains Weſt, and Ridge, belonging to this Place, are arrived in the Bay of Honduras.

On Sunday laſt the Right Hon. Lord HOPE arrived in this City, from Maryland.

In the Night of the 2d Inſtant, the Store of Captain Hugh Bowes, between Plumſted's and Sims's Wharfs, was broke open, and robbed of a great Quantity of Pewter, Cordage, and ſundry Ship-Chandlery Goods.

And laſt Thurſday Night, the Shop of Mrs. Blanch Roberts, at the Corner of Front and Market-ſtreets, was broke open, and robbed of Linens, &c. to a conſiderable Value.

Since our laſt we have had very great Falls of Rain, by which we hear, great Quantities of Hay are deſtroyed; and that all the Bridges and Mill Dams, on the Amboy Road, and all the Mill Dams on Reckleſs's Stream, and many others in different Parts, are carried away; but we have not heard of much Damage done to the Grain.

Arrived at Barbados. Captains Septimus and Thomas Noel, and Captain Kell, from Maryland---Captain Collyer, from Salem---Captain Engliſh, from Boſton---And Captain Hunter, from Philadelphia.

QUESTIONS propoſed to the PUBLIC.

MUST not many worthy Families have been reduced, by the late dreadful Calamity at Bridgetown, in Barbados, from happy Circumſtances to extreme Indigence and Miſery?

Is not a very affecting Opportunity thereby preſented to the Benevolent, of alleviating the Diſtreſſes of thoſe afflicted People?

Would it not be highly honourable for this Province, on the preſent Occaſion, to ſet an Example to the other Colonies of *unſolicited* Generoſity?

In the Courſe of human Affairs, may not this Province or City want the Aſſiſtance which it is now in her Power to afford?

Did not Great-Britain acquire unrivall'd Glory, by the generous, immediate, unaſked Relief, which ſhe ſent to Portugal, on the Deſtruction of Liſbon?

Will not our Benevolence, on this Occaſion, be particularly graceful and commendable, as the People of Barbados have of late, in a very important Affair, acted in a Manner diſagreeable to us on this Continent, and ſome of their Repreſentatives have uſed us ill?

Will not our aſſiſting them ſhew a noble Forgetfulneſs of their Offence, and prove that North-Americans ceaſe to reſent, when thoſe who offend them ceaſe to be happy? Does not ſuch Magnanimity become our Character?

Will it not afford great Delight to every true Lover of his Country, to have her Conduct, on this Occaſion, tranſmitted by Hiſtorians to the lateſt Ages, as in all Probability it would be, and remembered by Poſterity with all the Praiſes due to ſuch diſintereſted Virtue?

Is it not prudent, as well as generous, for all the Britiſh Colonies to conſider themſelves as Children of the ſame Parents, united not only by Blood, but alſo by Intereſt, and by all poſſible Means to keep up and cultivate a kind, affectionate, hearty and truly fraternal Correſpondence between them, and a tender Concern for the Welfare and Proſperity of each other?

Have not the People of this Province always diſtinguiſhed themſelves by their Humanity? Has not their Compaſſion been greatly excited by the Misfortune of the Barbadians?

Is any thing wanting to obtain a ſeaſonable Contribution from them, for their unhappy Fellow Subjects, but that ſome well-diſpoſed Perſons ſhould undertake to collect, and remit to Barbados, any Sums that might be given, in ſuch a Manner as would be moſt likely to anſwer the good Intentions of the Contributors?

CUSTOM-HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA, *Inward Entries.*

Ship Neptune, N. Murphy, from Dublin. Schooner Old Plantation. L. Pettit, and Schooner Little Hannah, W. Wallop, Virginia. Sloop Two Brothers, A. Adderly, N. Providence. Sloop Betſey, G. Baſcome, Turks-Iſland. Schooner Roſe, S. Snell, Nova-Scotia. Ship Eſther, R. Adams, Barbados. Schooner Leopard, T. Church, and Schooner Britannia, G. Nicholſon, Halifax. Snow Muggy, B. Alliſon, and Brig Tobago, J. Scott, Antigua. Sloop Three Friends, T. Parker, Boſton. Brig Polly, T. Flint, Tortola. Sloop Little Betſy, J. Shearman, Honduras. Sloop Endeavour, G. Ellis, New-York. Schooner Phœnix, N. Gardner, St. Kitts. Schooner Patty, S. Crawford, Grenades. Sloop Betſy, B. Newbern, Piſcataqua. Brig Hibernia, H. Richards, from Surrinam.

OUTWARDS: *Brig Elizabeth, F. Faries, for Tobago. Sloop Lloyd, T. Rodgers, Halifax. Ship New Hope, W. Waſdell, Maryland. Snow Rachel, J. Lopton, and Sloop Burk, a Burrows, Barbados. Brig Mary Ann, S. Young, St. Euſtatia. Sloop Three Friends, T. Parker, Boſton. Brig Tobago, J. Scott, Antigua. Sloop Endeavour, G. Ellis, for New-York.*

CLEARED. *Ship Joſeph, W. Butler, Schooner Ranger, D. Phipps, Ship New-London, G. Trimlett, Ship Unity, R. Bailey, and Sloop Dolphin, J. Blanchard, to Newfoundland. Schooner Newbern Packet, W. Allibone, North-Carolina. Ship Antrim, P. M'Vicker, Barbados. Brig Sally, J. Green, Surrinam. Ship King of Pruſſia, J. Shirley, and Ship Carolina, J. Friend, London. Schooner Georgetown Packet, C. Edgar, N. Providence. Sloop Diamond, J. Rotch, Quebec. Sloop Ready Money, J. Gibſon, Antigua. Brig Prince of Wales, T. Maſon, S. Carolina. Schooner Charming Mary, J. Roſs, Madeira. Sloop Greyhound, J. Adams, Tortola. Schooner Dove, J. Whitmarſh, Boſton. Schooner Saſquehannah, A. Mills, Maryland. Sloop Riſing Sun, J. Cook, Rh. Iſland. Schooner Old Plantation, L. Pettit, Virginia. Snow Stirling, J. Wilſon, to Falmouth.*

JOHN GIBSON,

Has removed his Store from Cheſtnut-ſtreet, into Market-ſtreet, in the Houſe lately occupied by Mr. John Wikoff; oppoſite Mr. Owen Jones's, and between the Indian Queen Tavern and Mr. Charles Thomſon; where he will be glad to ſee his Cuſtomers, and has for Sale,

A General Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, imported in the laſt Veſſels from England. Carolina Candles, Pitch and Tar. Teneriffe Wine in Pipes, Hogſheads, and Quarter Caſks, at a very low Price.

To be LETT on a Leaſe for Years,

A Lot of 8 Acres of Upland, bounded by the River Delaware on one Side, and Gunner's Creek on another, ſhort of a Quarter of a Mile from Kenſington, which may, at a ſmall Expence, be brought into mowable Graſs. Any Butcher inclining to take it to feed horned Cattle upon it, will have a Preference. Tbc 6 W.

RICHARD and PETER FOOTMAN,

Have removed from Second-ſtreet into Water-ſtreet, near the Old Ferry-houſe, the ſtore lately occupied by Mr. Benjamin Swett, and have for ſale,

A General aſſortment of dry goods, lately imported from London, Briſtol, and Liverpool, among which are, woollen and cotton cards, green and bohea tea, French bur and Cologn millſtones, &c. &c. Old Madeira wine, fit for immediate uſe in pipes, hogſheads, and quarter caſks. Tbc.

SERVANTS,

Juſt imported in the Ship Hugh and James, Captain M'Carthy, from Ireland, and to be ſold by

CONYNGHAM and NESBITT,

A PARCEL of likely young Men, Women, and Boys, among which are, Shoemakers, Taylors, Linen, Worſted and Stocking Weavers, Blackſmiths, Nailors, Carpenters, Joyners, Butchers, Gardiners, Diſtillers, Millers, a Mill-wright, Soap-boiler, Sugar-boiler, Sadler, Brazier, Upholſterer, Tobacco-ſpinner, Snuff-maker, Currier, Barber, Cooper, Bricklayer, Breeches-maker, and a Printer.

Likewiſe to be ſold by ſaid CONYNGHAM and NESBITT, very good Cork and Dublin Beef. ¶

ALL Perſons indebted to the late Partnerſhip of Meſſieurs M'Leane and Stuart, are once more requeſted to make immediate Payment to the Subſcriber, fully impowered to receive the ſame, or to Doctor Robert Harris of Philadelphia. Such as neglect this Notice (the laſt of the Kind) may expect, without further Indulgence, to be treated with as the Law directs.

¶ ISAAC SMITH.

Philadelphia, July 8, 1766.

WHEREAS a certain William Ingleſbuck, of the city aforeſaid, labourer, was lately committed to the goal of this city, on ſuſpicion of having feloniouſly taken ſome ſilver table ſpoons, which were cut into ſmall pieces, and offered to ſale, and on ſome of which the maker's name or mark may be ſeen; theſe may therefore ſerve to inform ſuch perſons as have lately loſt any ſilver ſpoons, that the pieces aforeſaid may be ſeen at the houſe JACOB DUCHE, in Front-ſtreet, near the corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet. ¶

DRUGS, CHEMICAL and GALENICAL MEDICINES of all Sorts, a very large Aſſortment, genuine and freſh, imported in the Elizabeth, Captain Golley, and to be ſold Wholeſale and Retail, at a very ſmall Advance, by

ROBERT HARRIS,

The Sign of the Golden Peſtle, in Second-ſtreet; where alſo may be had,

PAINTS of different Sorts, and the greateſt Variety of Patent Medicines from their original Ware-houſes, ſuch as James's Fever Powders, Turlington's Balſam, Godfrey's Cordial, Anderſon's, Hooper's and Lockyer's Pills, Britiſh Oil, Bateman's Drops, Boſtock's, Daffy's, and Squire's Elixir, Hill's Balſam of Honey, Tinctures of Valerian and Golden Rod, &c. &c. &c.

*** All Perſons indebted to ſaid Harris above the uſual Time of Credit, or to the late Partnerſhip of Smith and Harris, are once more requeſted to make ſpeedy Payment, and thereby prevent any additional Trouble, which will unavoidably accrue from a Neglect of this Notification. †

Philadelphia July 8, 1766.

TO be ſold, by public vendue, on the 6th day of Auguſt next, at the houſe of Matthias Slough, in the borough of Lancaſter, a plantation, or tract of land, containing about 73 Acres, where William Johnſon now lives, ſituate in Drummore townſhip, Lancaſter county, on the croſs-roads leading from Philadelphia to Nelſon's ferry, on Saſquehannah, and from Nottingham to Lancaſter, being about 14 miles from the latter; there are on the premiſes a log dwelling-houſe, ſtore, and other buildings, where a public houſe and ſtore has been for ſome time kept, and is a very ſuitable place for that purpoſe, known by the name of the Two Tuns; about 20 acres of which are cleared, and a conveniency for making ſome watered meadow thereon; the reſt wood-land. One third part of the purchaſe money being paid down, ſix months credit will be given for the remainder, paying intereſt, and giving good ſecurity, if required. Attendance will be given, and a title made, by ROBERT LEWIS, BENJAMIN KENDALL, RICHARD PARKER, and STEPHEN COLLINS, Aſſignees of William Johnſon.

JUST arrived from England, and will COVER, not exceeding a limited number of mares, at Four Guineas leap and trial, and a Dollar to the groom, the famous ARABIAN horſe, known in England to moſt ſportſmen by the name of the BELL-SIZE ARABIAN. He is a fine unfading ſilver-grey, with a grand and beautiful black mane, is near 16 hands high, with ſtrength in proportion, and was allowed by the beſt judges to be the handſomeſt and moſt complete horſe in England. His ſire was the famous Moreſah, out of the moſt beloved mare of Sultan Muly Abdalah, which diſtinguiſhes him to be of the fineſt Arabic Race. He was purchaſed of Sidy Abdalazeem, by Jonathan Welch, Eſq; the Engliſh Conſul at Tetuan; and when three years old, at Gibraltar Five Hundred Guineas was offered for him by Admiral Saunders; and ſince in England One Thouſand Guineas has been refuſed for him more than once. Nor would this ſum at any time have parted him from his Owner, had not the death of the latter ſeparated them for ever. In Heber's liſt we ſee him advertiſed to cover at Ten Guineas a mare; but his preſent owner, being a lover of America, purchaſed him, and ſent him over with a public-ſpirited intention of improving the breed amongſt us; and whoever is acquainted with zoology, muſt naturally applaud his intention, as it is well known that the breed of animals will degenerate from their Originals in ſize, ſtrength and figure, unleſs the ſtrain is croſſed by males from foreign countries.

The introducing of foreign horſes into England, has, for Inſtance, made their breed as mixed as that of its inhabitants, and has given them, ſays an author of great obſervation and judgment, "ſuch a variety that no ſingle country can boaſt of; while moſt other kingdoms produce only one kind, theirs, by a judicious mixture of the ſeveral ſpecies, and by their ſuperior ſkill in management, triumph over the reſt of Europe in having brought each quality of this noble animal to the greateſt perfection." We mention this, to remove a very idle and abſurd notion, which ſome people have, that breeding from fine ſtallions will ſpoil the breed of this country horſes. Little do they ſeem to know that the hunting-horſe in England, the fine road-horſe, the pack-horſe, the carriage-horſe, and even the heavy draught-horſe, and the horſe for war, are all produced by a happy combination of different blood. Arabia is allowed to be the ſeat of the pureſt and moſt generous breed, and when the ſtrain is croſſed by horſes from this country with thoſe who have ſtrength, but whoſe blood is not ſo pure, they produce thoſe who are equal to every fatigue, which the union of ſpirits and vigour can give.

Thoſe who are acquainted with Pedigree, will tell you that Childers's amazing ſpeed, and who literally, as the annals of Newmarket ſay, outſtripped the Wind, was derived from Darley's Arabian, his noble ſire. The ſpeed of this horſe (Childers) ſay theſe annals, has more than once been exerted equal to 82 feet and a half in a ſecond, or near a mile in a minute, while the ſame horſe has run the round courſe at Newmarket, which is very little leſs than four miles, in ſix minutes and forty ſeconds. Thus much have we thought proper to mention reſpecting the ſpeed and bottom of an immediate deſcendant from an Arabian, nor need we ſay more to convince the knowing ſportſmen that the BELL SIZE is the propereſt horſe in America to get race-horſes: We ſhall therefore quit the pleaſing theme, and acquaint our readers, that the ſaid Arabian is kept at Mr. Jacob Hiltzheimer's ſtable, under the care of John Wing, where may be ſeen ample teſtimonies of what is inſerted in the body of this advertiſement, from Sidy Abdalazeem, and a certificate reſpecting the ſame from William Earl of Home, Lieutenant-General of his Majeſty's forces, and then Governor of Gibraltar.

Philadelphia, July 8, 1766.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of John Beahrings, late of this city, taylor, deceaſed, are deſired to make payment immediately, or they may depend, that without further notice, the obligations and book debts will be put into the hands of an attorney, at the end of three weeks from this date; and thoſe that have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts proved, leſt they ſhould loſe the benefit of the firſt diſtribution, which will be made as ſoon as any caſh can be collected worth dividing. JOHN CLAYTON, CHARLES WILLING, Adminiſtrators.

RUN away, on Monday Morning, the 7th Inſtant, an Iriſh Servant Man, named Patrick Thompſon, five Feet eight Inches high, thin Viſage, pale Complexion, has an Impediment in his Speech, occaſioned by a Hair Lip, which renders him difficult to be underſtood, ſlender in Body, addicted to intoxicating Liquors, is remarkable for magnifying Matters, can read, write a tolerable Hand, and underſtands Figures: Had on when he went away an old Beaver Hat, a black cut Wig, new Olive-coloured Thickſet Coat, lined with blue Shalloon, with Mohair Buttons, the Colour of the Coat, uncertain whether he took a Waiſtcoat, Cheak Shirt, new Buckſkin Breeches, much ſullied, white Cotton Stockings, and old Shoes, with Braſs Buckles; profeſſes the Buſineſs of a Tallow-Chandler. Whoever ſecures ſaid Servant, ſo as his Maſter, the Subſcriber, may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

† ARCHIBALD GARDNER, *of Philadelphia.*

RUN away, about three weeks ago, from the New-ferry, a Negroe man, named London; he is about 23 years old, about 5 feet 4 inches high, Barbados born; had on, when he went away, an ozenbrigs ſhirt and trowſers, no ſhoes nor ſtockings; has a large noſe, is apt to ſmile when ſpoken to, and to hire himſelf as a free man. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Four Dollars reward, from SAMUEL AUSTIN.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to hire him. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

ON Saturday night, the 5th inſt. July, was broke open, the ſkin-ſhop of Frederick Shinkel, and the following things ſtolen out of it, viz. 22 large pattern deer ſkins, Indian dreſſed, marked about the neck F, 6 ditto ſmaller, marked W, and 33 ditto oil dreſſed. Whoever ſecures the aboveſaid ſkins, ſo that they may be had again, or the thief or thieves brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by

† FREDERICK SHINKEL.

STrayed or ſtolen from the paſture of Robert Porter, in Whitpain townſhip, Philadelphia county, the 2d Thurſday in June laſt, a dark ſorrel mare, about 13 hands high, with ſome white in her face, branded on the near buttock with the under part of a ſtirrup iron, almoſt oval, with a ſtrait mark down the center, and on the off ſhoulder with the letter O, neither of the brands very diſtinct. She is a ſmart ſpry creature, trots and hand gallops, her feet much broken, no ſhoes on. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and brings her to Abraham Wench, tavern-keeper on Skippack road, or William Malſbey, tavern-keeper in Fourth-ſtreet, near the College, Philadelphia, ſhall receive Two Dollars reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ JOHN CAHOON.

RUN away, the 4th inſt. July, from Charles Vallaly, of Pottſgrove, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Patrick Norris, aged about 30 years, 5 feet 5 inches high, ſhort black hair, down look; had on, when he went away, a red jacket, without ſleeves, check ſhirt, ozenbrigs trowſers, a pair of nankeen breeches under the trowſers, blue yarn ſtockings, a pair of pumps, with ſteel buckles, and old felt hat; he is well acquainted in the country, and has been in Philadelphia and Lancaſter goals, and whipt in each of theſe places for ſome miſdemeanor; he talks the Dutch language, is very fond of ſpirituous liquor, and very talkative. Whoever apprehends the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Five Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ CHARLES VALLALY.

are not able to provide for themselves; and Charity will also lead him to find many Opportunities of doing Acts of Kindness and Compassion, which no Law can require of him, and to which nothing but a kind and generous Disposition can oblige him.

"And from hence he may justly be called morally good or virtuous, who has this Sympathy or social Passion, this Kindness and Benevolence, in due Strength and Vigour, always governed and directed by right Reason, so as to be every way suited to the general Good; as on the contrary, he is termed morally bad or vicious, in whom this social Disposition, this Tenderness and Humanity, is either wholly absent, or else weak and deficient, or through wrong Judgment so partial and misguided, as not to be conducing to the general Good."

New-York, June 14, 1766.

Messieurs DAVID HALL, *and* WILLIAM SELLERS,

GENTLEMEN,

HAVING lately seen an Advertisement in your Paper, published by Mr. Daniel Offley, which not only aims at discrediting certain Anchors intended for Sale at Philadelphia, but is also designed to discourage the Purchasing of them; I think a Regard to myself obliges me, in the same public Manner, to remove the Objections and Difficulties which he has thrown out, with more Art, perhaps, than Truth on his Side.---I have no Design to injure him, or any other Man, in his Business; but to maintain the deserved Credit of my Anchors against his Misrepresentation, is a Piece of Justice I owe to the Public, as well as myself, and for that Purpose beg you will insert this in your next Paper.

The Author of the Advertisement remarks, "that if he should "get the Shanks of his Anchors made out of the Loop, directly "from the Pig-Iron, at the Forges, he could afford to sell his as "low as those he is complaining of, and to as much Advantage "to himself as he now does; but, in Justice to himself and the "Public, he finds it necessary to make them of refined malleable "Iron, drawn into small Bars, besides the Care he always takes "to have them well made;"---and then says, "he will engage "that one of his Anchors of 400 Weight, will hold as much as "one of the others of 500 Weight."

To this I would beg Leave to answer, that although such of my Anchors as are of about 200 Weight, are made from the Loop, yet I am persuaded, that every judicious Person must determine them to be as sound and strong, as if wrought from two, three or four small Bars, welded together.---The Iron thus prepared in the Loop, may be as well wrought into a large Bar, or Shank, or Fluke of an Anchor, and is in itself as pure and sound, as that wrought into small Bars, and, for an Anchor of so small a Size, is equally sound and substantial.---This is a Fact, evident from not less than ten Years Experience and Trial, in which Time there has occurred no Instance of any Complaint.-----Grist-Mill Spindles, Gudgeons, and Saw-Mill Cranks, I have constantly made in this Way; and though the Cranks in particular require as large, or larger Iron, than Anchors of 200 Weight, yet I have never had any Complaint as to them.----With respect to those Anchors that I make of a larger Weight, they are manufactured from a Number of Bars, wrought into suitable Sizes, in Proportion to that of the Anchor; and I believe any Man, except Mr. Offley, must be at a Loss to conceive, why the Anchors made out of Bars thus prepared from Pigs of one uniform Quality, should not be as good as those made out of the common Run of Bar-Iron, which may be, and often are, manufactured not from the same Pigs, but from a Mixture of different Kinds, some of which must be of an inferior Quality.---------I hope it will be no Impeachment of Mr. Offley's Integrity, to suppose that it is possible other People may be led by Principles of Justice, as well as he; and that they may be as far removed from any Design to impose upon, or defraud the Public. And should I assert, as he does, that I take Care to have my Anchors *well made, out of fine malleable Iron*, the World, perhaps, would have as much Reason to believe my Assertion as his---but not resting upon any Assertion of my own, I rather chuse to appeal to Experience, as a more satisfactory Voucher to the Public.----Certain it is, that my Iron has gained a high Reputation for its Purity, both in England and America; and the Maker of my Anchors, if I am rightly informed, was much earlier in the Business than Mr. Offley, and may reasonably be supposed to understand it as well.---My Works (besides supplying New-York) has furnished Anchors for Sale, at Boston, New-Hampshire, Bermuda, South-Carolina, Virginia, and Jamaica, from whence I have had no Complaint, but, on the contrary, have, as well as many others, heard much of their Goodness and superior Excellency.---Several Parcels have also, for some Years past, been shipped to Philadelphia, and sold by Mr. Richard Smith, and Messieurs Pusey and Gibbons, Merchants there; and whether the Credit of those Anchors, as far as they have been concerned with them, has, or has not been well supported, those Gentlemen can, and upon Enquiry, I doubt not, will declare: Besides, as the Maker of my Anchors is concerned in Interest with me, and we have, ever since our setting up the Business, made a Practice of warranting them for a Year and a Day, and in case they fail, then to supply others; it cannot easily be imagined that he would adopt and pursue a Method of manufacturing them, that would expose himself to the continual Danger of having them returned on his Hands; neither will Mr. Offley's Resolution not to mend any of those Anchors, if they should fail, I hope, be any Discouragement to the Sale of them, especially when I give this public Assurance, that in case of any such Accident, my Friend in Philadelphia has Orders, upon the Return of the Anchor so failing, or such Part of it as remains, to supply another in its Stead: So that Mr. Offley may not only be saved the Trouble of mending them, but deprived of the Pleasure of *refusing* it.

WILLIAM HAWXHURST.

N. B. At *Sterling*, about Forty Miles from New-York, in Addition to the Works before carried on, there are lately constructed, one Finery, one Chafery, and one great Hammer, for making Anchor Iron; also two more Fires for making of Anchors, which go by Water;---a great Ease to the Anchor Smith, as he is not obliged to tread the Bellows; where great Encouragement will be given to Finers, Chafers, Anchor Smiths, and Sledge-men, by Abel Noble at Sterling, or William Hawxhurst, in New-York.

TO be sold, by public vendue, on the 28th of this instant July, at two o'clock in the afternoon, three well-finished wooden dwelling-houses, with cellars under the whole, and a lot, situated on the north side of Shippen-street, between Front and Second-streets, in Southwark. The lot is 15 feet front by 61. The whole subject to a yearly ground-rent of Three Pounds Twelve Shillings, Pennsylvania currency, to be bought off at any time within 7 years; likewise part of a pump at the door for ever; and two servant girls times, one has three years to serve, the other five. Any person or persons inclining to purchase the same before the sale, may apply to the subscriber, on the premises, WILLIAM DICKINSON.

N. B. To be sold at the same time, several kinds of houshold goods, such as a clock and case, desk, drawers, tables, and other things. ¶

I ONCE more do hereby give notice, that the beginning of October last came to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Whitemarsh township, Philadelphia county, a brownish coloured old cow, with a white face, and white spots about her. The owner is desired to prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. SAMUEL JONES. ¶

Just published, and sold at STEUART's printing-office, in Second-street,

DE JURE REGNI: Or, THE DUE RIGHT OF GOVERNMENT, by way of a dialogue betwixt GEORGE BUCHANAN, and THOMAS MAITLAND; by the said GEORGE BUCHANAN, and translated out of the original Latin into English, by PHILALETHES.

To which is added, the first blast of the trumpet, with the contents of the second blast, by JOHN KNOX. To omit the many and high recommendations and encomiums that might be adduced, both from learned authors and historians, in favour of said George Buchanan, &c. take the following from Crookshanks's history of the state and sufferings of the church of Scotland, under the reign of King CHARLES the Second, and his brother the Duke of YORK, vol. 1st, page 166, printed at Edinburgh, 1751. He calls it,-----"That known and celebrated treatise of the great ornament of Scotland, Mr. GEORGE BUCHANAN, De Jure Regni apud Scotos." Which, he says, contains "Solid arguments against tyranny and arbitrary government." Said book is likewise to be sold by William Woodhouse, at the bible and crown, the corner of Front and Chestnut-streets, book-binder and stationer; and also by John Deane, book-binder and stationer, at Swift's head, in Front-street, between Chestnut and Walnut-streets. Said William Woodhouse, and John Deane, carry on the book-binding business in all its branches.

N. B. Said book will be sold by the above-named persons by wholesale and retail. §

June 23, 1766.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from Bush River Furnace, last night, a native Irish servant man, named Tobias Tuite, 24 years of age, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, fair complexion, light brown hair, and lately wore a wig over it, has a scar on his head, from a cut by a cutlas, and the scull has been trepanned, with a piece of plate; professes to be a carpenter, joiner, and cart wheelwright; has the brogue on his tongue, and is a drunken talkative fellow: Had on, and took with him, an old black coat, full trimmed, a fustian waistcoat, old patched velvet breeches, a pair of new white ribbed worsted stockings, an ozenbrigs shirt, and check ditto, old shoes and hat. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may get him again, shall have the above reward, paid by me * JAMES WEBSTER.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, about the middle of May last, a little horse, of a blackish colour, with a bell, shod before, and branded on the near buttock with a D, and the near fore foot white, with some white on his face. The owner is desired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him awy. ¶ JAMES GILMORE.

CAME to the plantation of Samuel Jones, of Tredyffrin township, Chester county, the 12th day of June last, a redish bay mare, with a star in her forehead, and one hind foot white, no ear nor brand-mark, shod before, a trotter. The Owner is desired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. §

RUN away, on the 30th of last month, from Joseph Johnston, senior, living at Great Egg Harbour, a Negroe man, named Cato, about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, and about 22 or 23 years of age; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, blue broad-cloth coat, a light coloured laced jacket, check flannel trowsers, shoes, and stockings, the feet pretty much worn, and also had two coarse shirts. Whoever takes up and secures said Negroe, so that his master may have him again, shall have THREE POUNDS Reward, paid by

† JOSEPH JOHNSTON.

TO BE SOLD, ten miles from the city of Philadelphia, in the township of Lower Dublin, 6 acres, and 107 perches of land, about two miles from Oxford church, pleasantly situated upon a great road, that leads to the Baptist meeting, and down to the river Delaware, joining lands of Michael Hilton, and Isaac Child, suitable for a tradesman, or a gentleman's country seat, with about an acre of meadow, a log house, and some fruit trees, and about an acre of fine woodland. For terms of sale, apply to Patrick Tomins, in Market-street, Philadelphia, between Sixth and Seventh-streets, two doors above the sign of the three wise men of the East. §

Philadelphia, July 7, 1766.

I The subscriber, living in the Northern Liberties of the City of Philadelphia, find myself under the disagreeable necessity, on account of my wife Catherine's bad conduct, hereby to forewarn all persons from trusting her on my account, as I will pay no manner of Debts which she may contract after the Date hereof. JOHN WYLER. †

To be SOLD by the subscriber, living in Whitemarsh township, Philadelphia county,

TWO small tenements, adjoining each other, having about 12 acres of land belonging to each, with small orchards. Whoever inclines to purchase one or both, may apply to WILLIAM LAWRENCE, near Plymouth meeting-house. ‖

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Salisbury township, Lancaster county, on the 27th day of June last, a native Irish servant man, named Owen Comens, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, a thick set fellow, black hair, down look, swarthy complexion, very hard of hearing, talks with the brogue; had on an old wool hat, a striped woollen jacket, black and white stripes, without sleeves, with clear metal buttons, tow shirt and trowsers, new shoes, tied with thonge. It is supposed he took with him two pieces of linen cloth; the one check, 18 yards; the other striped, 13 yards, of a small stripe; both pieces being wove together, and cut apart. Whoever takes up said servant, and cloth, and secures them, so as the subscriber may have them again, shall have the above reward, or Twenty Shillings for each, and reasonable charges, paid by JAMES CLEMSON. †

TO BE SOLD,

A Negroe wench, about 23 years of age, can do any sort of work, but is fittest for country business, as she is a good spinner, has been used to out-door work; she has a male child, eight months old, which is to go with her or not, as it shall best suit the purchaser. Enquire of the subscriber, living in Pine-street, near the New-market. JOHN SAWER. ¶

WANTED to purchase,

A VESSEL that is ready to launch, or a Brigantine not exceeding two Years old, that will carry about 70 or 80 Tons of Cask Goods. Enquire of William Bradford, at the London Coffee-house, or at the New Printing-Office.

BY virtue of His Majesty's writ, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on Monday, the 28th day of July inst. at 10 o' clock in the forenoon, upon the premises, a valuable plantation, and tract of land, situated, lying and being in Donegall township, Lancaster county, containing 213 acres of patent land; also 127 acres of warranted land, whereon is a compleat grist-mill, with three pair of stones, fit for merchant or country business; a compleat saw-mill, all newly repaired, excellently situated on Connewaga creek, has very fine meadows, and more may be made; also horses, cows, sheep, swine, hay, grain, a waggon, cart, and sundry sorts of houshold goods, too tedious to mention; late the property of Martin Greider, and taken in execution by JOHN BARR, *Sheriff.*

ON Saturday, the 26th of April last, was put on board a Shallop that lay at Mr. Plumsted's Wharff, a Barrel of Pork, through Mistake of the Porter. Whoever has received the same, and will return it to the Subscriber, or will give Notice, so that it may be had again, shall be handsomely rewarded, by § ANDREW DOZ.

TO BE SOLD,

A Healthy strong Negroe Girl, about 14 Years of Age, who has had the Small-Pox, and is very fit for Country Service; the Duty on her is paid here. Enquire of the Printer hereof.

BY virtue of His Majesty's writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on Wednesday, the 23d of July inst. on the premises, three valuable plantations, and tracts of land, situated, lying and being in Lampeter township, Lancaster county, containing 500 acres, whereon are erected three dwelling-houses, barns, stables, out-houses, and a very fine tan-yard; the lands will be sold in three parcels, or together, as it will suit the purchaser; the vendue will begin at two o'clock in the afternoon.------Also on the 24th of July inst. at three o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold, at public vendue, upon the premises, a valuable plantation, and tract of land, situated, lying and being in Manheim township, Lancaster county, about three miles from Lancaster, containing about 200 acres, whereon is a dwelling-house, barn, fine meadows, and more may be made.----Likewise on Friday, the 25th of July inst. will be sold, by public vendue, on the premises, at two o'clock in the afternoon, a valuable plantation, and tract of land, situated, lying and being in Donegall township, containing 288 acres, whereon is a town called Maytown, with all the appurtenances thereto belonging.---Also another tract of land, adjoining William Mitchell and James Logan, containing 152 acres.----On Saturday, the 26th of July inst. will also be sold, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, upon the premises, a certain messuage, plantation, and tract of Land, in the above township, containing 150 acres, adjoining James Logan, James Mitchell, John Lowry, and Lazarus Lowry.----Likewise another tract of land, containing 150 acres, adjoining the above.---Also a house, and 22 acres of land, whereon is a tan-yard.---Likewise two houses and lots, in the above town. Late the property of Jacob Downer, and taken in execution by JOHN BARR, *Sheriff.*

For LIVERPOOL,

The SHIP

PHILLIS,

JAMES ROBINSON, Commander;

Has excellent Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail in ten Days from this Date, having great Part of her Cargoe ready to put on board. For Freight or Passage, apply to said Commander, at the London Coffee-house, or to MEASE and MILLER; who have for Sale, imported in the said Ship, English bottled Beer, and Cheese; also a few Coils of best English Cordage. July 3, 1766.

Philadelphia, June 26, 1766.

THE Gentlemen Sportsmen, and Lovers of the Turff, whether of Virginia, Maryland, New-York, the Jerseys, or any of the other Provinces, are hereby informed, that the Gentlemen of Philadelphia intend to raise a Purse of at least One Hundred Pistoles, to be run for in the ensuing October, provided they can be made acquainted by those who have running Horses, on or before the Twenty-fifth of July, that four good Race Horses will be entered for the said Purse. It has been judged proper to take this Method, to gain Intelligence of the Number of Horses that may offer to run, that the Publick may be encouraged to subscribe, and not disappointed of Diversion. Those Gentlemen therefore who will give Assurances of starting any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, for such a Purse, are desired to signify the same by Letter, directed to Hugh James, Esq; at the London Coffee-House, in Philadelphia, when in Return, all Letters, Post paid, on this Subject, will be punctually answered; and as soon as Intelligence is gained, to answer the Intent of this Publication, the Terms of the Race will be set forth in this Paper.

THIS is to give Notice, that there is now in the Custody of the Subscriber, in the Township of Aston, at the Sign of the Seven Stars, a roan Horse, supposed to be three Years old, has a switch Tail, no discernible Brand. The Owner is desired to come and prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away. ¶ ISRAEL TAYLOR.

At the SOAP FACTORY, in Pear-street, near St. Paul's Church, is made and sold,

FINE SPECK SOFT SOAP, and superfine CROWN DITTO, such as is made in London, which will go further than the Sort commonly called Hard, and the Linens washed with it has, by Experience, been found to last longer. The great Utility of this Soap, is so well known as to be used by most of the Woollen Manufacturers in England, in their various Branches, likewise by the Linen Factories.

As the Merchants in the Colonies propose a Manufacture of Cloths, this Soap will be of great Advantage in the Washing of Wool, and Fulling the Cloths, as it will make them feel softer, look finer, and have a nearer Resemblance of the English Manufacture.

The Consumers of either of these Sorts will find this further Advantage, the different Linens washed with it will take less rubbing, be finished with more Ease, and in less Time, which will give Pleasure to the Laborious, and Profit to their Employers; Ladies will find great Advantage in washing their Hands with this Soap.

For the Benefit of the Public, these Sorts of Soap may be had at the Warehouse, near Walnut-street Bridge, in any large or small Quantities, at the same Price Currency as it is sold in England for Sterling Money.

At the same Place is made and sold, fine CANDLES, which being made of neat clean Tallow, and fine Cotton, free from any Mixture or Adulteration, will burn longer, give a brighter Light, and better Smell, than those Stuff, called Candles, sold in the Market, or any of them which are mixed or made of Yarn, Tow, &c.

That the Poor may have the same Advantage as the Rich, a single Pound will be sold them, of any Size, for Nine-pence.

The Manager of the Works hopes for the Favour and Encouragement of the Public, as the Benefit they receive may merit it. Orders from the Country will be punctually complied with, by directing as above, by THOMAS SMITH, and COMPANY.

N. B. Ready Money for Butchers good Fat and Tallow. Tbc.

RUN away, in June last, from Cornelius Dailey, of Queen-Ann's County, Maryland, a Servant Man, named John Reid. He came from Cork, in the Ship Lion, and was bought of Murray and Taylor: Had on when he went away, a Country made Jacket, and Breeches of the same, two Ozenbrigs Shirts, no Shoes nor Stockings; was landed in Philadelphia by one Taylor from Motherkill, and supposed to go on board a Man of War; is a little pitted with the Small-pox, and has the Brogue on his Tongue; and if not on board a Man of War, it is thought he is in Pennsylvania, or the Jersies; and it is said there is such a Man in Burlington Goal.

Also Run away from Hugh Polk, a Convict English Servant Woman, named Sarah Rogers; she is a little Woman, has a fair Complexion, and says she is a Glover and Breeches Maker. Whoever takes up and secures said Servants, shall have FOUR POUNDS Reward for both, or FORTY SHILLINGS for each, paid by CORNELIUS DAILEY, and HUGH POLK. †

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

LUCCA, *April* 5.

WE learn from Corſica, that the Communities of that Iſle have preſented a Petition to General Paoli, requeſting of him the Abolition of ſome Taxes which he has lately eſtabliſhed; and that they had for Anſwer, that the ordinary Revenues of the Government were not ſufficient for withdrawing them entirely from under the Genoeſe Yoke, and that of courſe they ought to give a ſincere Teſtimony of their Fidelity to their Country, and of their Love for Liberty, by paying thoſe Taxes with Chearfulneſs and Generoſity.

The Citizens of Ajaccio, having had Advice that the Commiſſary of the Republick had condemned to Death two Inhabitants of that Place, who had defended themſelves vigorouſly againſt the Arches, but afterwards had been taken by the French Soldiers, have all riſen, and declared, that they are reſolved to ſave their Fellow Citizens, whatever it coſt them; notwithſtanding this, the Executioner is expected at Baſtia to put them to Death.

It is aſſured that General Paoli is preparing to go to Cape-Corſe, in the Province of Balagna, that he has ſent Orders to all his Forces to put themſelves under Arms, and to be ready to march upon an Enterprize, neceſſary to the Support and Defence of their Honour. It is added, that this Order has given the Alarm to the French Troops.

Naples, April 5. The eruption of Veſuvius has not ceaſed ſince the 27th laſt. The Lava at preſent extends itſelf to about two miles in length, being about thirty feet in its greateſt breadth, and nine at its utmoſt depth. It runs from the ſummit of the mountain, and maintains its courſe towards Portici. The volcano emits flames from time to time, and throws up burning ſtones, among which are ſome of an enormous ſize, which were launched forth more than 200 feet high. Theſe exploſions are always accompanied with violent convulſions, and a noiſe reſembling that of cannon, but are not continual, having had ſeveral intermiſſions ſince the firſt commencement of this horrible ſpectacle.

Hague, April 24. We learn from Copenhagen, that the King of Denmark has confirmed all the Engagements which the King his Father had contracted in Holland, relative to Money borrowed upon the Duties eſtabliſhed in that Kingdom.

Warſaw, April 12. The diſpute between our Court and that of Berlin, concerning the Tolls, is in a fair way of being adjuſted. And as to the Proteſtants, in whoſe favour the Courts of Peterſburgh and Berlin have interpoſed, we are aſſured that a plan is agreed upon for ſettling that affair to the general ſatisfaction of the Poliſh nation.

Vienna, April 9. The Count de Pachta, Preſident of the Chamber of Prague, has been ſent for hither, to receive the neceſſary orders relative to the journey which the King of Pruſſia propoſes to make this Summer by Prague to Carlſbad. The Empreſs-Queen has particularly enjoined him to take care, that his Pruſſian Majeſty may every where meet with a Royal reception, and be ſupplied with every thing he wants, during his ſtay in Bohemia.

Milan, April 12. It is at length determined that the Count de Firmian, Miniſter Plenipotentiary from Auſtrian Lombardy, ſhall make his public entry into this city the 25th inſtant; that on the 26th he ſhall demand the Princeſs Beatrice d'Eſte in marriage for the Archduke Ferdinand, and on the 27th this auguſt pair will be betrothed; on which occaſion great public rejoicings will be made here.

Stockholm, April 15. The houſhold of the Prince Royal, as it is to be after his marriage with the Princeſs of Denmark, is now ſettling, and the States are going to eſtabliſh a fund for the ſupport of it. In the letter they wrote to the King, relative to this agreeable alliance, after expreſſing their joy upon the occaſion, they ſay, that though the public exigencies of the States are very burthenſome, they have nevertheleſs unanimouſly reſolved to pay, as a marriage preſent, for three years ſucceſſively, the ſame contribution as was granted by way of free gift, on account of the funeral of the late King, and the coronation of his preſent Majeſty.

LONDON, May 3.

Tueſday laſt a cauſe was tried, by a ſpecial jury, in the court of King's Bench, Guildhall, wherein an under-writer was plaintiff, and a merchant of this city defendant, for recovery of 200l. paid by the plaintiff, for loſs on a policy of inſurance on a ſhip which was proved to be wilfully ſunk by the captain in 1765. It appearing upon the trial, that the merchant knew nothing of the captain's roguery, and that he had paid the inſurance to the perſon for whom it was made; the jury brought in a verdict for the defendant. Is is ſaid that other cauſes, to the value of near 30,000l. depended upon the iſſue of this.

Advices from Utrecht aſſure, that the Accounts publiſhed in that and other foreign Papers, concerning a pretended Augmentation of the Militia of Munſter, are entirely without Foundation.

The great Offers lately made by the City of Toledo, and other Parts of that Kingdom, to his Catholic Majeſty, are ſuppoſed to have been ſet on Foot by ſome Perſons of Weight there, in order to conſole their Monarch for the Chagrin he muſt have felt at the Inſurrections which happened in March laſt at Madrid.

The Citizens of Dublin are going to erect, in the new Square, oppoſite the Caſtle Gate, a fine Pillar, with a Statue at the Top of their Lord Lieutenant, the Earl of Northumberland. The Inſcription on the Baſe of the Pillar is to ſignify, that his Lordſhip was the firſt, and only Lieutenant, who refuſed the encreaſe of the ſcandalous Liſt of Penſioners upon that Eſtabliſhment.

Their Majeſties have for theſe two nights paſt lain at the Queen's Palace, on account of ſome private conferences which his Majeſty has had with ſome of the Miniſtry, and this afternoon, after breaking up of the levee, they returned to Richmond.

The States of Sweden have voted a free gift of upwards of a million ſterling to the Prince Royal, upon his marriage with the Princeſs of Denmark.

We hear Lord Clive hath ſent home ſome very valuable diamonds, which his Lady hath preſented to the Eaſt-India Directors.

May 5. The Hon. and truly great, General HOWARD, is appointed Governor of Minorca.

His Grace the Duke of Richmond, it is ſaid, left Paris, and came to England, on purpoſe to vote againſt the American Stamp Act.

May 6. Letters have been received in Holland from Batavia, dated the 20th of October laſt, which bring advice, that at Banda Neira, one of the Molucca Iſlands, belonging to the Dutch, yielding nutmegs and mace, in lat. 4 and a half ſouth, about 25 leagues from Amboyna, they had there in the night of the 20th of April 1765, an eruption of the volcano, which continued till the 4th of June, throwing out red hot ſtones, and other inflammable matter, without any intermiſſion, attended with a black ſtinking fog, which put the inhabitants into the greateſt conſternation, leſt the plague or earthquakes ſhould follow it.

It is ſaid the Eaſt-India Company have, within theſe few days, given orders for goods, &c. to the amount of 150,000 l. to be got ready to ſend with their fleet, which is now fitting out.

It is aſſured that the late reports of approaching changes in the adminiſtration are groundleſs.

We hear a conſiderable body of Laſcars are ordered to be taken into the ſervice of the Honourable Eaſt India Cmpany.

May 7. Advice is ſaid to be juſt received of ſome recent encroachments made by the French on the Banks of Newfoundland.

Several of the French merchantmen, on the Coaſt of Guinea, are ſaid to mount from 12 to 20 carriage guns.

Commiſſions have lately been received for buying up ſeveral ſwift ſailing ſhips of force, both at London and Amſterdam, for the ſervice of the Corſicans.

Advice has been received at Genoa, that a magnificent crown and regalia, with divers enſigns of royalty, fabricated in Holland, were ſome weeks ago privately landed on the iſland of Corſica.

They write from Cadiz, that the advice-boat which had juſt failed with extraordinary diſpatches for the Viceroy of Mexico, carried over a general amneſty and pardon, in his Majeſty's name, to all who ſhould, within a limited time, return to their allegiance.

It is this day reported, that no final anſwer has as yet been obtained from the Court of Madrid, in regard to the liquidation of the Manilla ranſom; their late troubles, both at home and abroad, having been pleaded as an excuſe to protract this affair to a later date.

It is ſaid that our differences with the French, on the coaſt of Africa, are in a fair way of being adjuſted, to the ſatisfaction of both Courts; his Excellency Count Guerchy having already had ſeveral conferences with the Miniſtry on this head.

One Brandon, formerly a Shipwright at Piſcataqua, in New-England, has lately been engaged in the ſervice of General Paoli, who has appointed him a Maſter Builder, and Surveyor of the Dock-yards, in the Iſland of Corſica.

They write from Leghorn, that the Corſicans had appointed a Conſul to embark for Algiers, to conclude a treaty of peace and friendſhip with the Dey and Regency.

May 8. We hear, that at a meeting appointed at York-houſe, by command of his Royal Highneſs the Duke, on Wedneſday laſt, a ſcheme for the preſervation, maintenance and education of the infants and orphans of ſoldiers, was read and approved; of which charity his Majeſty has declared himſelf patron. There were preſent their Royal Highneſſes the Dukes of York and Glouceſter, the Archbiſhops of Canterbury and York, Secretary at War, Paymaſter General, Duke of Argyle, Lord Tyrawley, General Pulteney, and Major General Harvey, Adjutant General.

It is ſaid his Serene Highneſs, the Hereditary Stadtholder, will viſit England this ſummer.

Letters from the Hague of the 30th ult. ſay, that the archives of the Territories belonging to his Serene Highneſs the Hereditary Prince Stadtholder, in Germany, which the Duke of Brunſwick had the care of, during the minority of that Prince, are brought to the Hague, to be depoſited there.

They write from Venice, that the Doge's eldeſt ſon is going to be married to the heireſs of the illuſtrious houſe of Grimani.

A letter from Bouda, dated May 7, 1765, confirms the account of the eruption of the volcano, in the Iſle of Neira, and adds, that ſeveral of the inhabitants were about retiring elſewhere, which obliged the Government to put a ſtop to their emigration by a placard; all the trees on the ſide of Negory are entirely burnt or thrown down; and the houſes are in continual danger of being ſet on fire, by the long duration of the eruptions, which continued at the time this letter came away.

May 9. It is computed that upwards of ten thouſand Britiſh ſubjects are actually at this time exiled from their country, on account of the act of Outlawry againſt Smugglers.

By a veſſel arrived at Gibraltar from Sallee, there is advice, that a French frigate had been diſcovered for ſome days employed in ſounding the coaſts and harbour of the iſland of Fedal, from which it was conjectured they had ſome deſign upon that place.

It is reported, that three Proteſtant Powers are at preſent ſtrongly inclined to favour the independency of the brave Corſicans.

And alſo, that ſome intereſting propoſitions, on the part of the Genoeſe, have been made our Court, relative to Corſica.

Yeſterday a poor man, almoſt naked, and half ſtarved, ſtole a two-penny loaf out of a Baker's baſket at Billingſgate, when another Baker, coming accidentally by, was very active in endeavouring to get him ducked, which the Fiſhwomen ſo much reſented, that they took the Baker to a houſe where the lobſters are boiled, and almoſt drowned him with the liquor; and in the interim the poor fellow made his eſcape.

May 10. A Letter from Straſburgh ſays, it is aſſured that the Marquis de Conflans, who is now upon the road for the North of Germany, has received orders from his court to go to Warſaw, and compliment the King of Poland, in the name of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, on his election and coronation.

There is at preſent as fine a proſpect of a plentiful corn harveſt as has been for many years paſt; and graſs is in ſuch forwardneſs, that round this metropolis they will begin to cut hay in a few days.

By Captain SCOTT, arrived at Boſton from London, we have the following Advices, viz.

LEGHORN, *April* 18.

LETTERS juſt received from the Levant bring the important News, that Prince Heracleus (whoſe Army is increaſed to upwards of 200,000 Men) has conquered Trebiſonde, and is in full March towards Conſtantinople, from whence the Grand Signior has retired to Adrianople with all his Court. We wait with the utmoſt Impatience for a Confirmation of this important News.

LONDON.

May 5. *The Eſtabliſhment of a Royal Newfoundland Company is ſaid to be now under Conſideration, on a Plan extremely advantageous, and without converting the Trade thereof into a Monopoly.*

May 6. *According to Letters from Leghorn, General Paſchal de Paoli has at preſent upwards of* 500 *foreign Officers in his Service, many of them Engineers.*

May 7. *They write from Paris of the 25th paſt, that after his Serene Highneſs the Hereditary Prince of Brunſwick was introduced to his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, under the Title of Count de Blackenburgh, he was entertained the Day after his Highneſs arrived by the Marſhal Soubize, in a moſt elegant Manner, where were preſent ſeveral Perſons of Diſtinction, and on the 22d the Marſhal d'Eſtrees entertained the ſaid Prince in a very grand Manner.*

May 8. *There is a Report, that the perpetual Government of Bengal will be ſettled in the Clive Family.*

An Attempt has been actually made to aſſaſſinate that brave Champion for Liberty General Paoli; but the Aſſaſſin (a Genoeſe Officer) was diſcovered, and cut in Pieces.

May 9. *The Duke of Grafton's Reſignation is now ſaid to be certain. The Earls of Hardwicke and Egmont are talked of to ſucceed him.*

Lately died, the Reverend Dr. JOHN LELAND, *ſo well known, and greatly eſteemed, for his learned Writings in Defence of the Chriſtian Religion, aged* 75.

May 10. *Some large Commiſſions in the Mercantile Way have, within theſe few Days, been received from Philadelphia, in Conſequence of their having received early Advice of the intended Repeal of the Stamp-Act.*

Letters from Riga mention, that 14 *large Tranſports were then loading with Timber, Iron, Cables and Cannon, for Carthagena in Spain.*

Letters from Paris ſay, that they have received ſeveral private Letters from Spain, importing that freſh Troubles were breaking out in different Parts of the Kingdom, on account of the Farms lately eſtabliſhed by his Catholick Majeſty.

May 13. *It is reported, that the two firſt Perſonages in this Kingdom, have lately made their Declaration, that they will never wear any thing but what is made in England; and have intimated their Deſire to the principal Lords and Ladies of the Court, that they would follow their Example.*

May 14. *Letters from Warſaw ſay, that the Prince Poniatowſki, Brother to his Poliſh Majeſty, will certainly be included in the firſt Promotion of Cardinals. According to theſe Letters, there are two Circumſtances which do not a little ſurprize the Poles; the one is, that the Count Branicki, Great General of the Crown, ſo long delays to come and pay Homage to the King; the other, that his Majeſty has not yet made choice of a Princeſs for a Partner in his Throne.*

A remarkable RECEIPT, lately given by a Captain of a Veſſel trading to Ireland.

"*Received from Mr. James Benſon, on board the Ship St. James, whereof I am Commander, one large, and one ſmall Caſe, containing a Statue, and an Inſcription for the ſame, of the Right Hon. William Pitt, Eſq; which I promiſe to deliver (the Danger of the Seas and Accidents excepted) unto Meſſrs. Lane, Benſon, and Vaughans, Freight free, as I eſteem the Honour of carrying the Statue of ſo great a Man, and ſo real a Friend to the Liberties, Manufactures, and Commerce of Great Britain, Ireland, and the Colonies, together with the Satisfaction that I feel in having this Opportunity of contributing my Mite to promote the laudable and patriotic Spirit of the worthy Corporation, and Merchants of the City of Cork, infinitely greater than any pecuniary Reward I could receive on this Occaſion! having ſigned two Receipts of the ſame Tenor and Date.* PAUL SURMAN."

London, May 3, 1766.

Sunday Night John Wilkes, Eſq; landed at Dover from France, and on Monday Night arrived in Town.

It is ſaid, that the Freedom of the City of Briſtol will ſhortly be preſented to the Right Hon. Mr. Secretary CONWAY, *as an Acknowledgment from the Merchants and principal Traders of that City, to the ſaid Gentleman, for his ſucceſsful Negotiations with the Court of France, in regard to the Canada Bills, &c.*

It is very poſitively aſſerted, that his Grace the Duke of Grafton has reſigned his Poſt of Secretary of State; that he did no Buſineſs all laſt Week, particularly, he did not ſee the foreign Ambaſſadors laſt Thurſday. It is affirmed, that he will be ſucceeded by the Earl of Winchelſea, Firſt Lord of the Admiralty; Lord Northington, Preſident of the Council; and Mr. Yorke, Lord Keeper. Theſe Changes, however, are not yet abſolutely ſettled.

May 16. Very conſiderable Sums of Money are ſaid to have been remitted here, within theſe few Days, from Spain, to be veſted in the Engliſh Funds.

By an exact Computation lately made by a Gentleman, well verſed in our American Trade, it appears, that the Profits accruing to Great-Britain from the Trade of the Britiſh Colonies, ſince the Concluſion of the late War, have been upwards of 2,000,000l. annually.

It is ſaid that a third Secretary's Office is ſoon to be eſtabliſhed, the Department of which will be for the Management of all Affairs relating to the Plantations.

It is ſaid that a Propoſal has been made to obtain a Pardon for Mr. Wilkes, with a View of his pleading it the firſt Day of next Term.

About four Tons of American hard Soap has lately been imported at Briſtol from Virginia, which is eſteemed nothing inferior to the beſt Caſtile.

We hear Colonel Roy, of the Artillery, is ſoon to embark for New-York, to make actual ſurvey of the fortifications along the Coaſt.

CHARLESTOWN, in South-Carolina, June 20.

The Legiſlature of Georgia hath prohibited the Exportation of clean and rough Rice, Wheat, Flour, Ship-Bread, Corn and Peaſe, till the Firſt Day of October next.

June 27. *From Penſacola in Weſt-Florida we learn, that the Differences which, for ſome Years paſt, ſubſiſted between the neighbouring Indian Nations of Creeks and Choctaws, have at laſt brought on an open Rupture; and Hoſtilities in their Manner are carried on with much Animoſity. And, at the ſame time, they both court the Britiſh Friendſhip.*

The Cherokee Indians, who expreſſed great Satisfaction on having the Boundary fixed between them and this Province, and being very impatient to have the Limits between them and the Provinces of North-Carolina and Virginia likewiſe aſcertained, applied, on that Head, to the Honourable John Stuart, Eſq; Superintendant of the Southern Diſtricts of North-America, on whoſe Repreſentations, we are informed, the Government of North-Carolina appears very willing and deſirous to have a Line run, to divide the Settlements of that Province from the Country reſerved by his Majeſty for the Hunting Ground of thoſe Indians.

A Sachem of the Tuſkaroras is arrived at Brunſwick, in North-Carolina, with Credentials from the Honourable Sir William Johnſon, Bart. Superintendant of the Northern Diſtrict of America. His Errand is to ſollicit his Countrymen, ſettled in North-Carolina, to go and join the Reſt of their Tribe incorporated with the Six Nations.

June 30. *Laſt Friday the honourable Commons Houſe of Aſſembly of this province, voted the ſum of One Thouſand Pounds towards eſtabliſhing a* SILK FILATURE *in this town, under the direction of the Rev. Mr. Gibert, and the inſpection of a number of gentlemen particularly named for that purpoſe.*

Mrs. Pinckney, at Belmont plantation, within four miles of this town, we hear, has made near fifty buſhels of cocoons this ſeaſon, which are eſteemed to be of the beſt kind.

From all the Weſt-India iſlands there is advice, that the crops of ſugar this year will far exceed any that have been made for many paſt.

QUEBEC, *May* 29.

On Friday, towards Evening, arrived off Couder, a little below the Traverſe, the London, Capt. Moore, from London. The Wind was fair, but blew rather too hard for a Canoe to venture off with Safety, with a Pilot from the Iſland, eſpecially as the Ship lay at a conſiderable Diſtance, having brought to cloſe under the Shore of the oppoſite Cape. The Ship therefore was obliged to continue at Anchor, waiting for a Pilot. She had on board Paſſengers, Meſſrs. William Mackenzie, George Fulton, Stephen Abbot, and Samuel Duncan, Merchants, and Mr. William Conyngham, Attorney at Law. Theſe Gentlemen, impatient to get to Quebec, to their Buſineſs and Friends, with two Seamen, left the Ship, and took to the Yawl, a ſtrong and large Boat, about 6 o'Clock; but the Wind encreaſing, and the Waves running very high, and Mr. Conyngham, who was at the Helm, not keeping up the Head of the Boat to the Waves, ſhe was ſeen at half an Hour after 7 to broach to, and overſet, oppoſite the Pariſh of Saint Famille, about a Mile above Cape Torment, and all that were in her periſhed. None of their Bodies have been yet found, but a Box of Papers, with ſome other Things, belonging to Mr. Conyngham, was taken up by an Inhabitant on the North Shore, and brought on Monday to the Governor's.----This is one of the moſt affecting Calamities that has befallen us ſince the Conqueſt of the Province. The four Merchants were Men of excellent and amiable Characters, have been here from the taking of the Country, were univerſally known amongſt the Natives, and equally eſteemed and beloved, and therefore are equally regreted by them and His Majeſty's old Subjects. Mr. Conyngham, tho' he had reſided here but about a Year, had gained many Friends, was looked upon as an able and diligent Man in his Profeſſion, had important Affairs of ſeveral principal Perſons here in his Hands, who muſt be great Sufferers by his untimely Death, and leaves beſides a poor helpleſs Orphan, of about 8 or 9 Years old, at Hogſden School, a Boy of promiſing Expectations, deprived now of both his Parents, his Mother having died here about 7 or 8 Months paſt.

June 19. Laſt Week Mr. Mauvide, Merchant, was attacked, about two o'Clock in the Morning, on the High-Road between St. Valier and this City, by two Men ſtripped to their Shirts, who ſeized him by his Arms from behind his Calaſh, ſtabbed him in the Arm with a Knife, then tied him with the Chaiſe Reins, which they cut for that Purpoſe, and robbed him of 5800 Livres in Caſh, after which they led him tied in the Bottom of his Calaſh into a Wood, about 150 Yards from the Road, where he remained, in this diſmal Situation, until ſome People paſſing that Way early in the ſame Day, attracted by his Cries, came to his Relief. The Perpetrators of this wicked Fact have not as yet been diſcovered.

BOSTON, *July* 7.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated May 16.

"On the preſent happy Proſpect of Affairs, permit me, with a Heart full of Joy, moſt ſincerely to congratulate you; for in Addition to the repeal of the Stamp-Act, the Ports of Kingſton and St. Lucea, in the Iſland of Jamaica, and two Ports on the Iſland of Dominica, are made Free Ports. The Duty on Melaſſes reduced to One Penny per Gallon; (and ſeveral other Hardſhips will be removed, we hope, this Seſſion) though theſe laſt have not yet paſſed the Royal Aſſent, they have paſſed the Commons, and may be fully expected.-----I hope the Merchants trading to North-America will now be looked upon as the true Friends to that vaſt Country, as certain it is, that nothing in their Power has been wanting in ſupporting their juſt Rights; notwithſtanding-----it is an evident Truth, that the Welfare of both this Kingdom and her Colonies depend on their intire Union; which ſurely muſt now be the Caſe, as every thing that can be wiſhed,

is now, or will be, done for you, before the breaking up of the Parliament."

Extract of another Letter from a Gentleman in London, to his Friend in Boston, May 16, 1766.

"As soon as the Act relative to the new Regulations on American Affairs is publiſhed, I ſhall take the Liberty of ſending it to you."----

Friday laſt His Excellency the Governor was pleaſed to iſſue a Proclamation appointing Thurſday, the 24th of this Inſtant, as a Day of public Thankſgiving throughout this Province, on Account of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act.

NEWPORT *(Rhode-Iſland)* July 7.

The General Aſſembly of this Colony, at their laſt Seſſion, voted, That an Addreſs, expreſſed in the moſt dutiful, loyal, and affectionate Terms, be preſented to his Majeſty, and both Houſes of Parliament, on the Repeal of the Stamp-Act.

The Brig Dove, Captain Cowdry, arrived here Yeſterday, in 18 Days from Martinico. The late terrible Fire at Port Royal, as lately mentioned, accidentally began in a Bake-Houſe.

NEW-YORK, July 10.

We hear from Connecticut, That on the 14th ult. about 70 Men of Wallingford, and the Parts adjacent in that Colony, ſigned and ſent a Petition to the County Court, then ſitting at New-Haven, ſetting forth, that if they were diſturbed and hindered from their farming Buſineſs, by any Law Proceedings, during the Summer Seaſon, in their preſent Circumſtances, they ſhould be abſolutely ruined, and rendered incapable to pay their Debts, or ſupport their Families, and therefore praying, that the Court would give no Judgments, at that Time, nor adjourn for any further Proceedings againſt them during the Summer, for that they were determined no ſuch Thing ſhould be done,----and concluded with ſomething like a Menace to the Court, in caſe their Requeſt was not complied with.------On this, the moſt of the Petitioners were ſent for in Cuſtody, and as they did not all readily obey the Summons, the Militia was ordered to be raiſed, but the People of the Place being generally offended with the Petitioners, they thought proper voluntarily to ſurrender themſelves (except two or three of the Contrivers, who abſconded) and ſubmit to the Mercy of the Court, declaring that they were perſuaded to ſign the Petition, and knew not that it contained any offenſive or improper Expreſſions, for that when it was read to them at their ſigning, no ſuch Expreſſions were mentioned.-----The Court thought proper to diſmiſs them, after the Payment of Charges.

We have authentic Intelligence, that on the 8th of May it was reſolved in the Houſe of Commons, without a Diviſion, that the Iſlands of Jamaica and Dominica are to be free Ports.

It was reported that one or more of the preſent Adminiſtration, who were Friends to N. America, would reſign ſoon after the breaking up of Parliament;----of theſe, the Duke of Grafton was ſaid to be one.

We have many melancholy Accounts from different Parts of the Continent of the fatal Effects of Lightning.----Several People have loſt their Lives by it, ſome Houſes and Veſſels have been damaged, Barns burnt, and Cattle killed.

We hear from New-Jerſey, that Abundance of Damage has been done there by the great Rains which fell on Thurſday Night, Friday and Saturday laſt. It is ſaid the Cloud from whence the heavy Rain fell, did not extend further to the N. than Bound-Brook----But in other Parts, about Spotſwood, Second River, &c. the Floods there have been very great, and ſwept away all before them, not a Bridge or Mill for many Miles was left ſtanding----We have already heard of the Loſs of between 20 and 30 Mills.

In Addition to what was publiſhed in our laſt of the Rioters at Claverack, it appears by Proof on Oath, that Hermanus Schuyler, Eſq; High Sheriff of the City and County of Albany, did, on the Twenty-ſixth Day of June, now laſt paſt, proceed with the Poſſe of the ſaid County, towards a Houſe at Claverack, in the County aforeſaid, then in Poſſeſſion of Robert Noble, Yeoman, in order to apprehend and take the ſaid Robert, and divers other rioters and diſorderly Perſons: That on the Approach of the Sheriff and the Poſſe, they found the ſaid Robert, with a Party of about 30 Men, all armed with Clubs, within a Fence acroſs the Lane leading to, and a ſmall Diſtance from, the Houſe of the ſaid Robert:----That the ſaid Robert refuſed, on the Demand of the Sheriff, either to take down the Fence, or to ſurrender himſelf;----and that on the Sheriff's removing one of the Rails, and getting over, he was immediately aſſaulted by ſome of the Party with Clubs; that while defending himſelf, he heard the Report of a Small-Arm or Piſtol, but knew not on which Side it was fired;----that thereupon a Firing by both Parties inſtantly enſued, and Cornelius Ten Broeck, one of the Poſſe, and Tom Whitney, one of the Rioters, were both ſhot, and died on the Spot: And that the Rioters then took Shelter in the ſaid Noble's Houſe, and by firing from thence, wounded ſeven other Perſons of the Sheriff's Party.

Several of the Rioters, we hear, have been ſince taken, and Proclamations are iſſued for apprehending the Reſt.

July 14. We hear, that between Kenderhook and Albany, there has lately been diſcovered, a moſt valuable Spring of Water iſſuing out of a Rock, of the Hot Kind, the Bathing with which, and drinking the ſame, has already cured many Diſorders, and that great Numbers of People, afflicted with different Calamities, reſort thither daily.

ANNAPOLIS, July 3.

Sunday laſt arrived here from Jamaica, the Brig Ranger, Capt. Robert Forſyth. On Saturday Evening, off Herring-Bay, ſhe was ſtruck with Lightning, which ſhivered the Maintop-gallant-Maſt, Maintop-Maſt, and Main-Maſt, to Pieces, gave the People a very ſevere Shock, killed a Dog in the Steerage amongſt them; but did no other Damage, except making her Decks very leaky.

Lately died at his Plantation on the North Side of Severn, to the great Joy and Satisfaction of his Friends and Acquaintance, Capt. Humphrey Boone, a Gentleman of an honeſt Character, and well eſteemed, formerly for many Years one of the Magiſtrates of this County. He endured the laſt four or five Years of Life with the Torture of a Cancer, by which one of his Eyes, and a great Part of his Face and Throat were eat away; and long ſince, and often, he ardently prayed for Death, and kept his Coffin ready made by him.

PHILADELPHIA, July 17.

On Sunday, the 13th Inſtant, died at Fair-Hill, in the 65th Year of his Age, after long Indiſpoſition, ſupported with exemplary Fortitude, and Chriſtian Reſignation, ISAAC NORRIS, Eſq; a Gentleman of great natural and acquired Abilities; one of the Aldermen of this City, and, for near Twenty Years, Speaker of the General Aſſembly; in which latter Station he was not leſs remarkable for his extenſive Knowledge of its Duties, than a ſteady Attachment to the Rights of the People, by whom he was eſteemed, and confided in, as a diſintereſted, zealous and able Advocate. In private Life he eminently maintained the Character of a tender Parent, and an affectionate Relation.---On the Day following the Public teſtified their Reſpect to his Memory, by a ſolemn Attendance of his Remains to the Burial Place of the Quakers, the Society in which he had been educated, and was an uſeful and valuable Member.

Extract of a Letter from London, May 10, 1766.

"I wrote you before that the Stamp-Act was repealed. We have now a Proſpect of repealing ſeveral other grievous Particulars in the Acts of Trade; and finally, I hope, both Countries will be happy in a cordial and mutual Regard for each other."

Extract of another Letter from the ſame Place, and of the ſame Date.

"*They now talk of ſome Changes in the preſent Miniſtry. The Duke of Grafton, a Man of Talents, has threatened, for ſome Time, to reſign. The Earl of Egmont, a Man of Buſineſs and Acuteneſs, will, it is ſaid, ſucceed him as Secretary of State. Mr. Conway, who ſet out with Diffidence and Modeſty, riſes daily in the Public Eſteem, as a Man of Senſe and Integrity, and will probably keep his Station.---Mr. Yorke, the preſent Attorney General, an able and worthy Man, will, it is thought, be made Lord Keeper, in the Room of Lord Northington.---You, on the other Side the Water, will now have a breathing Time, and Leiſure to deliberate how beſt to make Application for the Redreſs of any other Grievances in Point of Trade, &c. you ſtill labour under.*"

Extract of a Letter from Cumberland County, in New-Jerſey, dated July 9, 1766.

"We have had the greateſt Rains, and the moſt conſtant, for ten or twelve Days paſt, that have ever been known in my Memory, and which ſtill continue.----I am informed that fourteen Mill-Dams in this and Salem County, are carried away by the Freſhes.---The Wetneſs of the Seaſon gives us a melancholy Proſpect with reſpect to the Harveſt, already begun, which before was very promiſing."

On Thurſday laſt James M'Kinſey, the Perſon mentioned in our Gazette of the Tenth Inſtant, as being ſuſpected of the Murder and Robbery of two Indian Women near Moore's Town, in the Jerſeys, was taken up here, and examined before the Mayor of the City; and tho' he did not confeſs that he was guilty of the horrid Deed, yet as he ſaid it was done by James Annin, who was in Company with him, and now in Cuſtody, as one of the Murderers (and who, we hear, told exactly the ſame Story, with reſpect to him, M'Kinſey) he was immediately ſent to Burlington Goal.

Captain Higgs, from South-Carolina, on the 9th Inſtant, about 20 Leagues from our Capes, ſpoke a Sloop from Boſton, bound to South-Carolina, out 12 Days.

The Trimley, Captain Kennedy, from London for Maryland, was in the Downs the Sixth of May.

Captain Brice, of this Port, is arrived at the Bay of Honduras from Amſterdam.

Captain Drummond, from this Place, is arrived in Georgia.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 14 s. 3d. to 17s. 6d. Wheat 5s. 9d. Indian Corn 4s. Ship Bread 16s. 6d. Middling Ditto 27s. Pipe Staves 7l. 15s. Barrel Ditto 3l. 5s. Hogſhead Ditto 6l. 5s. Beef 60s. Weſt-India Rum 2s. 9d. New-England Ditto 2s. 3d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 3d. Madeira Wine 30 to 60l. Muſcovado Sugar 35 to 55s. Melaſſes 22d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 14d. Pitch 15s. Tar 11s. Tobacco 15s. to 30s. Rice 17s. Liſbon Salt 18d. Bohea Tea 5s. 9d. Hemp 5d. Halfpenny.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA, *Inward Entries.*

Brig George, W. Groves, from Piſcataqua. Sloop America, J. Gorham, Boſton. Brig Prince Edward, S. Higgs, from Honduras.

Outwards. Brig Miriam and Ann, W. Hazelton, and Sloop Betſy, G. Baſcome, for Barbados. Sloop Two Brothers, A. Adderly, N. Providence. Schooner Dolphin, E. Doughty, N. Carolina. Brig James, J. Johnſon, St. Kitts. Schooner Patty, S. Crawford. Grenada. Brig Thomas, R. Wilſon, Cork. Sloop America, J. Gorham, for Boſton.

Cleared. Sloop Dolphin, L. Parker, Sloop Sally, J. Wooldridge, and Schooner Ruth and Catherine, J. Tolly, to N. Carolina. Brig Charming Peggy, W. Marſhall, Antigua. Brig Lloyd, T. Rogers, Nova-Scotia. Brig Mary Ann, S. Young, St. Euſtatia. Brig Elizabeth, F. Faries, and, Brig Polly, T. Flint, Grenada. Schooner Britannia, G. Nicholſon, Newfoundland. Schooner Ranger, G. Cook, and Sloop Burk, A. Burrows, Barbados. Ship Lecky, D. Brown, Cork. Ship New-Hope, W. Waſdale, Maryland. Schooner Little Hannah, W. Wallop, Virginia. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, N. York. Sloop Francis and Suſannah, B. Newbold, to Bermuda.

CHOICE BOHEA TEA, to be ſold by WILLING and MORRIS, in Philadelphia.

THE beſt ALBANY PEASE, at Nine Shillings per ſingle Buſhel, and Seven Shillings and Six-pence by the Quantity, to be ſold by PETER PARIS, Tavern-keeper and Tobacconiſt, at the South Eaſt Corner Houſe of Second and Race-ſtreets, in Philadelphia. ¶

To be LETT,

(In Front-ſtreet, between Race and Vine-ſtreets)

A LARGE, commodious Dwelling-houſe, three Stories high, with a Kitchen, Piazza, Waſh-houſe and Oven; the Garden runs half-way to Second-ſtreet; lately occupied by Thomas Salter. For further Particulars, enquire of JOHN SCATTERGOOD, on Pool's Bridge. †

THE Creditors of John Field, late of this City, Tobacconiſt, an abſconding Debtor, are deſired to bring in their ſeveral Demands againſt the ſaid John, to us the Subſcribers (appointed by the Court of Common Pleas to ſettle and adjuſt the Demands of the Creditors of the ſaid John Field, and to make Diſtribution of his Effects, according to Law) on the 19th Day of Auguſt next. Attendance will be given at 6 o'Clock in the Evening of the ſame Day, at the Houſe of John Lukens, at the Corner of Second and Arch-ſtreets, by LEWIS WEISS, JOSEPH PENNOCK, JOHN DRINKER. ¶

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be ſold by public Vendue, on Monday, the 28th Day of July inſt. at the London Coffee-Houſe, at Seven o'Clock in the Evening, a certain unfiniſhed Frame Meſſuage or Tenement, and Lot of Ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the Eaſt-ſide of Fourth-ſtreet, between Race and Vine-ſtreets, in the City of Philadelphia, containing in Front on ſaid Street 20 Feet, and in Length or Depth 78 Feet, bounded Eaſtward with Ground of William Shippen, Southward with Jacob Steinmit's Houſe and Lot, Weſtward with Fourth-ſtreet aforeſaid, and Northward with Jacob Francis's Houſe and Lot; ſubject to a Ground-rent of Nine Pounds Currency per Annum, late the Eſtate of Marſhall Standley, ſeized and taken in Execution by

WILLIAM PARR, *Sheriff.*

RUN away, on the 10th Inſtant at Night, from the Subſcriber, living in Northampton Townſhip, Burlington County, a Negroe Man, named Jemmy, about 35 Years of Age, and about ſix Feet high, a well-limbed Fellow, ſtammers much in his Speech, which is bad Engliſh: Had on, when he went away, an old brown Coat, the Lining chiefly torn out, an Ozenbrigs Shirt and Trowſers, and an old Caſtor Hat, patched on the Crown, and cocked up, the reſt of his Cloathing unknown. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe, and ſecures him, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by JOHN HILLIER. ¶

N. B. He has a new worked Pocket-book, and may have a Sort of a Paſs, as ſome ſuch Papers have been found ſince he went away.

Philadelphia, July 1, 1766.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, on Sunday Morning laſt, from the Subſcriber, Shoemaker, at the Sign of the Boot, the Upper End of Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, a Dutch Servant Lad, named Henry Gruber, about 19 Years of Age, of a ſwarthy Complexion, middle ſized, and well ſet, has black Hair, and thick Lips: Had on, when he went away, a good Hat, white Shirt, purple-bluiſh Coat, either a red or blue Jacket, and blue Breeches; took with him two white and two Check Shirts, and three Pair of Stockings; he ſpeaks Dutch and Engliſh. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Servant, ſo as his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

¶ CHARLES GEMBERLING.

He was formerly an Apprentice to Daniel Mylander, but purchaſed his Time, and it is thought has his old Indentures with him; it is ſuppoſed he is gone to New-York, and that he will proceed to Albany. All Maſters of Veſſels, and others, are forewarned from harbouring him at their Peril.

TO BE SOLD,

A Healthy ſtrong Negroe Girl, about 14 Years of Age, who has had the Small-Pox, and is very fit for Country Service; the Duty on her is paid here. Enquire of the Printers.

WHITE and CALDWELL,

Have removed from Water-ſtreet into Cheſtnut-ſtreet, a few Doors from Front-ſtreet, to the Store lately occupied by Mr. John Gibſon, where they have for Sale,

A General Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, lately imported from England.

They have alſo for Sale, ſome very neat drawn Bar Iron.

For BRISTOL,

The BRIGANTINE WILL and RENN, VALENTINE CLARK, COMMANDER,

At JAMES and DRINKER's Wharff, to ſail in ten Days, having the greateſt Part of her Cargoe ready to go on board. For Freight or Paſſage apply to ſaid JAMES and DRINKER, or ſaid Commander.

Philadelphia, July 12, 1766.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, on the 13th Inſtant, at Night, from the Subſcriber, living in Philadelphia, an Apprentice Lad, named Richard Cravatt, by Trade a Shoemaker, about five Feet ſeven Inches high, well ſet, has very thick Legs, and long Hair, tied behind; had on, and took with him, a blue Cloth Coat, Jacket and Breeches, a red Jacket, two Check Shirts, two Pair of brown Holland Trowſers, a Pair of ribbed Worſted Stockings, and a large Caſtor Hat, about half worn; he likewiſe took his working Tools. He was born at Freehold, in New-Jerſey, where his Mother is living. Whoever apprehends ſaid Apprentice, and ſecures him, ſo as his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above Reward, paid by JOHN BATES. ¶

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Little Britain Townſhip, Lancaſter County, and Province of Pennſylvania, on the 10th inſt. July, an Iriſh Servant Man, named Patrick Campbell, about 20 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 Inches high, has a down Look, ſtoop ſhouldered, with his Hair cued, ſome old Scars in his Temple, is a midling good Scholar, ſpeaks with the Brogue, had on, when he went away, an old Hat, a ſhort blackiſh Coat, with ſmall Lappels, and no Lining in it, two Shirts, one of which he makes uſe of for a Wallet, long Ozenbrigs Trowſers, Stockings and Shoes, without Buckles; he had a Sickle with him, and it is thought he will paſs for a Reaper; he informed me he was in the King's Service in Ireland and Portugal. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and ſecures him, ſo as his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Three Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by JAMES JOHNSTON. ¶

RUN away, the 10th of July inſt. from Thomas Worrall, of Middle Town, in Cheſter County, a Servant Man, named William Mollen, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, a very ſwarthy Complexion, dark ſhort Hair, about 20 Years old; had on an old Check Shirt, patched with different Check, Tow Check Trowſers, a Pair of old Pumps, with ſtrings in them. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Servant, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

¶ THOMAS WORRALL.

To be SOLD, about Half a Mile from Lancaſter,

FIVE Acres of very good Land, well fenced in with Locuſt Poſts, with a two Story Stone Houſe and Kitchen, and a very good Well and Pump, and Garden thereon. Whoever inclines to buy the above mentioned Land, &c. can be informed by Mr. Michael Groſs, in Lancaſter, or by the Subſcriber hereof,

¶ GEORGE HONEY.

As the Partnerſhip of HOBART and PRATT will ſhortly expire,

ALL Perſons who have any Demands on ſaid Partnerſhip are deſired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be paid; and all thoſe who are indebted are requeſted to be ſpeedy in ſettling their Accounts, as all Debts that are not diſcharged before the Firſt of September next, will be put into the Hands of an Attorney.

They have for Sale, at their Store in Water-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreets, on reaſonable Terms, for Caſh or ſhort Credit, Weſt-India and Philadelphia Rum, Melaſſes, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Allſpice, race and ground Ginger, &c. 6w.

Philadelphia, July 8, 1766.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of John Beahrings, late of this city, taylor, deceaſed, are deſired to make payment immediately, or they may depend, that without further notice, the obligations and book debts will be put into the hands of an attorney, at the end of three weeks from this date; and thoſe that have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts proved, leſt they ſhould loſe the benefit of the firſt diſtribution, which will be made as ſoon as any caſh can be collected worth dividing. JOHN CLAYTON, CHARLES WILLING, Adminiſtrators.

RUN away, on Monday Morning, the 7th Inſtant, an Iriſh Servant Man, named Patrick Thompſon, five Feet eight Inches high, thin Viſage, pale Complexion, has an Impediment in his Speech, occaſioned by a Hair Lip, which renders him difficult to be underſtood, ſlender in Body, addicted to intoxicating Liquors, is remarkable for magnifying Matters, can read, write a tolerable Hand, and underſtands Figures: Had on when he went away an old Beaver Hat, a black cut Wig, new Olive-coloured Thickſet Coat, lined with blue Shalloon, with Mohair Buttons, the Colour of the Coat, uncertain whether he took a Waiſtcoat, Check Shirt, new Buckſkin Breeches, much ſullied, white Cotton Stockings, and old Shoes, with Braſs Buckles; profeſſes the Buſineſs of a Tallow-Chandler. Whoever ſecures ſaid Servant, ſo as his Maſter, the Subſcriber, may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

† ARCHIBALD GARDNER, *of Philadelphia.*

Juſt publiſhed, and to be Sold by WILLIAM BRADFORD

(Price 15s. per Dozen, or 1s. 6d. ſingle)

A NARRATIVE of the remarkable Revival of Religion, in the Congregation of Eaſt-Hampton, on Long-Iſland, in the Year of our Lord 1764; with ſome Reflections. By *Samuel Buell*, A. M. Miniſter of the Goſpel there.

SERVANTS,

Juſt imported in the Ship Hugh and James, Captain M'Carthy, from Ireland, and to be ſold by

CONYNGHAM and NESBITT,

A PARCEL of likely young Men, Women, and Boys, among which are, Shoemakers, Taylors, Linen, Worſted and Stocking Weavers, Blackſmiths, Nailors, Carpenters, Joyners, Butchers, Gardiners, Diſtillers, Millers, a Mill-wright, Soap-boiler, Sugar-boiler, Sadler, Brazier, Upholſterer, Tobacco-ſpinner, Snuff-maker, Currier, Barber, Cooper, Bricklayer, Breeches-maker, and a Printer.

Likewiſe to be ſold by ſaid CONYNGHAM and NESBITT, very good Cork and Dublin Beef. ¶

JOHN GIBSON,

Has removed his Store from Cheſtnut-ſtreet, into Market-ſtreet, in the Houſe lately occupied by Mr. John Wikoff; oppoſite Mr. Owen Jones's, and between the Indian Queen Tavern and Mr. Charles Thomſon; where he will be glad to ſee his Cuſtomers, and has for Sale,

A General Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, imported in the laſt Veſſels from England. Carolina Candles, Pitch and Tar. Teneriffe Wine in Pipes, Hogſheads, and Quarter Caſks, at a very low Price.

To be LETT on a Leaſe for Years,

A Lot of 8 Acres of Upland, bounded by the River Delaware on one Side, and Gunner's Creek on another, ſhort of a Quarter of a Mile from Kenſington, which may, at a ſmall Expence, be brought into mowable Graſs. Any Butcher inclining to take it to feed horned Cattle upon it, will have a Preference. The 6 W.

To be SOLD or LETT, on Ground-rent,

A LOT of Ground, on the East Side of Water-ſtreet, a little above Arch-ſtreet, containing in Front on ſaid Street 30 Feet 6 Inches, extending into the River Delaware. Credit will be given for any Part of the Purchaſe-money, giving Security, if required. For Terms apply to JOHN KNOWLES.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exonas, to me directed, will be ſold, by publick vendue, on Monday, the 21ſt day of July inſt. at the London Coffee-Houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, at 7 o'clock in the evening, a certain piece of land, ſituate in Paſſyunk townſhip, containing about 3 acres and 20 perches, bounded by ground of Eden Haydock, George Roan, and others, ſubject to a ground-rent of Eight Pounds, Eight Shillings, and Eleven-pence currency, per annum, late the eſtate of Ephraim Smith, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be ſold, by publick vendue, on Tueſday, the 22d day of July inſt. at the houſe of Iſaac Williams, on Society-Hill, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, a certain two ſtory brick meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, thereunto belonging, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Shippen-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, continued ſouthward, beyond the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on Shippen-ſtreet aforeſaid, 22 feet 6 inches, and in length or depth 65 feet; bounded eaſtward and weſtward by ground of Edward Shippen; on the ſouth by the back ends of Almond-ſtreet lots; and on the north by Shippen-ſtreet aforeſaid; ſubject to a groundrent of Six Pounds Fifteen Shillings currency per annum, late the eſtate of Edward Carney and wife, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exonas, to me directed, will be ſold by publick vendue, on Friday, the 22d day of Auguſt next, at the London Coffee-Houſe, Philadelphia, at 6 o'clock in the evening, a certain three ſtory brick meſſuage and kitchen, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, between Callowhill and Margaret-ſtreets, containing in breadth, north and ſouth, 20 feet, and in length, on the north ſide thereof, 98 feet 3 inches, and on the ſouth ſide thereof, 104 feet 3 inches; bounded eaſtward by Front-ſtreet aforeſaid; northward by ground of George Emlen; weſtward by ground of Benjamin Mifflin; and ſouthward partly by other ground of the ſaid Mifflin; ſubject to a groundrent of Forty Shillings ſterling per annum; late the eſtate of Jacob Steinmetz, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exonas, to me directed, will be ſold by publick vendue, on Wedneſday, the 23d day of July inſt. at the London Coffee-Houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, at 7 o'clock in the evening, a certain lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the weſterly ſide of Dock-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, beginning at a poſt ſet for a corner, at the diſtance of 28 feet from the corner of Dock and Pear-ſtreets; thence along the ſaid Dock-ſtreet 20 feet to another poſt by ſaid ſtreet; thence ſouth-weſterly, at right angles, to the ſaid Dock-ſtreet, 56 feet, to another poſt, at the diſtance of ſeven feet and an half from Pear-ſtreet; thence ſouth-eaſterly, at right angles, to the laſt deſcribed line, 7 feet and a half, to Pear-ſtreet aforeſaid; thence eaſterly, along the ſaid Pear-ſtreet, 25 feet, to the corner of a lot granted to Charles Jervis; and thence north-eaſterly, by the ſaid Charles Jervis's lot, 40 feet, to Dock-ſtreet aforeſaid, having a two ſtory brick, and frame tenement thereon erected, ſubject to a groundrent of Fifteen Pounds currency per annum, late the eſtate of Samuel Brookhouſe, ſeized and taken in execution, by WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exonas, to me directed, will be ſold, by publick vendue, on Wedneſday, the 23d Day of July, at the London Coffee-Houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, at 6 o'Clock in the evening, all the eſtate, right, title and intereſt of a certain James Chattin, of, in and to, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate in Moyamenſing Townſhip (lately known by the name of the ſign of the Buck) bounded Eaſtward with Paſſyunk Road, Southward with ground of Joſeph Marriott, Weſtward with ground late of the ſaid Chattin, and Northward by Chattin's Lane; containing about four acres; late the property of the ſaid James Chattin, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be ſold, by publick vendue, on Wedneſday, the 23d day of July inſt. at the London Coffee-Houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, two certain meſſuages or tenements, and two contiguous Lots of ground, thereunto belonging, ſituate on the weſt ſide of a certain 20 feet lane or alley, commonly called Moravian Alley, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, in the City of Philadelphia, being in the whole of the breadth of 37 feet, and of the depth of 75 feet; bounded by ground of the honourable William Allen Eſquire, Anthony Morris, and others; ſubject to a ground-rent of Two Shillings Sterling per Foot; late the eſtate of Charles Kelley and Wife, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exonas, to me directed, will be ſold, by publick vendue, on Friday, the 25th day of July inſt. at the houſe of Abraham Wentz, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage, plantation and tract of land, thereunto belonging, ſituate in the townſhip of Whitpain, containing about 7 acres, bounded by lands of Peter Dehaven, Jacob Korr, and Jonas Supplee; late the eſtate of Jacob Shoemaker, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exonas, to me directed, will be ſold, by publick vendue, on Friday, the 1ſt day of Auguſt next, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-Houſe, Philadelphia, a certain three ſtory bank brick meſſuage, ſituate in the city of Philadelphia, between Race and Vine-ſtreets, containing in front on Front-ſtreet, 17 feet 6 inches, and running through to Water-ſtreet, the depth of 40 feet; bounded northward by a houſe and lot of James James, late Thomas Mullan's; eaſtward with Water-ſtreet; ſouthward with a four feet alley; and weſtward with Front-ſtreet aforeſaid; ſubject to a groundrent of Six Pounds, Sterling money of Great-Britain; late the eſtate of Job Dicks, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in New-Britain Townſhip, Bucks County, Pennſylvania, a Dutch Servant Girl, named Margaret Mier, about 17 Years of Age, ſpeaks good Engliſh, and is marked with the Small-Pox; had on when ſhe went away, a ſtriped Lincey Petticoat, coarſe Shift, and a Straw Hat. Whoever takes up and returns ſaid Servant to her Maſter, or confines her in any Goal, ſo that ſhe may be had again, ſhall have ONE SHILLING Reward, paid by HENRY HOCKMAN. †

STRAYED away from off of the Commons of this city, on the 29th day of May laſt, a dark bay horſe, between 14 and 15 hands high, his left eye blind, has ſome white hairs on his right ſhoulder, black mane, and ſwitch tail, ſhod all round, trots and gallops heavily. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and brings him to the ſubſcriber, living in Third-ſtreet, between Race and Vine-ſtreets, ſhall have FIFTEEN SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM GRISKUM, Potter. *

KEARNY and GILBERT,

Have juſt received from London, and are opening, at their New Bank Stores, in Water-ſtreet, about mid-way between Market and Arch-ſtreets, and nearly oppoſite to Thomas Clifford's, the following merchandize, and ſundry other articles, in divers branches, which, for caſh, will be ſold at the very loweſt rates, viz.

SUperfine hyſon, and beſt bohea tea, pepper, nutmegs, mace, cinnamon, cloves, beſt Engliſh ſilk damaſks, paduaſoys, ſattins, ducapes and luteſtrings, taffeties, Perſians, bandanoes, ſilk romals, roſet, luteſtring, policat and Barcelona ſilk handkerchiefs; a variety of neweſt faſhioned plain, ſtriped, and figured ribbons, beſt ſewing ſilk, and 3 y-d. ſilk laces, ſilk and worſted knit breeches patterns, Damaſcuſes, ſilk ginghams, cotton Hollands, ſaggathies, durants, tammies, ſhalloons, rattinets, Ruſſia duck, ſailcloth, drillings, or Ruſſia drabs, brown and white Ruſſia, and Iriſh ſheetings, beſt ozenbrigs and ticklenburgs, callicoes, callico and cotton chintz, fine furnitute ditto, Iriſh linens, tandems, garlix, Sileſias, cambricks, clear lawns, long lawns, piſtol lawns, muſlins, humhums, cherryderries, Flanders bed-ticks, bunts and bed-ticken, ſilk ſaggathies, ſilk and worſted camblets, damaſks, callimancoes, crapes, mens plain and ribbed ſuperfine ſilk hoſe, boys and mens white and brown plain wove and knit ribbed fine, and very fine thread hoſe, womens ditto, beſt white, cloth-coloured, and purple Kid and Lamb womens gloves and mitts, mens ditto, wood and bone fans, curious ivory fans in caſes, with leather and gauze mounts, beſt ſcarf buttons, and ſilk and hair twiſt, wool cards, ſcythes, ſteel, gun-powder, ſhot, bar lead, copper tea-kettles, candleſticks; a variety of pier and ſconce looking glaſſes, ſome very large plates, neat ſwinging or preſſing glaſſes, common, ſuper, fools-cap, ſmall poſt, demy, medium, royal, and imperial paper, beſt velvet corks, &c. &c. &c.

They have alſo for ſale, London loaf ſugar, choice Liſbon wine in hogſheads and quarter caſks, fine table ſalt in bags, crates of fine ſtone tea-table ware, and yellow earthen ware, ditto of ſingle and double flint drinking glaſſes, choice Wiltſhire and Dorſetſhire bottled beer, new quart and gallon bottles in hampers, ſhort pipes, ſmiths anvils, vizes and bick-irons, broad-cloths, linen and cotton checks, narrow curdled Ruſſia, table-cloths, napkening, clouting, blue and white and Scotch linen handkerchiefs, threads, tapes, bobbins, pretties, gartering, bindings, ferrets, pins, needles, temple ſpectacles, Dutch quills, ſealing-wax, wafers, cables and cordage, of ſundry ſizes, with various ſorts of dry goods, of late importations.

N. B. For the information of our cuſtomers, and others, we daily expect from England, rolls of ſheet lead, nails, and faſh glaſs of all ſizes; with a compleat aſſortment of cutlary, &c.

TO be ſold, by public vendue, on the 28th of this inſtant July, at two o'clock in the afternoon, three well-finiſhed wooden dwelling-houſes, with cellars under the whole, and a lot, ſituated on the north ſide of Shippen-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, in Southwark. The lot is 15 feet front by 61. The whole ſubject to a yearly ground-rent of Three Pounds Twelve Shillings, Pennſylvania currency, to be bought off at any time within 7 years; likewiſe part of a pump at the door for ever; and two ſervant girls times, one has three years to ſerve, the other five. Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe the ſame before the ſale, may apply to the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes, WILLIAM DICKINSON.

N. B. To be ſold at the ſame time, ſeveral kinds of houſhold goods, ſuch as a clock and caſe, deſk, drawers, tables, and other things. ¶

BY virtue of His Majeſty's writ of Venditioni Exonas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on Wedneſday, the 23d of July inſt. on the premiſes, three valuable plantations, and tracts of land, ſituated, lying and being in Lampeter townſhip, Lancaſter county, containing 500 acres, whereon are erected three dwelling-houſes, barns, ſtables, out-houſes, and a very fine tan-yard; the lands will be ſold in three parcels, or together, as it will ſuit the purchaſer; the vendue will begin at two o'clock in the afternoon.------Alſo on the 24th of July inſt. at three o'clock in the afternoon, will be ſold, at public vendue, upon the premiſes, a valuable plantation, and tract of land, ſituated, lying and being in Manheim townſhip, Lancaſter county, about three miles from Lancaſter, containing about 200 acres, whereon is a dwelling-houſe, barn, fine meadows, and more may be made.----Likewiſe on Friday, the 25th of July inſt. will be ſold, by public vendue, on the premiſes, at two o'clock in the afternoon, a valuable plantation, and tract of land, ſituated, lying and being in Donegall townſhip, containing 288 acres, whereon is a town called Maytown, with all the appurtenances thereto belonging.---- Alſo another tract of land, adjoining William Mitchell and James Logan, containing 152 acres.----On Saturday, the 26th of July inſt. will alſo be ſold, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, upon the premiſes, a certain meſſuage, plantation, and tract of Land, in the above townſhip, containing 150 acres, adjoining James Logan, James Mitchell, John Lowry, and Lazarus Lowry.----Likewiſe another tract of land, containing 150 acres, adjoining the above.---Alſo a houſe, and 21 acres of land, whereon is a tan-yard.---Likewiſe two houſes and lots, in the above town. Late the property of Jacob Downer, and taken in execution by JOHN BARR, *Sheriff.*

BY virtue of His Majeſty's writ, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on Monday, the 28th day of July inſt. at 10 o' clock in the forenoon, upon the premiſes, a valuable plantation, and tract of land, ſituated, lying and being in Donegall townſhip, Lancaſter county, containing 213 acres of patent land; alſo 127 acres of warranted land, whereon is a compleat griſt-mill, with three pair of ſtones, fit for merchant or country buſineſs; a compleat ſaw-mill, all newly repaired, excellently ſituated on Connewaga creek, has very fine meadows, and more may be made; alſo horſes, cows, ſheep, ſwine, hay, grain, a waggon, cart, and ſundry ſorts of houſhold goods, too tedious to mention; late the property of Martin Greider, and taken in execution by JOHN BARR, *Sheriff.*

Philadelphia, June 26, 1766.

THE Gentlemen Sportſmen, and Lovers of the Turff, whether of Virginia, Maryland, New-York, the Jerſeys, or any of the other Provinces, are hereby informed, that the Gentlemen of Philadelphia intend to raiſe a Purſe of at leaſt One Hundred Piſtoles, to be run for in the enſuing October, provided they can be made acquainted by thoſe who have running Horſes, on or before the Twenty-fifth of July, that four good Race Horſes will be entered for the ſaid Purſe. It has been judged proper to take this Method, to gain Intelligence of the Number of Horſes that may offer to run, that the Publick may be encouraged to ſubſcribe, and not diſappointed of Diverſion. Thoſe Gentlemen therefore who will give Aſſurances of ſtarting any Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, for ſuch a Purſe, are deſired to ſignify the ſame by Letter, directed to Hugh James, Eſq; at the London Coffee-Houſe, in Philadelphia, when in Return, all Letters, Poſt paid, on this Subject, will be punctually anſwered; and as ſoon as Intelligence is gained, to anſwer the Intent of this Publication, the Terms of the Race will be ſet forth in this Paper.

Juſt imported in the King of Pruſſia, Captain Shirley, and Carolina, Captain Friend, and to be ſold by

SAMUEL PLEASANTS,

At his Store in Second-ſtreet, near Market-ſtreet,

A Neat Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable to the Seaſon, which he will ſell very low for Caſh, or the uſual Credit.

N. B. He has alſo for Sale, a few Pipes of old Madeira Wine, and a Quantity of beſt Liſbon Salt. 6 W.

TO BE SOLD,

PART of a Tract of very good Land, called Talbot's Laſt Shift, containing 223 Acres, lying on the main Falls of Petapſco, in Anne Arundel County, within 4 Miles of Elk Ridge Landing, and eight of Baltimore Town, about 100 Acres of which are cleared, and under Fence, the reſt exceeding well timbered; there is a convenient Place on the Stream for a Griſt-mill, or any Kind of Water Works. The Improvements thereon are a Dwelling-houſe and Kitchen, and ſeveral Out-houſes, but all want repairing. There is an Orchard, conſiſting of 223 bearing Apple-trees of very good Fruit, and many other Fruit Trees. Credit will be given for one Half the Purchaſe Money, on giving Bond with Security, if required. The Title is indiſputable. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the Terms, and view the Premiſes, by applying to Mr. John Ridgely, Merchant in Baltimore Town, or to the Subſcriber, near the ſame.

ELISHA DORSEY.

Cecil-County, Maryland, June 10, 1766.

WHEREAS I paſſed a Bond to a certain Walter Bourke, of New-Caſtle County, bearing Date May 1766, for Thirty Pounds, in Conſideration of a Negroe Man I bought of ſaid Bourke; and as ſaid Negroe Man was under Execution to the Sheriff of New-Caſtle County, before I bought him of ſaid Bourke, and ſaid Bourke cannot make me a good Bill of Sale for ſaid Negroe, until the Execution is diſcharged, theſe are to forewarn all Perſons not to take an Aſſignment on ſaid Bond, as I will not pay the ſame, until I have a proper Bill of Sale. ¶

ALEXANDER CLARK.

THE Wardens of the Port of Philadelphia, hereby give Notice to the Pilots plying in the River and Bay of Delaware, and all others whom it may concern, that an Act of General Aſſembly of this Province, intituled, "An Act for appointing Wardens for the Port of Philadelphia, and for regulating Pilots plying in the River and Bay of Delaware, and the Price of Pilotage to and from ſaid Port," takes Place To-morrow, and that their Office is kept at the Houſe of Joſeph Saunders, on the North-ſide of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, where a Board of Wardens will attend every Day, until the 10th of June next, from Ten to Eleven o'Clock in the Morning, as they will at any other Time, on Application made to the Clerk, from any Perſons deſiring to be examined, and have ſuch Certificates granted as they may be found to merit, agreeable to the Directions of ſaid Law. By Order of the Wardens,

Tbctf. JOSEPH SAUNDERS, Clerk.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A TRACT of Land, containing upwards of Eight Thouſand Acres, ſituate and lying in the County of Prince William, Virginia, and watered by the main Branches of Occoquan; few Tracts of Land in America, of the ſame Extent, whether the Fertility of the Soil be conſidered, Advantages of Situation, or Privileges derived from the Grant, equal the above, none ſurpaſs it; the whole being an almoſt continued Extent of Level, excels in the Produce of Indian Corn, Tobacco, Wheat, &c. The Advantages from its Situation are great, being diſtant from the ſeveral trading Towns on Rappahannock and Potowmack Rivers, by excellent Roads, as follows:---From Frederickſburgh and Falmouth, on Rappahannock Road, 28 Miles; Alexandria 30; Colcheſter 16; Dumfries 12; the Privileges derived from the Grant are, a total Exemption from Quitrent, &c. There are 30 well improved Plantations on the ſame, ſuitable either to the Farmer or Planter; ſix of them only are held by Leaſes for Lives, ſubject to an annual Rent. Any Time of Credit will be given for the greateſt Part of the Money, on Bond, with Intereſt. For Terms apply to Garrett and George Meade, in Philadelphia, or the Subſcriber, living at Aquia, Stafford County, in Virginia.

ROBERT BRENT.

N. B. On the ſame Tract are great Appearances of a Bank of Iron Ore. It has never been examined; ſhould it prove ſufficient for a Furnace, both Water and Wood are extreamly convenient.

RUN away, on the 19th of June, from the ſubſcriber, living at Annapolis, an Engliſh ſervant man, named John Haley, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, 24 years of age, thin viſage, dark complexion, and black hair, is ſlow of ſpeech: Had on, when he went away, a bearſkin coat, with large ſide-pockets, two ſtriped linſey jackets, check ſhirt, and buckſkin breeches; but as he had a quantity of caſh, it is probable he may change his apparel. He is a baker by trade, but has lately been employed as poſt-rider from Annapolis to Philadelphia. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant in any goal, ſo as his maſter may him again, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS Reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM NIVEN.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes, at publick auction, the 18th day of September next, 1500 acres of good land, with a large plantation on it, lying on Kittle Run, in Fauquier county, Virginia; twelve months credit will be given, and five per cent. diſcount, for ready money. Alſo another tract of good land, containing 7750 acres, to be ſold on the ſame terms, on the 22d of the above month, whereon are upwards of twenty tenements, lying in the above ſaid county, and on or near Gooſe creek. The firſt mentioned tract lies about 22 miles from Dumfries town; the other about 50 miles, to be ſold by the lump, or in parcels, as can be agreed on. BURGESS SMITH.

TO be SOLD on the premiſes, on Thurſday, the 29th day of July inſtant, by way of publick vendue, the houſes and lots in Cheſter Town, Kent County, Maryland, belonging to GEORGE and WILLIAM BUCK, Eſquires, in Biddeford, being two large two ſtory brick houſes, convenient for dwellings and ſtores, with kitchens adjoining, warehouſes, &c. The lots are in a convenient part of the town for buſineſs, and adjoining to each other. Any perſon inclining to view the premiſes before the day of ſale, may apply to Mr. Benjamin Binney, at Newtown, or Mr. John Chapple, at the mill, near Newtown, Kent County, or to the ſubſcriber, in Frederick Town,

§ WILLIAM KENNY.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in Northumberland County, Virginia, a Servant, named Samuel Holmes, by Trade a Taylor, 5 Feet 5 Inches high, has a remarkable yellow Spot on the out Side of one of his Knees; it is ſaid by the other Servants it is on the Left Knee, and on the Inſtep of the other Leg there is a very large Scar; he ſtammers in his Speech, is bow legged, and roles much in his walk; had on a dark Cloth Coat, with white Lining, and Metal Buttons; I expect he will change his Dreſs and Name, but the above Deſcription of his Perſon, &c. will always diſcover him; he run away once before, and was taken up in Cheſter Town, Pennſylvania, then had a forged Paſs, went by the Name of John Harris, but his Knee diſcovered him; it is ſuppoſed he has got a forged Paſs; he has told the other Servants he would get on board ſome Veſſel going to Sea; it is therefore begged of all Captains not to carry any ſuch Rogue, but to ſend him him on Shore to Juſtice; he has been long in this Country, and by his cunning Inquiry knows moſt Places, and the Names of the Countries, and the moſt noted Perſons in Pennſylvania, Maryland, and Virginia. Whoever ſecures him, ſo as I may get him again, ſhall receive Five Pounds Reward, paid by

WILLIAM TAITE.

N. B. He was with me in September, on Patuxent River, at Benedict, and Lower Marlborough, where no doubt he informed himſelf of the Names of the moſt noted Perſons and Places.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

July 24, 1766. NUMB. 1961.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

From the LONDON CHRONICLE *of May* 8, 1766.
To the PRINTER.

SIR,

Will you pleaſe to indulge me with a place for the following ſtrictures, in your extenſive, public-ſpirited, and impartial publication?

The PICTURE *of* PARTY.

Omnia venalia Romæ. SALLUST.

THE effervescence of Party, like the motion of the ſea, is never entirely at reſt. Party is a fever that robs the wretch under its influence, of common ſenſe, common decency, and ſometimes common honeſty; it ſubjects reaſon to the caprices of fancy, and miſrepreſents objects; the jaundiced eye, which paints things yellow, does not more abuſe us in the quality of colours, than party in thoſe of moral ideas; we blame and pity bigotry and enthuſiaſm in religion; we juſtly cenſure the wild exceſſes and cruelties, injuſtice and murders, they are guilty of; are party principles leſs reprehenſible, that, in a worſe cauſe, are apt to intoxicate and diſorder the brain, and pervert the underſtanding? They come to ſet a community at variance, father againſt ſon, and ſon againſt father; they diſſolve, in a moment, the ſolideſt friendſhips, and as ſoon create them, be the objects ever ſo unworthy; the vileſt ſcurrility, and baſeſt practices, in favour of their cauſe, give the author a title to their heart, purſe, and intereſt; the fairеſt fame is rendered infernal, and the fouleſt angelic; that is called genius, which, without the magnifying medium of party, had never been ranked with common ſenſe; and genius, through the other end of the perſpective, appears remote, little, and to great diſadvantage.

Lying, and every inflexible vice, become virtues; whilſt obſtinate truth, and inflexible virtue, in the oppoſition, are vices, which may ruin, or render contemptible, the conſcientious poſſeſſor. As men of honour (I had almoſt ſaid Chriſtians, but that is unfaſhionable, and obnoxious to ridicule) how can we practiſe illiberal methods, or exerciſe any mode of corruption, to purchaſe the wicked or weak, or make them ſo; by promiſe or menace, bribery, or any art of deluſion, to unite them to a cauſe, whoſe only merit perhaps depends on our humour, and exiſts but during our reſentment? How great were the public ſpirit! how meritorious the atchievment! could ſome conjurer, clerical or lay, from the pulpit or the preſs, ſo effectually exert the voice of reaſon, as to break the charm, diſpel the infatuation, and reſtore mankind to their ſenſes, ſaying,---ye are brethren, why ſhould ye hate and devour each other? I will now venture to treat you as Chriſtians;---how dare you, in that temper of mind, the ſpirit of malice and revenge, approach the altar of peace and brotherly love, or call for a curſe, while you make, in your petitions to the throne of grace, your own forgiveneſs of others a condition of your own pardon? 'Forgive us our treſpaſſes, as we forgive them that treſpaſs againſt us;' and can't we forgive a friend or a neighbour, that follows the dictates of conſcience, whom the laws of our country indulge with a privilege to act conſcientiouſly, if peaceably and conſtitutionally, and which they render ſacred, by guarding it with penalties? We that would condemn an undue influence over ourſelves, as cruel, deſpotic, and unjuſt, how can we think to deprive others of the like freedom? Force on the mind, in a political, as well as religious cauſe, liſts proſelytes, as it were, by a preſs-warrant, whoſe deſertion may be hourly expected, on the firſt favourable opportunity; the heart is not convinced; the will is led captive; they may wear the appearance of ſervice; they may make, though ſpecious, yet reluctant conceſſions;

'Their hands are guilty, yet their hearts are free.'

And what is this but taking away the boaſted liberty of a Briton? rendering inſincerity familar and habitual, and opening a door to a thouſand enormities, that may ſometime end in the ruin or ſlavery of this unhappy kingdom. To the author of theſe reflections, ſome may object party motives; let ſuch conſider, that a wiſe man is glad to learn a hint, or find improvement, even from an enemy; truth, like wit, is of no party or country, but a citizen of the world, and a general well-wiſher to mankind. As ſuch, I am yours, &c.

Leiceſter, May 2, 1766. A. Z.

BOSTON, July 3.

Thurſday laſt the following Addreſs was preſented to his Excellency the Governor.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THE Houſe of Repreſentatives have duly attended to that Part of your Excellency's Speech which had reference to a full and ample Compenſation to be made to the Sufferers in the late Diſturbances.

We are ſenſibly affected with the Loſs they have ſuſtained, and have the greateſt Abhorrence of the Madneſs and Barbarity of thoſe Perſons who were the Inſtruments of their Sufferings,---nothing ſhall be omitted by us in our Department to bring the Perpetrators of ſo horrid a Fact to exemplary Juſtice; and, if it be in their Power, to a pecuniary Reſtitution of all Damages.

But, may it pleaſe your Excellency, as a Compliance with your Excellency's Recommendation to the Provincial Aſſembly to make up theſe Loſſes appears to this Houſe not as an Act of Juſtice, but rather of Generoſity, they are in Doubt whether they have any Authority to make their Conſtituents chargeable with it, without their expreſs Conſent:---The Houſe therefore begs Leave to acquaint your Excellency, that they have thought it their Duty to refer the Conſideration of this Matter to the next Sitting of the General Court, that the Members may have the Opportunity of taking the Minds and Inſtructions of their ſeveral Towns thereupon.

Friday laſt his Excellency the Governor ſent the following Meſſage to the Hon. Houſe of Repreſentatives, viz.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

AS your Reaſons for not complying at preſent with what has been recommended to you by Order of the King, with the Advice of his Parliament, on the Behalf of the Sufferers in the late Diſturbances, will probably be canvaſſed with great Preciſion; it will be proper that the Intendment of them ſhould be as certain as may be. I ſhould therefore be glad to know, whether I muſt underſtand from your Meſſage of Yeſterday, that it is your Opinion that a Detection of the Perpetrators of the late Miſchiefs is neceſſary to intitle the Sufferers to a Compenſation for their Loſſes.

It appears to be the gracious Intention of the King and Parliament, that a Veil ſhould be caſt over the late Diſturbances, provided it be covered by a general and uniform dutiful Behaviour for the future. But it is certainly no leſs their firm and reſolute Purpoſe, that the Sufferers by theſe Diſturbances ſhall have a full and ample Indemnification made to them: And this Buſineſs has been committed to you upon Principles of Humanity and Juſtice, rather than of meer Generoſity.

If you think that an Enquiry into the Promotion and Perpetration of the late Diſorders is a neceſſary Preliminary to determine from whence the Charge of the Compenſation ſhall finally come, and ſhall pronounce for the Expediency of ſuch an Enquiry, you will certainly be aſſiſted by the Governor and Council in the Proſecution of it: And I dare ſay it will be no difficult Work to trace this Matter to the Bottom.

But, in the mean Time, I fear the King and Parliament will think their Intimations diſregarded, by your propoſing an Enquiry now, after it has been neglected for nine Months paſt; during all which Time the Houſe have had this very Buſineſs of Indemnification under their Conſideration. They expect from you that the Sufferers ſhall be indemnified at all Events, whether the Offenders are diſcovered or not, or whether they are able to pay the Damages or not; and ſeem to be more intent upon Indemnification than upon Puniſhment.

I therefore wiſh, for the Sake of the Province, whoſe Intereſts, and eſpecially thoſe of its Trade, are now in a very nice Ballance, and for the Sake of this Town, whoſe reſpectable Inhabitants have already ſuffered much, in the Opinion of the World, for having been tame Spectators of the Violences committed in it, that you would remove this Diſgrace without the leaſt Delay, by ordering the Indemnification immediately to be made, upon the Credit of thoſe whom you ſhall hereafter judge to be chargeable with it. When this is done, there can be no Objection to your poſtponing the Conſideration, on whom this Money ought ultimately to be laid, to what Time you pleaſe; and I make no Doubt but that any Enquiry, which you ſhall think fit to make for this Purpoſe, will be as efficacious as you can deſire.

Province Houſe, FRA. BERNARD.
June 27, 1766.

Upon which the Houſe the next Day preſented to His Excellency the following Addreſs

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THE Houſe have duly attended to your Excellency's Meſſage of the 27th Inſtant-----We are fully ſenſible of the Goodneſs of the King and Parliament, and agree with your Excellency, that it appears to be their gracious Intention that a Veil ſhould be drawn over the late Diſturbances. And we hope our Behaviour will always be ſuch, as to merit their Approbation.

SIR, The Houſe are ever attentive to the Applications of Perſons of every Rank, whoſe Caſe juſtly claims their Conſideration: But as the Sufferers whom we apprehend your Excellency refers to, have never applied to this Houſe (as we conceive) in a parliamentary Way for Relief; we are humbly of Opinion, that we have done all at preſent, that our moſt Gracious Sovereign and his Parliament can reaſonably expect from us----But to ſhew our Regard to every Thing recommended by the King and Parliament, we have appointed a Committee to ſit in the Receſs of the Court, to make a thoro' Enquiry into the Riots committed in the Month of Auguſt laſt, and diſcover the Perſons concerned therein as far as may be. For the effectuating which Buſineſs, we doubt not but we ſhall be aided by your Excellency, and his Majeſty's Council.

And further we would acquaint your Excellency, that the Houſe have paſſed a Reſolve to take the Report of this Committee under Conſideration at the Beginning of next Seſſions of this Court, and act thereon what ſhall appear to them to be juſt and reaſonable.

Your Excellency is pleaſed to enforce the immediate Compliance of the Houſe with this Requiſition, by an Argument drawn from a Regard to the Town of Boſton, the Reputation of whoſe Inhabitants, your Excellency ſays, has already ſuffered much for having been tame Spectators of the Violences committed, and that this Diſgrace would be removed thereby. We ſee no Reaſon why the Reputation of that Town ſhould ſuffer in the Opinion of any one, from all the Evidence that has fallen under the Obſervation of the Houſe; nor does it appear to us how a Compliance would remove ſuch Diſgrace, if that Town had been ſo unhappy as to have fallen under it.

To be SOLD by
GEORGE PATTEN,
Late from Madeira, at his Cellar, under Mr. Wikoff's Store, in Front-ſtreet, and alſo at his Store, in Water-ſtreet, next Door to Mr. Meaſe's, below Walnut-ſtreet,

A Choice Parcel of Madeira Wines, in Pipes, Hogſheads, and Quarter Caſks; ſome of which three Years old, ſome two Years old, and ſome of the laſt Vintage. ¶

THE Partnerſhip of SHAW and SPROGELL being now diſſolved, all Perſons indebted, are requeſted to make immediate Payment to Samuel Shaw, who is impowered to ſettle the ſame, if not, thoſe Perſons whoſe Accounts have been due above twelve Months, may expect Trouble, without further Notice.

There are on Hand, a ſmall Aſſortment of European and East-India Goods, which will be ſold on reaſonable Terms, for Caſh or ſhort Credit.

Alſo Mayburry's Bar Iron.

WHEREAS the Partnerſhip of HOWELL and HARTLEY, will be diſſolved in a few Days, all Perſons indebted, are once more requeſted to make immediate Payment, if not, they may depend on ſuch Treatment as the Law directs.

N. B. They have a ſmall Aſſortment of Goods on Hand, which will be ſold at prime Coſt, for Caſh. Tbc. 6 W.

TO BE SOLD,

A Valuable Tract or Parcel of Land, containing 217 Acres, with a fine Stream of Water running through ſaid Land, ſufficient for a Griſt-Mill, and a large Quantity of Meadow Ground may be watered by ſaid Stream, lying in Baltimore County, Maryland, ſituate near the Little Falls of Gunpowder, about 17 Miles from Baltimore Town, and about 10 Miles from Joppa, with an indiſputable Right. For further Particulars apply to the Subſcriber, living near Joppa, in ſaid County.

¶ WILLIAM RICHARDSON.

July 19, 1766.

WHEREAS an Advertiſement was publiſhed laſt Fall, deſiring all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Joſeph Williams, late of Lower Merion, deceaſed, to pay off their reſpective Debts; but as few Perſons have attended thereto, even to the Diſcharge of the Intereſt due on their Bonds, theſe are to inform all whom it may concern, that unleſs they diſcharge the ſame immediately, ſuch Steps muſt be taken as the Law directs for the Recovery thereof. And all thoſe who purchaſed any Effects at the Vendue, are deſired to make immediate Payment, agreeable to the Conditions of Sale. EVAN DAVID, JOHN ROBERTS, THOMAS WHARTON. 4 W.

Baltimore County July 12, 1766.

TO be ſold, at public Vendue, on the Premiſes, on Monday, the Firſt Day of September next, a valuable Plantation, ſituated on Diamond Ridge, about 9 Miles from Baltimore Town, containing 240 Acres of Land, well wooded and watered, about 60 Acres cleared, and under good Fence; there is about two Acres of Meadow Ground improved, and 30 more may eaſily be made; there is on it a Dwelling-houſe, with a new Barn, 40 Feet by 20, and a good bearing Orchard of choice Fruit. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may ſee the Land before the Day of Sale, by applying to

AMBROSE GEOGHEGAN.

N. B. The Title is indiſputable. ¶

Rouſby-Hall, Patuxent River, Maryland, June 9, 1766.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, five Indentured Servant Men, viz. *William Firth*, a Gardiner, an Engliſhman, about 45 Years of Age, about five Feet ten Inches high, thin viſaged, wore his own light brown Hair, which was ſhaved as far back as the Crown of his Head, but wears a Wig occaſionally over his Hair. Had on, when he went away, a blue Cloth Coat, pretty much worn, with yellow Buttons, a ſtriped Flannel Jacket, with a black Mancheſter Velvet One over it. He ſtole, and took with him, ſundry trifling Things; the moſt remarkable was, a half-worn Razor, made by Price, and the Maker's Name upon the Shank of it, which is not common. He is a Man of Education, and a moſt artful Villain, tho' remarkably talkative, and fond of ſpirituous Liquors; he is a tolerable good Cook, and underſtands the Management of a Garden, and will probably offer his Service in one or other of theſe Capacities, or perhaps as a Clerk or Schoolmaſter; he has been formerly in the Jerſeys, and ſays, he reſided with one Mr. Vanborn in that Province, it is likely that he may have forged Paſſes for himſelf and the others, and perhaps changed their Names.

John Leary, a Caulker, born in England, a luſty Man, about five Feet eight Inches high, of a ruddy Complexion, wore his own dark brown Hair, ſhaved back to the Crown of his Head, has thick Lips, a large Mouth, and liſps much in his Speech; had on, when he went away, a blue Jacket, much tarred, a Pair of long Ozenbrigs Trowſers, a ſmall Felt Hat, a Check or Ozenbrigs Shirt, having both with him.

James Ruſſell, an Engliſhman, calls himſelf a Baker, but knows little or nothing of the Buſineſs, a ſhort well ſet Fellow, about five Feet high, pitted with the Small-pox, has thin Lips, a remarkable Catching in his Speech, and liſps in pronouncing many Words; he ſays he has been in the Navy, and may probably paſs for a Sailor; had on, when he went away, a Sailor's blue Jacket, with a ſtriped Flannel One under it, a Check or Ozenbrigs Shirt, long Ozenbrigs Trowſers; he frequently wore on his Head a brown Cloth Cap, but ſometimes a Leather One, lined with a Leopard's Skin, turned up quite round the Cap.

John Rawlings, a Butcher, an Engliſhman, about five Feet ſix Inches high, thin viſaged, has a remarkable Stupidity in his Countenance, is a little deaf, and ſpeaks ſlow, and ſeldom; had on, when he went away, a blue Jacket, and a ſtiped Flannel One under it, an Ozenbrigs Shirt, long Ozenbrigs Trowſers, a Felt Hat, or Leather Cap, lined with a Leopard's Skin.

Joſeph Dent, a Shoemaker, calls himſelf a Gardiner, but is ignorant of that Buſineſs, ſays he is a Frenchman, and ſpeaks French, but appears like an Engliſhman, and ſpeaks exceeding good Engliſh. He is a complicated Villain, and an artful down looking Fellow; he is well made, rather round ſhouldered, and about five Feet eight Inches high, wears his own dark flaxen Hair, ſhaved back to the Crown, is much pitted with the Small-pox, has a remarkable Effeminacy in his Voice, and heſitates in ſpeaking. This Man is a good Ploughman, and underſtands the Buſineſs of Farming; had on, when he went away, a blue Half-thick Jacket, with large flat Metal Buttons, Ozenbrigs Shirt, and a Pair of long Ozenbrigs Trowſers.

The ſaid Servants were ſeen the 14th Day of June, in Suſſex, in Pennſylvania, on their Way to the Northward. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servants, and ſecures them, ſo that they may be returned to me, ſhall receive, as a Reward for *William Firth*, TEN POUNDS, and FIFTY SHILLINGS for each of the others, beſides what the law allows, if taken in any Government to the Northward of this Province, after the Publication hereof. Dated the Thirtieth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, 1766. WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

Philadelphia, July 15, 1766.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, laſt Night, from the Subſcriber, living in East Nottingham, Cheſter County, a native Iriſh Servant Man, named Patrick Doyle, five Feet eight or nine Inches high, about 30 Years of Age, dark Complexion, black Hair, cut ſhort on the Top of his Head, has loſt two of his upper fore Teeth: Had on, when he went away, a half-worn Caſtor Hat, light coloured Country Cloth Coat, with a white Linſey Lining, and Metal Buttons, old blue grey Jacket, a ſtriped Linen Ditto, filled with blue, coarſe Shirt, black Silk Handkerchief, blue grey Stockings, coarſe Trowſers, Leather Breeches, and half-worn Shoes, with ſquare carved Metal Buckles. Took with him ſeveral Razors and Hones, and pretends to be a Barber. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and brings him to his Maſter, ſhall have the above Reward, or THREE POUNDS if ſecured in Goal, paid by † MESSER BROWN.

WANTED,

In the Public Alley, Midſt of the Square between Market and Arch-ſtreets, to paſs out of Front into Water-ſtreet,

A SETT of good STONE STEPS, laid on Arches. Any Workman that is willing to undertake and complete the ſame, are deſired to apply to THOMAS RICHE, KEARNEY and GILBERT, or to THOMAS CLIFFORD, and make known their Terms.

To the Publiſhers of the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

GENTLEMEN,

Your publiſhing the following Piece from the LONDON CHRONICLE, *of April* 17, 1766, *will, I am perſuaded, at this Time, not be leſs acceptable to the Bulk of your Readers in this City, than to*

Your humble Servant,

A. B.

To the PRINTER.

SIR,

THERE is a very ſtriking ſtory in the *Guardian* or *Spectator*, of a venerable Hermit, to whoſe care and prayers was committed the beautiful daughter of the King, as the only means of her recovery from a languiſhing ſickneſs. The virtuous Hermit, having this beauty alone with him, was tempted to wickedneſs. He complied with the temptation, and was ruined! To hide his ſhame, he murdered the Princeſs. To avoid the gallows, he worſhipped his tempter, who at laſt ſpit in his face, and left him to deſtruction!

This is a very moving picture of eminent virtue, whilſt without temptation, and of the terrible advances from one evil to another, when we have once yielded to vice with deliberation; and, ſad to tell! it is too often the caſe, that the firſt yielding to vice is by imperceptible gradations from the paths of virtue; and therefore it is, that wiſe men cannot be too careful in preventing every mode of life that may have the leaſt tendency to corrupt innocence, or diſſipate virtue.

Virtue and induſtry are the great ſupporters of trade, and whatever tends to leſſen either, muſt be an enemy to a trading people. Our wiſe neighbours, the Dutch, are extremely cautious how they admit any kind of diſſipation from the great ends of their conſtitution. Public diverſions are ſeldom admitted into their trading cities above two or three weeks in a year; the reſt of their time is devoted to buſineſs, and the common duties of life. From which judicious regulations it is, that there are fewer bankrupts, and fewer executions, than in moſt parts of the world.

This great city has hitherto never admitted any violent mode of diſſipation into its frame. Private concerts, little routs, and accidental aſſemblies, on public occaſions, have been connived at, becauſe not fixed, frequent, or known publickly enough, to leave univerſal influence upon the minds and manners of the people in general. Play-houſes, gaming-houſes, and the like bewitching modes of ruin, never were tolerated amongſt us, and I hope never will; and I am ſorry to find that we are not ſatisfied with the preſent little inoffenſive entertainments amongſt us; but as the great and opulent here, have determined to learn the art of ſpending and trifling from the great elſewhere, who have nothing to do, I cannot help it, and only wiſh it may not prove like the leaving a blooming beauty with the above named virtuous and venerable hermit!

Let the deſign and conſequence be conſidered in the moſt candid light, and no great good can be expected from it in a trading city.

1. As to the deſign, if I miſtake not, it is to form a grand and public aſſembly-room for the opulent citizens and their ladies, after the manner of that eſtabliſhed in Soho Square, for the entertainment of people of faſhion at the weſt end of the town. The particular regulations of this aſſembly have not yet tranſpired; but it is eaſy to imagine that it will be conducted with an elegancy and brilliancy never equalled before in the city. The buildings, rooms and decorations ſuperb; the entertainment to conſiſt of the moſt expenſive viands, and the moſt delicious wines; the muſic will be enchanting, and the company ſparing no pains or expence to out-ſhine one another. How often this aſſembly is to be held, is not publickly known, or whether it is to be confined only to thoſe who keep coaches, or not worth leſs than 50,000l. or what is to be *done* when aſſembled, we know not; whether there is to be dancing, gaming, ſwearing, getting drunk, or the like, or only a number of people met together to look at, and talk to, one another. But let us conſider it which way we will, it is evident it will prove as a tempting beauty to the virtuous principles, uniform induſtry, and ſober manners of a trading people. In the moſt candid light, it muſt prove a ſnare to virtue, a ſtab to induſtry, a motive of the higheſt exceſs in gay cloathing, delicate eating, &c. and, in ſhort, in all probability, will prove of the ſame conſequence to the city as a playhouſe.

2. But let us conſider the conſequences a little more minutely. If it proves a public Aſſembly for all who will buy a ticket, then it is eaſy to foreſee that bakers, taylors, carpenters daughters, of a thouſand pounds fortune, will not reſt unleſs admitted two or three times in a ſeaſon. What good effect this is like to have upon their future lives, as wives, mothers, &c. is eaſy to foreſee, and likewiſe that many of them will never become wives, &c. at all! But ſuppoſing only the rich are admitted, what emulation of expence, what ridicule of ſuch characters as have raiſed riches by their induſtry, what eagerneſs of attention muſt diſtract the ſubſcriber, his wife and children, to make the neceſſary preparations for an aſſembly night! And if it ſhould prove a paradiſe on earth, I cannot but apprehend a great decay of attention to the *Paradiſe* above. It is certain the more we attend to the pleaſures of this life, the leſs we think of thoſe of eternity; and therefore it is, that every increaſe of public pleaſure is an addition to the danger of public piety and virtue. And I humbly think it will not be unbecoming the pulpit to give an earneſt exhortation now and then to their hearers to flee theſe lying vanities, leſt they prove a ſource of real miſery.

C A T O.

CLAGENFURTH (in Auſtria) *March* 24.

ON the 10th of this Month the Sieur Wilbourg began to make his Experiments for extracting the Juice of the Maple. The Method is, to bore ten of theſe Trees to the Depth of two Inches, and to inſert in every Orifice an Elder Pipe. In twenty Hours time each Tree yielded three Quarts of Sap, Vienna Meaſure. He has found that two Pounds and a Half produced one Pound of raw Sugar. When the Sap of theſe ten Maples ſhall have done flowing, which it will in about 25 or 28 Days, the Sieur Wilbourg will reſume his Operations, and purify the Sugar. We ſhall then know by the Calculation, whether, every Thing elſe taken into Account, it will be beſt to purſue his Diſcovery, or continue to import Sugar from foreign Countries.

Biceſter (in Oxfordſhire) April 30. On Monday laſt Curioſity led the principal Inhabitants of this Place to be preſent at the Celebration of a more extraordinary Marriage than perhaps had before been ſolemnized at our Church; the ſame Couple having before not only been married a few Years ago to each other, but in the interim had each had the amazing Fortune, one to marry a Woman who had two Huſbands, both living at the ſame Time; and the other a Huſband who had alſo two Wives. The Clergyman who performed the Ceremony, was ſo much afflicted with the Gout, as to be obliged to be carried to Church in a Sedan; and immediately after Wedding, at which the Woman was given away by a Quaker, her Child, about a Month old, was brought to be baptiſed; and ſhe was afterwards publickly churched.

L O N D O N.

May 9. An Inſtitution, under the Name of the Hibernian Society, for the Orphans and Children of Soldiers only, took its Riſe in the Pariſh of St. Paul, an Out-pariſh of Dublin, amongſt a few Gentlemen, who obſerved with Compaſſion the numberleſs Diſtreſſes the Offspring of thoſe brave Men, who had, at the Hazard of their Lives, reaped immortal Glory for their Country in every Part of the Globe. And on January 1, 1765, twenty Boys, Children of Soldiers, were taken into the Alms-houſe on Oxmantown Green, belonging to the Corporation of Carpenters, Part of which Houſe the Corporation complimented the Governors with, for their Uſe. The Children are to be maintained, and cloathed, and at proper Age apprenticed out to proper Occupations. This Beginning prompted ſeveral humane Gentlemen in the City of Dublin to grant their Aſſiſtance, and a voluntary Subſcription took Place, which was ſoon followed by ſeveral Noblemen and Gentlemen. This, with the Sum collected at a Charity Sermon, hath enabled the Governors to provide for fifty Boys, beſides having apprenticed ſix, and they are now fitting up an Accommodation for 20 Girls. There are ſaid to be at leaſt 1500 Children about Dublin meriting the Attention of the Public.

Extract of a Letter from Newcaſtle, April 26.

"The Spot or Macula on the Sun, mentioned to have appeared lately, paſſed over the Sun's Center Thurſday Se'nnight, about two P. M. when it appeared in the very Middle of his Diſks, and quite round; at which Time it ſubtended an Angle of 26 Seconds of a Degree at leaſt; whereas our Earth, at the ſame Diſtance, is ſeen under an Angle of only 17 Seconds; which proves it to be more than three Times and a Half bigger than our whole Globe. From that Time its apparent Shape and Magnitude hath continually diminiſhed ſo much, that Yeſterday Noon its Breadth was but 6 Seconds, and its Length 17, being diſtant from the Weſtern Limb but 22 Seconds; and totally diſappeared the ſame Evening, having taken about 6 Days and a Half in deſcribing the Sun's Semi-diameter, or in paſſing from his Center to the Circumference. It was all the Time, till near its going off, very black and diſtinct, and ſurrounded with a Cloudineſs or duſky Atmoſphere. It will, it is highly probable, make its Appearance again on the Eaſtern Limb, conſiderably to the North of the Equator, in 13 Days Time.----By theſe Spots it is diſcovered, that the Sun turns round its Axis, though it does not move out of its Place, in about 26 Days; to do which, it muſt turn 200 Times faſter than the Motion of a Cannon Ball, when it firſt leaves the Mouth of the Cannon.

They write from Sutton, near Potton, in Bedfordſhire, that the Man (who a few Days ago went voluntarily before a Magiſtrate at Bedford Town, and acknowledged himſelf to be concerned in the Murder of a Gardiner, at the firſt mentioned Place, and accuſed two other Perſons as his Accomplices in the ſaid Murder) had been again examined and confronted with the two Men, when he greatly prevaricated, and at length owned that he committed the Murder by himſelf, and that no other Perſon knew any thing of the Matter. He farther added, that his Conſcience perpetually accuſed him, and that he had no Reſt till he had made a true Confeſſion of the above horrid Fact; on which he was ſent to Bedford Goal, and the two Men were ſet at Liberty.

KINGSTON (in JAMAICA) *June* 14.

On Wedneſday Night laſt, about three Minutes before Twelve, a violent Shock of an Earthquake was felt here, which laſted about two Minutes, altho' the Earth continued convulſed for ſome time after. The Shock was ſo great that the Houſes rocked backwards and forwards, and threatened immediate Deſtruction. Many of the Inhabitants, of both Sexes, afrighted out of their Sleep, ran naked into the Streets; ſome retreated to the Sea Side, in order to find Protection on board the Ships, whilſt others ſought the Fields as a Place of Security. The Scene was really ſhocking and diſtreſſing; the Dogs howled, the Birds ſcreamed, and Nature itſelf ſeemed terrified. Several other ſlight Shocks were felt before Day-light, which kept the diſmayed Inhabitants under continual Apprehenſions, and greatly added to their Diſtreſs. The Ground opened in ſeveral Parts of the Town, and large Chaſms were made in many of the Walls, but we do not hear of any Houſes being thrown down, or any Perſon receiving Hurt. It is juſt Seventy-four Years, and four Days, ſince the dreadful Earthquake in 1692, which deſtroyed Port Royal.

June 21. The Earthquake which happened the 11th Inſtant, was felt all over the Iſland, and by a Ship, upwards of 30 Leagues at Sea, the Captain of which thought ſhe ſtruck the Ground. We do not hear of any Perſon being hurt. On Saturday laſt two ſmall Shocks were felt.

Sunday arrived his Majeſty's Frigate Active, from Penſacola, at which Place they are in great Want of Proviſions.

Friday Morning the Militia, in conſequence of Orders before received, aſſembled in King-ſtreet, to wait the Arrival of his Honour Roger Hope Elletſon, Eſq; Lieutenant-Governor of this Iſland, who made his public Entry. A Company went as far as Mr. Ford's Penn at Liguena, and eſcorted his Honour to the Church, who went down King-ſtreet to the Court-houſe, and was ſaluted by the reſpective Officers, as he paſſed them. His Honour made his Entry in a Coach, drawn by ſix Horſes, and was followed by ſeveral other Carriages. After his Honour had received the Congratulations of the Cuſtos, and other Gentlemen, the Militia, both Horſe and Foot, marched before him, and made a very brilliant Appearance, being all dreſſed in their Uniforms. The Standard was diſplayed on the Church, and the Ships in the Harbour fired their Guns. His Honour, and the principal Gentlemen of the Town, dined at Ranelagh, where an elegant Entertainment was provided.

PORTSMOUTH, New-Hampſhire, July 11.

The following Petition was lately preſented to the General Aſſembly now ſitting here, viz.

The humble Petition of George Meſerve, of Portſmouth, in New-Hampſhire, Shews,---

THAT the laſt year, when the act of parliament for granting and applying certain ſtamp-duties, &c. was paſſed, your petitioner being in London, was honoured with the appointment of diſtributor of ſtamped parchment, vellum and paper, for this province; and in order to execute the duty of his office, was under a neceſſity of returning to New England much ſooner than he otherwiſe ſhould have done.---That he arrived here early in September laſt, when he found the whole continent in a ſtate of the utmoſt confuſion and diſorder, on account of the ſaid act of parliament.---That by reaſon of his appoinment to that office, he has been moſt ſhamefully and ſcandalouſly inſulted and abuſed; and from the repeated threats daily uttered againſt him, has been kept in conſtant fear of his life and property.---That every means that envy and malice could deviſe, has been taken by ſome people in the province to render him odious and contemptible, and to make him the object of inveterate malice and hatred; inſomuch that until the account arrived of the repeal of ſaid act, he was afraid to engage in any buſineſs, or take any meaſures for the ſupport of himſelf and family. That by reaſon of the aforementioned abuſes, his character has been greatly injured, and his buſineſs greatly ſuffered.----That your petitioner, encouraged by the Right Hon. Mr. Secretary Conway's letter to the ſeveral Governors on this continent---And from the fourth reſolve of the parliament of Great-Britain in their preſent ſeſſion, makes this application to your Excellency and Honours; and to pray that your Excellency and Honours would be pleaſed to take the premiſes under conſideration, and grant him a compenſation from the government for the injuries he has ſuffered, as aforementioned, and your petitioner will ever pray, &c.

GEORGE MESERVE.

Portſmouth, New-Hampſhire, June 22, 1766.

A committee of the Council and Houſe of Repreſentatives having been appointed to hear the petitioner, and make ſtrict enquiry into the matters alledged by him, made report as follows, viz.

THE committee have heard what Mr. Meſerve had to offer in ſupport of his petition, which conſiſting only of general aſſertions, without any proof of particulars; and it appearing by his own confeſſion, that tho' often threatened, as he ſaid, he had not ſuffered any real damage from any open act of violence, either in perſon or ſubſtance; and that when inſurrections were ſuſpected at different times, guards were appointed to protect him, and to prevent any injury to him. It is the opinion of the committee that Mr. Meſerve's caſe does not come within the true intent and meaning of the recommendation of the honourable houſe of commons, and Mr. ſecretary Conway's letter, as we conceive the ſaid recommendation has reference not to thoſe who have been abuſed and threatened on account of their unpopular office, but to thoſe only who have ſuffered evident damage, either in perſon or ſubſtance, from ſome overt act of violence of the people, which Mr. Meſerve confeſſes was not his caſe; and it is our opinion, that conſidering the late dangerous times of calamity and licence, the government did what was in their power to prevent any violence; and that the happy ſucceſs of the meaſures for this end was very much owing to the general good diſpoſition of his majeſty's faithful ſubjects in this province.---And further, we think that if Mr. Meſerve had otherwiſe the cleareſt title to the reſpectable recommendation he aſſumes, and to which we deſire to pay the higheſt regard, yet he would have rendered himſelf unworthy that recommendation by the illiberal, uncivil and rude manner he has made return to the condeſcenſion of the general court, in appointing a ſpecial committee to hear him. Upon the whole, having carefully read and conſidered the reſolves of the honourable houſe of commons, and Mr. ſecretary Conway's letter, we are of opinion, that Mr. Meſerve has not proved that he has ſuffered any thing within the purport and meaning of the ſaid reſolves; and from the tenor of his petition, and his manner of ſupporting it, we beg leave to recommend the diſmiſſing it.

Which Report was accepted by both Houſes, and the Petition ordered to be diſmiſſed.

BOSTON, July 10.

Yeſterday Morning died, in the 46th Year of his Age, the Reverend JONATHAN MAYHEW, D. D. Paſtor of the Weſt Church in this Town.

Yeſterday an Expreſs came to Town from the Weſtward, by whom we have the following Particulars: That the Inhabitants of a Place called Noble-Town and Spencer-Town, lying Weſt of Sheffield, Great-Barrington, and Stockbridge, who had purchaſed of the Stockbridge Indians the Lands they now poſſeſs, by Virtue of an Order of the General Court of this Province, and ſettled about 200 Families;---that John Van Renſelaer, Eſq; pretending a Right to ſaid Lands, had treated the Inhabitants very cruelly, becauſe they would not ſubmit to him as Tenants, he claiming a Right to ſaid Lands, by Virtue of a Patent from the Government of New-York;----that ſaid Renſelaer, ſome Years ago, raiſed a Number of Men, and came upon the poor People, and pulled down ſome Houſes, killed ſome People, impriſoned others, and has been conſtantly vexing and injuring the People;-----That on the 26th of laſt Month ſaid Renſelaer came down with between 2 and 300 Men, all armed with Guns, Piſtols and Swords; that upon Intelligence that 500 Men armed were coming againſt them, about 40 or 50 of the Inhabitants went out unarmed, except with Sticks, and proceeded to a Fence between them and the Aſſailants, in order to compromiſe the Matter between them: That the Aſſailants came up to the Fence, and Hermanus Schuyler, the Sheriff of the County of Albany, fired his Piſtol down aſſant upon them, and three others fired their Guns over them: The Inhabitants thereupon deſired to talk with them, and they would not hearken; but the Sheriff, it is ſaid, by ſome who knew him, ordered the Men to fire, who thereupon fired and killed one of their own Men, who had got over the Fence, and one of the Inhabitants, likewiſe within the Fence. Upon this the Chief of the Inhabitants, unarmed as aforeſaid, retreated moſt of them into the Woods, but 12 betook themſelves to the Houſe from whence they ſet out, and there defended themſelves with 6 Small-arms, and ſome Ammunition, that were there in: The two Parties here fired upon each other, the Aſſailants killed one Man in the Houſe, and the Inhabitants wounded ſeveral of them, whom the reſt carried off, and retreated, to the Number of 7, none of whom, by the laſt accounts, were dead.--- That the Sheriff ſhewed no Paper, nor attempted to execute any Warrant---and the Inhabitants never offered any Provocation at the Fence, excepting their continuing there, nor had any one of them a Gun, Piſtol or Sword, till they retreated to the Houſe. At the Action at the Fence one of the Inhabitants had a Leg broke, whereupon the Aſſailants attempted to ſeize him, and carry him off; he thereupon begged they would conſider the Miſery he was in, declaring he had rather die than be carried off, whereupon one of the Aſſailants ſaid, you ſhall die then, and diſcharging his Piſtol upon him, as he lay on the Ground, ſhot him through the Body, as the wounded Man told the Informant; that the ſaid wounded Man was alive when he left him, but not like to continue long. The Affray happened about 16 Miles diſtant from Hudſon's River. It is feared Van Renſelaer and his Party will cauſe theſe poor People to be purſued for thus defending themſelves, as Murderers; and keep them in great Conſternation.

Extract of a Letter from London, May 10.

"Yeſterday came two of Captain Lindſay's People here, the ſecond Mate, and Thomas Batſon; eight Days after they failed from Piſcataqua, in a Gale of Wind, they ſprang a Leak, and foundered, the Chief Mate, and five of the People, froze to Death the firſt Day, Captain Lindſay, and the other two, having more Clothes than the reſt, got in the Tops, which kept them from periſhing; after that they found one of the People jammed up ſomewhere below, whom they made faſt, and lived upon, until they were taken up by Captain Dean, from South-Carolina, bound to Holland, and in getting Captain Lindſay off the Wreck he was drowned; ſo there are but theſe two ſaved out of the Ship's Company, who are much froze, and gone to the Hoſpital."

NEWPORT *(Rhode-Iſland)* July 14.

Friday, the 11th Inſtant, was the hotteſt Day known in this Town for four Years paſt. A Fahrenheit's Thermometer being ſuſpended abroad in a Northern, Weſtern, or Eaſtern Shade, all Day, exhibited the following Altitudes of the Mercury.

At VIII h.	35 m.	85 in a Weſtern Shade.
X		88½ in a Northern Shade.
XI	15	91½
I A.		91
III		88
V	30	83 in an Eaſtern Shade.
VII		80
XI		75½

At I h. P. M. it ſtood at 93½, in the Shade, in a different Part of the Town. The Barometer ſtood at 30, 4.

The Garland Man of War, Captain St. John, arrived here laſt Wedneſday from New-York.

Laſt Saturday his Majeſty's Ship Maidſtone, Captain Antrobus, ſailed from this Port for Halifax.

We hear that the Lords of the Treaſury have tranſmitted Orders for the Stamped Papers, which were ſent for the Uſe of this Government, to be returned home.

NEW-YORK, July 17.

Laſt Week one John Harlow, belonging to Captain Cuyler's Company of Grenadiers of the 46th Regiment, being convicted at a Court-Martial of a capital Crime, for which he was ſentenced to receive ſome Hundred Laſhes; when it was going to be executed, he ſtabbed himſelf in the Right Side, of which Wound he lingered a few Hours, and died.

On Friday Night laſt four Officers of the Regulars, poſted here, ſallied from a Tavern, where they had drank too freely, and near the College began to break the City Lamps.---A Man who keeps a public Houſe there, happened to be up, and leaning over his Door when they broke a Lamp juſt before him; upon his aſking the Reaſon of it, and reproving them, they gave him abuſive Language, ruſhed into the Houſe, attacked him with their Swords, and, while he was ſtruggling with them, they wounded him in the Arm, and it was with Difficulty he eſcaped with Life.--- They then behaved in a very outrageous Manner, alarmed and terrified the Family and Lodgers, ſome of whom they pulled from their Beds: After this they proceeded down the Broad-way, attended by two armed Soldiers, breaking the Lamps as they went, till they had deſtroyed 34, when they were met by four of the Watch, and a Fray enſued; ſeveral of the Watchmen were wounded (one or two of them badly) and two of the Officers knocked down, but one only was taken and ſecured in the Watch-houſe. The other three who eſcaped, having taken the Centinels from the General's Door, and about a Dozen Soldiers from the Fort, armed with Muſkets and fixed Bayonets, proceeded towards the City-Hall: In the Way they again met, attacked and wounded ſeveral of the Watch, and then went on to the City-Hall

where the Civil Watch is kept, and rescued and released the Prisoner.---Next Day the Officer who had been in the Watch-house being seen and known, was taken up, and another soon after, and brought before the Mayor and Aldermen then sitting, where they gave Bail in a large Sum for their Appearance to answer at the Supreme Court.---The Penalty is Twenty Pounds for every Lamp wilfully broken.

The genteel Behaviour of the Commanding Officer upon the Occasion, gave general Satisfaction;----far from attempting to screen or countenance the Offenders, he appeared rather a Friend and a Supporter of the Civil Authority.

July 21. Near 200 Soldiers, with two Field Pieces, went off Yesterday Morning, we hear, to endeavour to quell some Rioters in the upper Counties of this Province, said to be occasioned between the Landlords and Tenants.

Captains Elder and Chambers arrived here on Saturday Evening from the Musqueto Shore, in 21 Days. The 3d of July Captain Elder spoke with Captain Remington, from Rhode-Island, bound to Jamaica; and Captain Cullum, from the Bay, bound for the Mediterranean. By Letters from the Bay we learn, that Provisions, and Bread in particular, is so very scarce there, that many Vessels, ready to sail, could not proceed to Sea for Want thereof.

Not more than six Topsail Vessels have entered this Port for 30 *Days past.*

Wednesday last the Harriot Packet Boat, Captain Robinson, sailed from hence with the Mail for Falmouth.

ANNAPOLIS, July 10.

Thursday last, and in the Night, we had a very heavy Rain, which has done some Damage in different Parts of the Country, by carrying away Mill-Dams, beating down the Wheat, &c.

PHILADELPHIA, July 24.

On *Thursday* Morning last departed this Life, in this City, the Rev. Doctor SAMUEL FINLEY, President of the College of *New-Jersey*, in the 51st Year of his Age, and was interred in a plain Manner, pursuant to his own Request, the Morning following, in the *New Presbyterian Church*, where a Sermon, suitable to the Occasion, was preached by the Rev. Mr. *Richard Treat*.

To attempt to do Justice to the Character of this truly great and good Man, would require more Time and Reflection than the present mournful Circumstances of his Death would admit. There are few Virtues which adorn the Teacher, the Divine, the Gentleman, and the Christian, but what were united in him. To a strong manly Genius he had added great Improvements, in almost all the various Branches of Learning, which he taught, with a Degree of Ease and Precision, that did Honour to himself, and greatly advanced the Reputation of the Seminary over which he presided. These great Acquirements, joined with his truly polite easy Behaviour, endeared him to all around him, and rendered him one of the most accomplished Scholars in *America*.

His Character as a Divine was eminent. His Sermons were always filled with the most important Truths, and were delivered with an Energy of Spirit, that demonstrated how deeply his Mind was impressed with what he spoke. His many animated and judicious Publications, upon some of the most important and controverted Points in Religion, will always remain as living Witnesses of his singular Knowledge and Penetration.

He was a strict Example of every Christian Virtue, and a striking Proof to what a Pitch of Excellence Religion exalts the human Nature. His Devotion was rational and uniform. He was sincere and steady in his Friendships; tender and faithful in every domestic Relation; and manifested that his Faith worked by Love, by his diffusive Benevolence, which he evidenced in all his Deportment towards his Fellow Creatures.

His whole Life was a continued Scene of unremitted Labours, in promoting the Interests of Religion and Learning. He taught a flourishing *Academy*, and was Pastor of a *Presbyterian Church*, near Seventeen Years, in *Nottingham*, in *Pennsylvania*, and was removed from thence in the Year 1761, to succeed the Rev. Mr. SAMUEL DAVIES, as President of the College in *New-Jersey*. He entered upon, and discharged the Duties of this important Station with a Dignity that did Honour to the Institution. The many promising young Gentlemen that have been educated by him, some of whom are now filling the most useful Spheres in Life, and his bereaved Pupils, who mourn the Loss of one common Friend and Father, will all attest, how well he was qualified for the difficult Office of a Preceptor.

After all that can be said in his Favour, those who knew him best, will ever entertain the highest Sense of his Worth.

During a long and painful Illness, he discovered the utmost Resignation to the divine Will, and met the Approaches of Death with a Composure and Triumph, that did Honour to his Character as a Christian.

In a Word, when we view his useful and exalted Station, and consider how great the Loss, and how mysterious the Providence is, to the World, the Church, and more especially to the College, already afflicted with many former Bereavements in a close Succession, we cannot help adopting the Language of the Royal Mourner upon a different Occasion, and saying, HOW IS THE MIGHTY FALLEN! AND THE BEAUTY OF ISRAEL SLAIN ON HER HIGH PLACES!"

We hear that on the 14th Instant, the Honourable Sir WILLIAM JOHNSON, Baronet, was at the German Flatts, on his Way to Oswego, to meet *Pondiac*, and the Western Nations.

Captain Smith, from Jamaica, on the First Instant, off Cape St. Anthony, spoke the Harmony, Captain Kellen, and the Rose, Captain Brett, both from Jamaica, bound to London, all well.

Sunday last the Snow Penn, Captain Harkies, sailed for New-York, with the Right Hon. Lord HOPE on board.

Arrived from this Port. Captain Miller, at Jamaica; and the Captains Tucker and Campbell, at Pensacola.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD-ENTRIES.

Sloop Abigail, S. Chevers, Salem, N. E. Sloop Merrimack, J. Lowell, Piscataqua. Brig Betsy, S. Smith, Jamaica. Ship Hugh and James, C. M'Carty, New-Castle on Delaware. Sloop Sally, T. Albertson, New-York. Sloop Recovery, J. Cordis, Boston. Sloop Bathsheba, B. Hicks, Honduras. Schooner Providence, J. Reid, and Brig Tryal, J. Wilson, from Pensacola.

OUTWARDS. Sloop Peggy, G. Bridges, for Newfoundland. Brig Elizabeth, A. Golly, London. Sloop Phœnix, N. Gardner, Georgia. Ship Esther, R. Adams, Dominica. Sloop Three Bachelors, P. Deady, Fyall. Schooner Susanna, R. Rainey, Jamaica. Brig St. George, W. Groves, Boston. Sloop Merrimack, J. Lowell, for Piscataqua.

CLEARED. Sloop Two Brothers, A. Adderly, to N. Providence. Snow Rachel, J. Lockton, and Brig Miriam and Ann, W. Haselton, Barbados. Schooner Lovely Molly, J. Theobalds, Maryland. Schooner Leopard, T. Church, Halifax. Sloop Polly, A. Hamton, Virginia. Schooner Dolphin, E. Doughty, North Carolina. Sloop Three Friends, T. Parker, Boston. Ship Phillis, J. Robinson, to Liverpool.

WHITE and CALDWELL,

Have removed from Water-street into Chestnut-street, a few Doors from Front-street, to the Store lately occupied by Mr. John Gibson, where they have for Sale,

A General Assortment of European and East-India GOODS, lately imported from England.

They have also for Sale, some very neat drawn Bar Iron.

For BRISTOL,

The BRIGANTINE WILL and RENN, VALENTINE CLARK, Commander,

At JAMES and DRINKER's Wharff, to sail in ten Days, having the greatest Part of her Cargoe ready to go on board. For Freight or Passage apply to said JAMES and DRINKER, or said Commander.

Philadelphia, July 12, 1766.

To be SOLD by

THOMAS CULLEN,

At his House in Market-street, between Fourth and Fifth-streets, next Door to Mr. Stephen Paschall, and within six Doors of the Sign of the Lamb,

MADEIRA and other Wines, Jamaica Spirits, West-India and Philadelphia Rum, Melasses, Loaf, Lump, and Muscovado Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Nutmegs, Alspice, Pepper, Ginger, Rice, Chocolate and Mustard, Mackrel, Mill Saws, Cross-cut Ditto, Frying-pans, Brass Cocks, and Pewter Teapots, Nails, &c.

N. B. As the said CULLEN is conveniently situated for the Country Waggons, he intends retailing the above Articles at the most reasonable Prices, and hopes to merit the Favour of his Friends and Customers. ‡

JOHN WIKOFF,

DESIRES all Persons indebted to him, either by Bonds, Bills, Note, or otherwise, to pay the same immediately, unto PETER WIKOFF, in Front-street, a few Doors below Walnut-street, who has his Books, and is impowered to receive his Money, and settle his Accounts. All those that have owed him any considerable Time after the Money became due, and do not comply with the above Request, may depend on being sued in a very short Time, without Favour or Affection.

Philadelphia, July 21, 1766.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Charles Souter, late of Kensington, deceased, in Bonds, Notes, or Book Debts, are hereby desired to pay such respective Debts within the Space of three Months from the above Date. And all those who have any just Demands against the said Estate, are likewise hereby desired to bring in their Accounts duly attested to me

¶ BERNARD LAWERSWYLER.

Lancaster, July 14, 1766.

THE Members of the JULIANA LIBRARY Company, in Lancaster, are desired to meet on the 15th Day of September next, at the Library Room, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, to chuse Directors, Treasurer, and Librarian, for the ensuing Year, agreeable to the Charter; and make their Seventh Annual Payment. And such Persons who are in Arrears, are requested to attend and discharge the same; as by further Neglect they will transgress the Laws, and thereby forfeit their Share in the Books and Effects of the Company, which will reduce the Directors to the disagreeable Necessity of erazing their Names out of the List. And all such Persons likewise who have taken Books, or Instruments, out of the Library, and detained them beyond the limited Time, are desired to send them in immediately.

By Order of the Directors,

† WILLIAM HENRY.

TO be sold, on Monday, the 18th of August next, at Six o'Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-house, by the Executors of John Reily, deceased, One full equal, and undivided Moiety of 37 Acres and 47 Perches of Land, most of it Woodland, situate near Passyunk Road, about three Miles from the City. Also a young Negroe Girl, about 17 Years of Age, fit for Town or Country Service, and has had the Small-pox.

As Mr. Reily kept no Accounts against any Person for drawing Deeds, but depended upon the Honour and Justice of his Employers, to pay for those Services, if there be any Persons indebted to the Estate on such Account, they are requested to pay the same to JOHN ROSS, or JOHN ORD, Executors; and those who have any Demands against Mr. Reily, are requested to send their Accounts to the Executors, in order to have them settled and paid. ¶

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be sold by public Vendue, on Friday, the 8th Day of August next, at the London Coffee-house, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, a certain two Story Brick Messuage, Tenement, and Lot or Piece of Ground thereunto belonging, situated on the North Side of Arch or Mulberry-street, in the City of Philadelphia, containing in Front on said Street 40 Feet, and in Length or Depth 82 Feet, bounded Southward by Arch-street aforesaid, Eastward by a House and Lot of Robert Shepherd, Northward by Ground of James Claypoole, and Westward with Ground of Thomas Bartholomew; subject to a Ground-rent of 32 Spanish milled Dollars, or as much Currency as will purchase the same from time to time; late the Estate of Ezekiel Worrall; seized and taken in Execution by WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

Lancaster, ss. July 18, 1766.

THE Retailers of spirituous Liquors, made exciseable by an Act of Assembly of the Province of Pennsylvania, are hereby desired, without further Notice, to make their Entries according to Law, and pay off their Arrears of Duty next Court, at Lancaster, for which Service I shall attend the three first Days of the Court, at the House of Matthias Slough.

¶ JAMES WEBB, Collector.

Chester, July 19, 1766.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be sold by public Vendue, on the Premises, on Saturday, the 9th of August next, about Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, a certain Messuage and Tract of Land, situate and being in the Township of Darby, containing about 100 Acres, bounded by Lands of Samuel Levis and others; late the Estate of Isaac Collier, deceased, and Ruth his Wife; seized and taken in Execution by PHILIP FORD, Sheriff. *

Chester, July 19, 1766.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be sold by public Vendue, on the Premises, on Monday, the 11th of August next, about Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, a certain Messuage, Plantation and Tract of Land, situate in the Township of Oxford, containing about 144 Acres and a Half, bounded by Lands of Stephen Cornelius, David Fleming, Henry Caddens, William Armstrong, and John Henderson; late the Property of James Dickey; seized and taken in Execution by

§ PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

Chester, July 19, 1766.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be sold by public Vendue, on Tuesday, the 12th of August next, about Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, a certain Messuage, Plantation, and Tract of Land, situate in Radnor Township, known by the Name of the Horse and Groom Inn, with good Meadow Ground, Stables, Sheds, &c. containing about 23 Acres, lying on the great Road leading from Philadelphia to Lancaster, bounded by Lands late of Joshua Evans, Samuel Harry, and Lancaster Road; late the Estate of Aubrey Harry and Wife; seized and taken in Execution by

¶ PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

Chester, July 19, 1766.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be sold by public Vendue, at the Horse and Groom Inn, now kept by Michael Straddleman, on Tuesday, the 12th of August next, about Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, a certain Plantation, or Tract of good Land, lying in the Township of Radnor, containing about 56 Acres, bounded by Lands of Aubrey Harry, Thomas Dennis, William Thomas, Musgrove Evans, and others; late the Estate of Samuel Harry; seized and taken in Execution by ¶ PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

STrayed or stolen, from off the Commons of this City, some Time about the first of this Instant, a dark brown Horse, about 14 Hands high, a little white Spot on his Forehead, a short Tail, no Brand or Ear-mark, trots and hand-gallops, was lately shod. Whoever takes up and secures said Horse, so that the Owner may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, and if stolen, for Horse and Thief Forty Shillings, paid by me the Subscriber, in Market-street, near the New Printing-Office. ELIAS BOTNER.

Philadelphia, July 22, 1766.

STRAYED, on Saturday, the 19th Instant, a large sorrel roan Horse, above 15 Hands high, 8 or 9 Years old, but looks older, having a Number of grey Hairs about his Head; he is of the New-England Breed, full chested, and hollow in the Flank; he has a switch Tail, his Mane is thin, and hangs on both Sides of the Neck, paces and trots, is shod all round, and was lately trimmed under the Bridle, and about the Ears. He was purchased last Spring of one Andreas Tenack, Innholder, at Brunswick Landing, and was bred somewhere near Amboy, it is imagined he may be gone that Way. Whoever takes up said Horse, and brings him to the Subscriber in Market-street, near the Indian Queen, shall receive Four Dollars Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by CHARLES THOMSON. †

Chester Goal, July 15, 1766.

THIS Day was committed to my Custody, Patrick Norris, alias John Norris, on Suspicion of being a Runaway Servant, and has since confessed that he belongs to Mr. Charles Vallaly, of Pottsgrove: His Master is desired to come, pay Charges, and take him away. JOSEPH THOMAS, Goaler. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of Ground, situate in Spring Garden, containing about an Acre, with a two Story Brick House and Kitchen thereon; also a Frame House and Malt-house, with a Garden, Orchard, and other Improvements. The House is now, and for some Time past has been, used for a Tavern. Any Person inclining to purchase, may apply to CHRISTOPHER SHIBELAR, living on the Premises, and know the Terms of Sale. ¶

STRAYED or stolen, on the 2d of June, at Night, from Darby, in Chester County, a dark Chestnut or brown coloured Mare, 14 Hands and an Half high, five Years old, neither Brand nor Ear-mark, paces and trots, her Mane hangs chiefly on the near Side, and is shod before. Whoever brings said Mare to John Knowles, near Darby, or to Isaac Buckingham, near Wilmington, or secures her, so that the Owner may have her again, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by ISAAC BUCKINGHAM. ¶

CAME to the Plantation of JOHN HALL, at the Sign of the Wheat Sheaff, in Oxford Township, 8 Miles from Philadelphia, on the Trenton Road, on the 2d Day of June last, a bay Horse, supposed to be about 12 Years old, near 15 Hands high, his two hind Feet white, his near fore Knee larger than the other, and his off fore Leg marked with a Rope, shod all round, but has lost his Shoes. The Owner proving his Property, and paying Charges, may have him again, by applying at the Place aforesaid. §

Philadelphia, July 22, 1766.

THERE were committed to the Work-house of this City, the 7th Day of June last, two Servant Men, named John Quin, and James Norton, belonging to David Ferguson, and Samuel Nickison, both of Salem County, in New-Jersey, and their Masters have had Notice; this is once more to inform them, that if they do not come, pay Charges, and take out said Servants, in three Weeks from the above Date, they will be sold out for the same, by the Keeper of said Work-house. ¶

JUNE 10, 1766.

THIS is to give Notice to Andrew Cosgrave, Cooper, lately come from Ireland, who advertised his Wife in the Papers last Summer, that she and her Father, the Subscriber, are living in Baltimore County, within Fifteen Miles of the Town, in the Forks of Gunpowder, on Part of Mr. Nicholas Le Darnel's Land, and are very desirous of his coming there. ¶ MICHAEL LITLE.

STOLEN on the 17th of June, at night, out of a pasture, in Milford Hundred, near Little Elk, Cecil county, a black gelding, 5 years old, about 15 hands high, paces and trots, shod before, a snip on his nose, some white on one of his hind feet, and a lump on the top of his shoulder, behind the wither-lock, like a navel-gall. Whoever takes up and secures the horse and thief, so as the owner may have his horse again, and the thief brought to justice, shall have FOUR POUNDS reward for both, or FORTY SHILLINGS for the horse, and reasonable charges, paid by * JAMES MACKEY.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the POST-OFFICE PHILADELPHIA.

JAMES ALLISON (Forks of Delaware) Robert Atkin (2) John Armstrong, James Andrew.

B. Judith Bond, Robert Bond, John Barrett, John Baxter, John Bezer, John Batinghum, William Brown, John Berry, Kabdin Beker, Hugh Burges.

C. James Clark, Richard Clarke, Matthew Campbell, Joseph Coffman, Robert Coffman (3) Thomas Clement, Nathaniel Coffin, Robert Crawford, Isaac Cadwallader, Thomas Chapman, Thomas Cannon, William Cox, Joseph Chapman, Thomas Clark (Egg-Harbour) James Conkead, David Clancy, Mr. Cajukaff, Moses Crowe, Thomas Cowan, Cross-Roads; Mr. Crazer, Benjamin Camel.

D. Mary Driver, Robert Davidson, James Dobson, Mary Dayn, Charles Dixson.

E. Joseph Elliot, Bucks County.

F. James Fox, James Fipe, Nicholas Farrel, Christopher Fitzpatrick.

G. William Garrard, Gloucester; Andrew Greer, George Grimes, Patrick Gerty, Thomas Glenn, Moses Gregory, Patrick Gordon, John Gay, Mary Golleben, James Garden, Thomas Gill, of the Coventry.

H. John Hat, Jacob Hill, James Horner, Allen's Township; Gaven Steward Hamilton, John Howland, John Hickling, Alexander Hamilton, Joseph Haslet, West-Nottingham; William Hanna, John Heuson, Jacob Hill, Robert Hencelwood, William Horock, Thomas Hifferman.

I. David Jones, Samuel Iverson, Jonathan Ingham, Bucks County; Peregrine Jones, David Jones, Reading.

K. John Kilden, John Kelso, Robert Kennedy, Henry Kelly, Henry Katz, William Kaster, John Kayns, Edward King.

L. Margaret Little, Thomas Larrance, Lester and Bevern, Alexander Lile, Plymouth Township, Robert Latimore.

M. Andrew M'Laren, Duncan M'Craw, Thomas Marsh, John Miller, Walter Meng, Neal Matthews, Powel Middleton (2) James M'Donnel, Anthony Mangin, Alexander M'Cormick, John Moora, John M'Farland, John Moore, Keychixton; William Moorhead, Jane M'Mahan, Thomas Mitchell, Bucks County; John M'Kinney, Alexander Malcolm, Esq; John Morrah, Sarah M'Knight, Samuel Montgomery, Rev. Alexander Murray, Reading; James Meads, Randell M'Kelly.

N. Patrick Nealson, Joseph Nunns, Miles Nutbrown, James Norman (2) William Norton.

O. Michael O'Mullan, Bryan O'Harra, Peter O'Harra (2) Barnard O'Mullen, Owen Owens.

P. John Prudden, Hannah Prichard, John Power, Lafter Pullim, Pool's Ferry; Henry Poynters, James Purviance, Joseph Pennel, Jonathan Paschall, Philadelphia County; Thomas Piercy, Joshua Pearson.

R. Peter Ridge, William Roberts, Henry Richards (2) Robert Rainy, George Ruggles, John Reynell, Margaret Redgrave, John Ryen, John Rabjohn, Nicholas Rambo, Henry Richards, John Ricketts, James Reynolds.

S. Alexander Smith, John Sawyer, Peter Stelle, George Steel, Mrs. Saunders, Casper Sauder, Alexander Smith, at the Sheep and Star, Henry Schultz, Whitemarsh; John Sim (2) William Spencer, Hugh Sands, George Stockham, Henry Small, New-London Township.

T. John Turner, David Taylor, Betsy Tuell, James Taylor (2) Rev. David Telfer.

V. John Vassel.

W. Alexander White, Blanch White, Samuel Way, Edward Wilkins, S. Walter, Henry Wright, Thomas Wilson, David Wilson, and Asaph Wilson, Bucks County; Mary Webb, William Wyer, Edward Wilson, John Warnock, East-Nottingham; William Westbay, West-Nottingham, Jacob Winey, John Wilson, Henry Willes.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, on the 8th inſtant July, from Gibbs's Forge, in Lancaſter County, a certain John Johnſton, about 24 or 25 Years of Age, a thick well ſet Man, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, full faced, Pock marked, dark brown Hair; had on, when he went away, a blue halfworn Broadcloth Coat, ſtriped Ghingam Jacket, white Shirt, Buckſkin Breeches, Thread Stockings, and Calfſkin Shoes. Said Johnſton is gone off for enlarging an Order of Three Pounds to one of Thirty Pounds, and received ſundry Pedlar Goods of William M'Cord in Lancaſter, to the Amount of Thirty Pounds. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid John Johnſton, in any of his Majeſty Goals, ſo that he may be brought to Juſtice, ſhall receive the above Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by Mr. GRUBB, or WILLIAM M'CORD.

N. B. It is likely he will make towards the Jerſeys, as he lived ſome Time at the Union Iron Works. ¶

WHEREAS Jane, formerly intermarried with the Subſcriber, hath eloped from him, and lived as an Adultereſs, as he is credibly informed, and otherwiſe greatly miſbehaved herſelf; theſe are to forbid all Perſons from truſting her on his Account, for he will not pay any Debts of her contracting, ſince her Elopement; and all Perſons are hereby forbid to harbour or entertain ſaid Jane, as they will anſwer the contrary at their Peril. JOSEPH BARNET. ¶

Cumberland County, New-Jerſey.

TAKEN up and committed to his Majeſty's Goal in ſaid County, on the 29th Day of June laſt, a certain Negroe Man, ſuppoſed to be about 30 Years of Age, he ſpeaks good Engliſh, and is of middle Stature; he ſays that he came out of Queen Ann's County, in Maryland, and that his Maſter's Name is William Coſey, living near Queen Ann's Town. The Owner of ſaid Negroe is deſired to pay Charges, and take him away. THEOPHILUS ELMER, Sheriff. ¶

THOMAS HEWES
UPHOLSTERER,

Is removed from Cheſtnut into Market-ſtreet, five Doors below the New-Printing-Office,

WHERE he continues to make and ſell, all Sorts of Upholſterers Work, in the neateſt and neweſt Faſhions, at the moſt reaſonable Prices, ſuch as Beds and Window Curtains, Eaſy Chairs, Couches, Matraſſes, either of Hair or Wool, Feather Beds, Sacking Bottoms, Chair Bottoms and Ship Stools, &c. &c.

Thoſe that are pleaſed to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on Care and Diſpatch. 6 W.

TO be ſold, by public vendue, on the 28th of this inſtant July, at two o'clock in the afternoon, three well-finiſhed wooden dwelling-houſes, with cellars under the whole, and a lot, ſituated on the north ſide of Shippen-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, in Southwark. The lot is 15 feet front by 61. The whole ſubject to a yearly ground-rent of Three Pounds Twelve Shillings, Pennſylvania currency, to be bought off at any time within 7 years; likewiſe part of a pump at the door for ever; and two ſervant girls times, one has three years to ſerve, the other five. Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe the ſame before the ſale, may apply to the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes, WILLIAM DICKINSON.

N. B. To be ſold at the ſame time, ſeveral kinds of houſhold goods, ſuch as a clock and caſe, deſk, drawers, tables, and other things. ¶

To be SOLD or LETT, on Ground-rent,

A LOT of Ground, on the Eaſt Side of Water-ſtreet, a little above Arch-ſtreet, containing in Front on ſaid Street 30 Feet 6 Inches, extending into the River Delaware. Credit will be given for any Part of the Purchaſe-money, giving Security, if required. For Terms apply to JOHN KNOWLES.

TO BE SOLD,

PART of a Tract of very good Land, called Talbot's Laſt Shift, containing 223 Acres, lying on the main Falls of Petapſco, in Anne Arundel County, within 4 Miles of Elk Ridge Landing, and eight of Baltimore Town, about 100 Acres of which are cleared, and under Fence, the reſt exceeding well timbered; there is a convenient Place on the Stream for a Griſt-mill, or any Kind of Water Works. The Improvements thereon are a Dwelling-houſe and Kitchen, and ſeveral Out-houſes, but all want repairing. There is an Orchard, conſiſting of 223 bearing Appletrees of very good Fruit, and many other Fruit Trees. Credit will be given for one Half the Purchaſe Money, on giving Bond with Security, if required. The Title is indiſputable. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the Terms, and view the Premiſes, by applying to Mr. John Ridgely, Merchant in Baltimore Town, or to the Subſcriber, near the ſame.

ELISHA DORSEY.

Cecil-County, Maryland, June 10, 1766.

WHEREAS I paſſed a Bond to a certain Walter Bourke, of New-Caſtle County, bearing Date May 1766, for Thirty Pounds, in Conſideration of a Negroe Man I bought of ſaid Bourke; and as ſaid Negroe Man was under Execution to the Sheriff of New-Caſtle County, before I bought him of ſaid Bourke, and ſaid Bourke cannot make me a good Bill of Sale for ſaid Negroe, until the Execution is diſcharged, theſe are to forewarn all Perſons not to take an Aſſignment on ſaid Bond, as I will not pay the ſame, until I have a proper Bill of Sale. ¶

ALEXANDER CLARK.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be ſold, by publick vendue, on Friday, the 25th day of July inſt. at the houſe of Abraham Wentz, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage, plantation and tract of land, thereunto belonging, ſituate in the townſhip of Whitpain, containing about 7 acres, bounded by lands of Peter Dehaven, Jacob Korr, and Jonas Supplee; late the eſtate of Jacob Shoemaker, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be ſold, by publick vendue, on Friday, the 1ſt day of Auguſt next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-Houſe, Philadelphia, a certain three ſtory bank brick meſſuage, ſituate in the city of Philadelphia, between Race and Vine-ſtreets, containing in front on Front-ſtreet, 17 feet 6 inches, and running through to Water-ſtreet, the depth of 40 feet; bounded northward by a houſe and lot of James James, late Thomas Mullan's; eaſtward with Water-ſtreet; ſouthward with a four feet alley; and weſtward with Front-ſtreet aforeſaid; ſubject to a groundrent of Six Pounds, Sterling money of Great-Britain; late the eſtate of Job Dicks, ſeized and taken in execution, by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

THE beſt ALBANY PEASE, at Nine Shillings per ſingle Buſhel, and Seven Shillings and Six-pence by the Quantity, to be ſold by PETER PARIS, Tavern-keeper and Tobacconiſt, at the South Eaſt Corner Houſe of Second and Race-ſtreets, in Philadelphia. ¶

Cheſter, ſs. *Haverford, July 14, 1766.*

THE Retailers of Spirituous Liquors, made exciſeable by an Act of Aſſembly of the Province of Pennſylvania, are hereby deſired, without further Notice, to pay off their Arrears of Duty, and make their Entries according to Law, next Court at Cheſter, for which Service I ſhall attend the three firſt Days of the Court, at the Houſe of Davis Bevan.

CHARLES HUMPHREYS.

Likewiſe thoſe that have imported any Negroe or Mulattoe Slaves, are hereby advertiſed to make Entries, &c. as the Law directs, otherwiſe they may not expect any further Indulgence.

THE Creditors of John Field, late of this City, Tobacconiſt, an abſconding Debtor, are deſired to bring in their ſeveral Demands againſt the ſaid John, to us the Subſcribers (appointed by the Court of Common Pleas to ſettle and adjuſt the Demands of the Creditors of the ſaid John Field, and to make Diſtribution of his Effects, according to Law) on the 19th Day of Auguſt next. Attendance will be given at 6 o'Clock in the Evening of the ſame Day, at the Houſe of John Lukens, at the Corner of Second and Arch-ſtreets, by LEWIS WEISS, JOSEPH PENNOCK, JOHN DRINKER. ¶

TO be ſold by the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes, at publick auction, the 18th day of September next, 1500 acres of good land, with a large plantation on it, lying on Kittle Run, in Fauquier county, Virginia; twelve months credit will be given, and five per cent. diſcount, for ready money. Alſo another tract of good land, containing 7750 acres, to be ſold on the ſame terms, on the 22d of the above month, whereon are upwards of twenty tenements, lying in the above ſaid county, and on or near Gooſe creek. The firſt mentioned tract lies about 22 miles from Dumfries town; the other about 50 miles, to be ſold by the lump, or in parcels, as can be agreed on. BURGESS SMITH.

RUN away, on the 19th of June, from the ſubſcriber, living at Annapolis, an Engliſh ſervant man, named John Haley, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, 24 years of age, thin viſage, dark complexion, and black hair, is ſlow of ſpeech: Had on, when he went away, a bearſkin coat, with large ſide-pockets, two ſtriped linſey jackets, check ſhirt, and buckſkin breeches; but as he had a quantity of caſh, it is probable he may change his apparel. He is a baker by trade, but has lately been employed as poſt-rider from Annapolis to Philadelphia. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant in any goal, ſo as his maſter may him again, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS Reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM NIVEN.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be ſold by public Vendue, on Monday, the 28th Day of July inſt. at the London Coffee-Houſe, at Seven o'Clock in the Evening, a certain unfiniſhed Frame Meſſuage or Tenement, and Lot of Ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the Eaſt-ſide of Fourth-ſtreet, between Race and Vine-ſtreets, in the City of Philadelphia, containing in Front on ſaid Street 20 Feet, and in Length or Depth 78 Feet, bounded Eaſtward with Ground of William Shippen, Southward with Jacob Steinmit's Houſe and Lot, Weſtward with Fourth-ſtreet aforeſaid, and Northward with Jacob Francis's Houſe and Lot; ſubject to a Ground-rent of Nine Pounds Currency per Annum, late the Eſtate of Marſhall Standley, ſeized and taken in Execution by

WILLIAM PARR, *Sheriff.*

Philadelphia, July 8, 1766.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of John Beahrings, late of this city, taylor, deceaſed, are deſired to make payment immediately, or they may depend, that without further notice, the obligations and book debts will be put into the hands of an attorney, at the end of three weeks from this date; and thoſe that have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts proved, leſt they ſhould loſe the benefit of the firſt diſtribution, which will be made as ſoon as any caſh can be collected worth dividing. JOHN CLAYTON, CHARLES WILLING, Adminiſtrators.

STRAYED or ſtolen from the ſubſcriber, living at the Head of Elk river, in Cecil county, Maryland, the 12th of laſt May, a dark bay gelding, 6 years old, paces and hand-gallops, and trots a little, his mane newly trimmed when he went away, and likewiſe ſome hair out of the under ſide of his mane; he is about 14 hands high, is ſomething meally mouthed, and has a ſhort ſwitch tail; he is ſhort backed, and very chunky and ſtraight limbed; when he paces goes pretty wide behind, and is lively carriaged; he has no brand nor ear-mark, only a white ſpot on the off ſide of his back, occaſioned by the ſaddle; he had no ſhoes on; if ſtolen, likely he may be taken to ſome ſmith's ſhop to be ſhod. Whoever takes up the above mentioned gelding, and brings him to the widow Hollingſworth's tavern, at the Head of Elk river, or ſecures him, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM WILSON. ¶

RUN away, on Monday Morning, the 7th Inſtant, an Iriſh Servant Man, named Patrick Thompſon, five Feet eight Inches high, thin Viſage, pale Complexion, has an Impediment in his Speech, occaſioned by a Hair Lip, which renders him difficult to be underſtood, ſlender in Body, addicted to intoxicating Liquors, is remarkable for magnifying Matters, can read, write a tolerable Hand, and underſtands Figures: Had on when he went away an old Beaver Hat, a black cut Wig, new Olive-coloured Thickſet Coat, lined with blue Shalloon, with Mohair Buttons, the Colour of the Coat, uncertain whether he took a Waiſtcoat, Check Shirt, new Buckſkin Breeches, much ſullied, white Cotton Stockings, and old Shoes, with Braſs Buckles; profeſſes the Buſineſs of a Tallow-Chandler. Whoever ſecures ſaid Servant, ſo as his Maſter, the Subſcriber, may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

† ARCHIBALD GARDNER, *of Philadelphia.*

SERVANTS,

Juſt imported in the Ship Hugh and James, Captain M'Carthy, from Ireland, and to be ſold by

CONYNGHAM and NESBITT,

A PARCEL of likely young Men, Women, and Boys, among which are, Shoemakers, Taylors, Linen, Worſted and Stocking Weavers, Blackſmiths, Nailors, Carpenters, Joyners, Butchers, Gardiners, Diſtillers, Millers, a Mill-wright, Soap-boiler, Sugar-boiler, Sadler, Brazier, Upholſterer, Tobacco-ſpinner, Snuff-maker, Currier, Barber, Cooper, Bricklayer, Breeches-maker, and a Printer.

Likewiſe to be ſold by ſaid CONYNGHAM and NESBITT, very good Cork and Dublin Beef. ¶

RUN away, on the 10th Inſtant at Night, from the Subſcriber, living in Northampton Townſhip, Burlington County, a Negroe Man, named Jemmy, about 35 Years of Age, and about ſix Feet high, a well-limbed Fellow, ſtammers much in his Speech, which is bad Engliſh: Had on, when he went away, an old brown Coat, the Lining chiefly torn out, an Oznabrigs Shirt and Trowſers, and an old Caſtor Hat, patched on the Crown, and cocked up, the reſt of his Cloathing unknown. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe, and ſecures him, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by JOHN HILLIER. ¶

N. B. He has a new worked Pocket-book, and may have a Sort of a Paſs, as ſome ſuch Papers have been found ſince he went away.

CHOICE BOHEA TEA, to be ſold by WILLING and MORRIS, in Philadelphia.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber, on the 25th inſt. July, on the Premiſes,

AN Extreme fine ſituated Tract of Land, fit for a Gentleman's ſeat, lying in Middletown Townſhip, Cheſter County, about 6 Miles from Cheſter, and 16 from Philadelphia; it has been a well accuſtomed Tavern, and is yet. The ſaid Tract containing between 33 and 34 Acres of good Land, with a large commodious two Story Stone Houſe, with three Rooms on a Floor, five Fire-places, and a large Stone Kitchen, with two Fire-places, and a Well at the Door, a very good Barn, Stables, Sheds, 7 or 8 Acres of very good Meadow Land, a good thriving Orchard, fit to make 50 Barrels of Cyder in a Year, and a few Houſhold Goods, to be ſold the ſame Day. Any Perſon applying before the Day of Sale, may know the Terms, of

THOMAS CARVELL. ¶

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A TRACT of Land, containing upwards of Eight Thouſand Acres, ſituate and lying in the County of Prince William, Virginia, and watered by the main Branches of Occoquan; few Tracts of Land in America, of the ſame Extent, whether the Fertility of the Soil be conſidered, Advantages of Situation, or Privileges derived from the Grant, equal the above, none ſurpaſs it; the whole being an almoſt continued Extent of Level, excels in the Produce of Indian Corn, Tobacco, Wheat, &c. The Advantages from its Situation are great, being diſtant from the ſeveral trading Towns on Rappahannock and Potowmack Rivers, by excellent Roads, as follows:---From Frederickſburgh and Falmouth, on Rappahannock Road, 28 Miles; Alexandria 30; Colcheſter 16; Dumfries 12; the Privileges derived from the Grant are, a total Exemption from Quitrent, &c. There are 30 well improved Plantations on the ſame, ſuitable either to the Farmer or Planter; ſix of them only are held by Leaſes for Lives, ſubject to an annual Rent. Any Time of Credit will be given for the greateſt Part of the Money, on Bond, with Intereſt. For Terms apply to Garrett and George Meade, in Philadelphia, or the Subſcriber, living at Aquia, Stafford County, in Virginia.

ROBERT BRENT.

N. B. On the ſame Tract are great Appearances of a Bank of Iron Ore. It has never been examined; ſhould it prove ſufficient for a Furnace, both Water and Wood are extreamly convenient.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Dorſet County, Maryland, on the 29th of March laſt, an Engliſh Servant Man, named William Payne; he was imported in the Year 1764, in the Ship Dove, from London, by Captain Jeremiah Banning, of whom the Subſcriber bought him; he is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, rather ſtout bodied, his Legs ſmall, his Complexion rather ruddy; he is fond of ſtrong Liquor, and is generally talkative when in drink. He indentured as a Sawyer, but as he has formerly been ſeveral Years at Sea, it is probable he may attempt to paſs as a Sailor; had on and took with him, when he went off, a dark or grey or brown Cloth Coat, a blue Cloth Veſt, with Metal Buttons to each, one Nankeen Veſt, one Pair brown Cloth Breeches, two Pair Country Linen Trowſers, two Pair fine white Country Yarn Hoſe, two Ozenbrigs Shirts, two fine white Linen Ditto, a grey cut Wig, a Hat bound round the Rim with black Binding, and a Pair of Country Shoes. Whoever apprehends ſaid Servant, and ſecures him in any Goal, ſhall have Five Pounds Pennſylvania Currency Reward, and if brought home, reaſonable Charges, paid by WILLIAM ENNALLS. 6 W.

TO be Sold, by Robert Eaſtburn, a valuable Plantation, in Norrington Townſhip, Philadelphia County, on the great Road, leading from Philadelphia to Reading and elſewhere, about 18 Miles from Philadelphia, containing 100 Acres of very good Land, 60 Acres cleared, and in good Order, ſix Acres of which Meadow, and a ſufficient Quantity more may be eaſily made and watered, the Remainder good Woodland, the whole well watered, there being laſting Water in moſt of the Fields. There is on ſaid Place, a well built Stone Dwelling-houſe, 34 Feet by 27, two Stories high, finiſhed in the beſt Manner; a Log Barn and Stables, a Spring-houſe, with a good Spring of Water in it, about 40 or 50 bearing Apple Trees, and 100 more planted one Year laſt Spring. There is alſo on ſaid Place, a Tanyard, with a good Stone Mill-houſe, a Water-pool, with a fine Stream of Water running through it, and all Conveniences for that Buſineſs. The Situation is very pleaſant and healthy. For further Particulars, enquire of the Subſcriber, living on the Premiſes, ¶

ROBAT EASTBURN.

New-Windſor, Bucks County, July 4, 1766.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons indebted to the eſtate of John Kirkbride, late of the Falls townſhip, Bucks county, deceaſed, to diſcharge their reſpective debts with all poſſible expedition; and thoſe that have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired (as ſoon as they conveniently can) to bring or ſend in their accounts, that they may be adjuſted by ¶ JOSEPH KIRKBRIDE, *Adminiſtrator.*

TO BE SOLD,

A Plantation, or Tract of excellent Land, containing 200 Acres, by Samuel Harris, adjoining the Premiſes, lying near Deer Creek, on a Branch of Rock Run, in Baltimore County, Maryland, being within a Mile of Purkins's Ferry, and four Miles of the Lower Ferry, on Saſquehannah, and very convenient to ſundry Merchant Mills; ſaid Land is well watered and timbered, a Stream running through the ſame ſufficient for a Mill, about 20 Acres thereof cleared, and under good Fence, with a ſmall Dwelling-houſe, and there may be a conſiderable Quantity of good Meadow made on ſaid Land. For Terms of Sale, apply to ſaid HARRIS, near the Premiſes, or to STEPHEN COLLINS, in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

N. B. The Title is good. 2 M.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

BROKE out of the Workhouſe of the Borough of Lancaſter, in the Night of the 8th Inſtant, the following Servant Men, viz. one James Brannin, about 22 Years of Age, ſmooth Face, and about five Feet five Inches high; had on, when he went away, a blue Cloth Coat, white Linen Jacket, Buckſkin Breeches, almoſt new, ſpeckled Worſted Stockings, and a white Shirt; and had an old Pair of Trowſers. Hugh Cunningham, about five Feet nine Inches high, a little Pock-marked, wears his Hair tied behind, and cut cloſe before; had on an Aſh-coloured Jacket, blue Cloth Breeches, fine ſpeckled Worſted Stockings, new Shoes, and a coarſe Shirt. Whoever takes up and ſecures the above Servants in any of his Majeſty's Goals, ſo that they may be reſtored to the Keeper of the Goal in Lancaſter, ſhall have the above Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by ¶ MATTHIAS BOUGH, Goaler.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, a ſervant man and woman, named Walter and Winford Pritchet; the man is a taylor to trade, and cannot do any other work; the woman is a ſtaymaker, and very handy at houſe work; they both ſpeak good Engliſh, but low, take ſnuff, and love liquor; the man is about 5 feet 7 inches high, has black hair, and grey eyes; the woman is but low of ſtature, pretty likely, has black eyes, and black hair; as they came lately from Ireland, their clothes are but ordinary, and probably have changed them. Whoever ſecures them in any goal on this continent, and lets me know, in the public papers of this province, ſhall have the above reward for both, or Fifty Shillings for either. I hear the man is liſted, and has taken his wife with him to Fort Pitt. All gentlemen of the army are forbid to liſt or harbour them, and Captains of veſſels to carry them off, at their peril. HENRY NEIEL. ¶ 5s. Tbctf.

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July 31, 1766. NUMB. 1962.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

From the LONDON CHRONICLE, of April 19, 1766.

A Copy of a Letter to the Right Rev. Thomas *Lord Biſhop of* Kildare, *from* Thomas Butler, *Eſq; of* Warminſter, *in* Wilts, *concerning a* REMEDY *for the* STONE *and* GRAVEL.

THE benefit I received from the Daucus, or Wild Carrot, has been ſo great, that I thought it my duty to mankind to advertiſe its virtues, and the relief I received from it, in the Saliſbury Journal, about three years ago, which was crowned with ſuch high ſatisfaction, that I received intelligence, that it had done great cures on ſeveral people, who took it purely on the recommendation of my advertiſement.

"I had laboured under that painful diſorder the Stone in the Kidney at leaſt forty-ſix years, when, about four years ſince, or ſomething more, it became ſo painful, that I was under an abſolute neceſſity of quitting my annual journeys into Hants, and ſeek for eaſe by any means I could find it; but all in vain; it grew upon me ſo, that I could not ſit at table to eat my meat, but in the greateſt pain; and finding, by experience, I could have no more eaſe in a recumbent poſture, I was obliged to lie down wherever I came, either at home or abroad, and in that poſture I converſed with my friends, and in that poſition eat my dinner daily, and, in ſhort, I was ſtill followed by ſuch continual pain, that I expected I had but a ſhort time to live.

"I had applied to Phyſicians, Apothecaries, Quacks, and Old Women, and, conformable to directions, I made uſe of Mr. Stephens's Medicine, and, nauſeous as it was, I took about fourſcore draughts of it, together with a full doſe of the ill taſted Powder, that is a part of the recipe; but all in vain: I could find no relief. In this miſerable condition I recollected I had an Herbal, in which were preſcribed remedies for many diſorders: I providentially looked into it, and found the Wild Carrot ſtrongly recommended by Mr. Boyle. I immediately (it being the 1ſt or 2d of Auguſt) ſent a perſon into the fields to get me the Wild Carrot, which was accordingly done; I made it into a tea, ſweetening it with Liſbon ſugar, and drank about two ordinary tea-pots full in a day, each pot containing a full half-pint, the one for breakfaſt, the other for ſupper, eating with it as with other tea, and in three days time the pain began to grow weak and die away, and in five days it quite left me, my ſpirits revived, and I was reſtored (I bleſs God) to perfect eaſe.

"I continued drinking this tea till the 17th of December following, and then idly neglected it; the diſorder returned; I had a ſhort fit, which held me ſix hours: I had again recourſe to my Wild Carrot, and in a few days got the better of it; ſince which I have enjoyed great eaſe: I cannot ſay that I never felt pain in the kidneys, but this I can aver for truth, that it is never enough to make me cry Oh! and that I think I never enjoyed better health than I have done for theſe four laſt years. This is the time of the year (Auguſt) when I got it. I will only ſay (though I know not how to have done with this ſubject, where almoſt a miracle has been wrought in my favour) that it is to be gathered in Auguſt, and dried well in ſome room in the ſhade, and then put aſide in a cloſe bin for uſe: You are only to uſe the heads or ſeeds of it. I take ſix or ſeven heads, and put them into the tea-pot, and then put boiling water upon them, and, after it has ſtood as other common tea, drink it, generally dividing it into two draughts. I forbear all ſorts of ſalt-meats (at leaſt ought to do ſo) and ſtrong beer I rigidly refrain from; I drink about two or three glaſſes of wine after dinner, and as much good table-beer as I have an inclination to; I never drink any thing in a morning before or after tea; I drink nothing after tea in an evening. It is ſomething forcing, but not violently, ſo it does not hurt in any kind. You will ſay, perhaps, I am prejudiced in its favour, but of this I am confident, I have enjoyed more eaſe theſe laſt four years than I ever did from the age of fourteen, and I find myſelf in better health to that time. I have not made any bloody, or coffee-ground water, no not once ſince I took the Carrot-Tea, notwithſtanding I made ſuch, at times, for more than twenty years before. I am, &c.

THOMAS BUTLER."

A Letter from the Reverend the Dean of Kildare.

"SIR,

"On reading Mr. Butler's letter, I, who had been much afflicted with the ſtone, betook myſelf to the drinking the Wild Carrot Tea; this was in the month of October laſt, and ſince I have drank it, I have not felt any ſevere pain; I have ſometimes, indeed, uneaſy feelings, but they are the feelings rather of weight than of pain, and generally terminate in my parting with a great deal of looſe gravel, much more than I was formerly uſed to part with. Whether this medicine tends to the diſſolution of a ſtone, already concreted, or ſerves only to prevent a further concretion, I cannot ſay; but it is no ſmall happineſs, that whatever its manner of operation may be, I have, ever ſince I drank it, been free from any violent pain: How long I ſhall continue ſo, God only knows. I am, &c.

Bath, Dec. 24. PHILIP FLETCHER."

To make DANCUS *or* DAUCUS ALE.

Take of the Daucus ſeeds nine ounces, raiſins of the ſun eighteen ounces; put them into a bag, and hang in a veſſel of ſix gallons of good ale; after it is worked, and when fine, after eight days drink three pints a day.

N. B. *The* Wild Carrot *is to be had in great Plenty, in this and the neighbouring Provinces, and may be gathered the End of July, or Beginning of Auguſt.*

Saturday laſt the Brig Mansfield, Captain Boone, arrived here from Liſbon, by whom we have the following Advices, viz.

NAPLES, April 15.

MOUNT Veſuvius broke out on Thurſday laſt, with great violence, on the oppoſite ſide to its firſt eruption; and a new lava took its courſe towards the Torre del Anunciata, between Portici and Pompeia. This lava is really tremendous, the river of fire being now at leaſt four miles in length, and in ſome places near two miles in breadth. It has already deſtroyed three vineyards, and is continuing its courſe ſlowly, over cultivated lands, towards the village of the Anunciata. The lava, at its ſource, and for the firſt mile, is as rapid as the river Severn at the paſſage near Briſtol; but, by extending itſelf, cools and loſes its velocity, ſo as not to advance more than 30 feet in an hour.

Genoa, April 20. We have reaſon to think that the differences which aroſe in Corſica about the exchange of priſoners, have been accommodated; as ſeveral natives of this territory are arrived here, who had been ſtopped by the malecontents.

Stockholm, May 3. The Body of Citizens have repreſented to the States, that there is room to fear a ſcarcity of grain in the kingdom; and the Dyet has referred this important matter to the conſideration of the Secret Committee.

The King has permitted 500 tons of corn to be taken out of the Crown magazines, in order to be diſtributed to the poor in ſmall portions, and at a low price, under the direction of the Magiſtrates.

Paris, May 2. The Hereditary Prince of Brunſwick-Wolfenbuttel is ſtill at Verſailles, where the Princes of the Blood and Noblemen of the Court are attentive to procure him every kind of pleaſure. When he was preſented to the King, his Majeſty received him with more marks of diſtinction than he ever gave to any other foreign Prince.

Francfort, May 8. It has been publiſhed here by ſound of trumpet, that the Count de Pergen, Miniſter Plenipotentiary from the Emperor to the Circles of the Upper and Lower Rhine, will receive, on the 14th of this month, the oath of fidelity which this city takes to his Imperial Majeſty; and all women, artificers, and Jews, are forbid to appear at the place where this ſolemnity is to be performed; the latter are even ordered not to ſtir out of their quarter on that day.

Naples, April 22. The eruption of Veſuvius is more violent than ever. Several Engliſhmen are come hither poſt from Rome, to ſee this dreadful ſpectacle, and to make their obſervations thereon.

His Sicilian Majeſty has publiſhed an edict, dated the 10th of April, 1766, forbidding any of his ſubjects to leave his dominions, and ſettle elſewhere, without his leave in writing.

Edinburgh, May 7. The Lead-ſhot manufacture, which gave ſuch general ſatisfaction ſome years ago in this city, is now reeſtabliſhed, and carrying on with a ſucceſs ſuperior to every thing of its kind in Britain.

Briſtol, May 17. A few nights ago, among the paſſengers that were going in the ſtage from Bath to London, were two ſuppoſed females, that had taken outſide places, and as they were going into their birth, it was obſerved that one of them had mens ſhoes and ſtockings on, and upon farther ſearch the breeches were diſcovered alſo; this conſequently alarming the company, the perſon was taken into cuſtody, and confined that night; next day he was had before a proper magiſtrate, and upon a ſtrict examination into matters, it appeared, that he was a reputable tradeſman of a neighbouring town, and having caſh and bills to a conſiderable amount, thus diſguiſed himſelf in womens apparel, to eſcape the too civil notice of the travelling collectors.

LONDON.

May 13. They write from Paris, of the 2d of this month, that a deputation of each parliament in the kingdom would ſoon aſſemble, to conſider of a reform in the management of the finances of France.

Canada Bills were negociated at Paris the 1ſt inſtant, at 32 per cent.

Letters from Batavia, received in Holland, adviſe, that the 16th of October laſt was appointed by that government, to be kept as a day of faſting and humiliation, to avert the judgment of the Almighty from that and other Dutch colonies in the Eaſt-Indies, where they were apprehenſive of being ſoon viſited by the plague; a great number of perſons dying there very faſt, ſuppoſed to be owing to the ſulphureous ſtench, and thick black clouds, which have appeared ever ſince the eruption of the Vulcano at Neira.

We hear that the Bill for raiſing 1,500,000 l. by annuities and lottery, for the ſervice of the preſent year, and the bill for prohibiting, for a limited time, the importation of foreign ſilks and velvets, except what are imported by the Eaſt-India Company, have paſſed an auguſt aſſembly.

A letter from Senegal mentions, that Podore fort is reſtored to its former ſtate, and that ſome additional works were erecting.

The Betty, Chancellor, from Georgia, is arrived at Cowes, in ſix Weeks.

The Polly, Ratſey, from South Carolina, is arrived at Cowes, in 32 Days; the Polly, Porter, from Charles-Town, came out with him, but is not arrived.

Yeſterday a gentleman came to the New Goal, in the Borough, and paid the fines and fees of twelve priſoners, ſome of whom had been confined for three years. The ſame gentleman alſo diſcharged upwards of forty poor debtors from the King's Bench and Marſhalſea priſons.

They write from Madrid, that the embarkation of the Spaniſh troops for Mexico has been ſet aſide, at leaſt for the preſent, on account of the diſturbances which have broke out in different parts of the kingdom.

We hear that Lady Clive has received, by the packet from Liſbon, a fine ſett of Indian curioſities, conſiſting of petrefactions of the animal, vegetable, and foſſil kinds, highly eſteemed by the virtuoſi.

May 20. The Duke of Richmond is confidently talked of, to ſucceed the Duke of Grafton, as one of the Secretaries of State.

Letters from Naples aſſert, that the 20th inſt. was the day appointed for the Coronation of the King of the Two Sicilies; and, at the ſame time, the marriage between him and the Archdutcheſs Joſepha was to be made public.

Letters from Ratiſbon, of the 15th inſt. mention, that a report prevailed there, that Prince Clement of Saxony, Biſhop of Freiſingen, &c. died ſuddenly at Vienna a few days before.

The Eaſt-India Company have received advice, that all their outward-bound ſhips are ſafe arrived at fort St. George and Madraſs, except the Ponſberry and the Clive.

On the 7th inſtant, the Houſe of Commons of Ireland waited upon his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant with the following Addreſs to his Majeſty.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

"WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the Commons of Ireland, in Parliament aſſembled, beg leave to approach your throne, and with all humility to teſtify our ardent and inviolable attachment to your ſacred perſon and government; and to implore that your Majeſty will ſuffer us to preſent to you the univerſal prayers of your loyal people of Ireland, *in aſſiſtance of the repreſentations and endeavours of the chief Governor of this kingdom*, towards inducing your Majeſty, in your royal beneficence, to return to your faithful ſubjects, the bill tranſmitted to Great-Britain, for limiting the duration of Parliament, this ſeſſion."

To which his Excellency was pleaſed to return the following anſwer.

"I will immediately lay this addreſs before his Majeſty."

The Hague Gazette of the 14th inſtant informs us, that it was thought the Parliament of England would not break up till advices ſhould be received from America, of the effects which the repeal of the ſtamp-act had wrought in that part of the world.

A letter from Calais, dated May 14, ſays, "Monſ. Lally, who commanded at Pondicherry in the late war, was beheaded laſt Friday at Paris. The Parliament had ordered the execution between eight and nine at night; but having ſome reaſon to think he would deſtroy himſelf, the execution was performed at five; he was drawn in a cart to the place of execution, where a gag was put into his mouth, to prevent his choaking himſelf with his tongue, which he attempted. His friends had obtained leave to bury him according to his rank; but the Parliament were ſo incenſed, that he was obſcurely buried in a little church in Paris. He was in the 66th year of his age."

They write from Breſt, that the Prince de Rohan was arrived there, in order to embark on board a man of war of the line for Martinico. His Highneſs, after examining the ſtate of all the French iſlands, was to proceed for Cayenne and Guienne ſettlements.

Letters from Peterſburgh by the Holland mail adviſe, that preparations are making there for a journey which the Empreſs propoſes to make to Moſcow, Aſtracan, and other cities ſituated on the frontier of the empire towards Perſia.

They write from Vienna, that beſides the principality of Tetſchen, which the Empreſs Queen made Prince Albert of Saxony a preſent of before his marriage, her Imperial Majeſty had juſt given him the fine eſtates of Mannerſdorff and Altenbourg, in Hungary.

Letters from Paris inform us, that the Count de Lally was removed in the night between the 4th and 5th of this month from the Baſtille to the priſon of the Conciergerie (communicating with the palace) where he refuſed to go to bed, and about ſeven in the morning was conducted to the Grand Chamber, which was ſurrounded on all ſides by the guards of the Parliament. As ſoon as he appeared before his Judges, they ordered him to deliver up his red ribband, &c. which he took off, ſeemingly in great diſcompoſure and confuſion; and being afterward placed on the ſtool to be interrogated, he claſped his hands, and raiſed his eyes towards heaven, ſaying, *Is this the reward of forty years ſervice!* He underwent an interrogation of near twelve hours, during which he was ſucceſſively confronted by the Marquis de Buſſy, and the Count d'Ache; and at nine the ſame evening was remanded to the Baſtille, under the eſcorte of ſeveral companies of the Guet, and the guards of the Parliament.

The ſame arret which condemned the Count de Lally, cleared the Count d'Ache, and ſuppreſſed the memorials of the former as falſe and defamatory.

To be SOLD by

DANIEL BENEZET,

At his Store in Arch-ſtreet, near Second-ſtreet,

CHOICE bohea tea, boxes of glaſs 8 by 10, and 7 by 9, neſts of braſs kettles aſorted, from the ſmalleſt ſize to about 30 gallons, ſheet braſs for clock makers, a large aſſortment of ſheet iron, boxes of tin plates, frying pans, beſt kind of knives for cutting ſtraw, Engliſh ben leather ſoals, gun flints, great variety of wire, ſilver and pinckbeck watches, low priced broadcloths, childrens red Morocco pumps, ſingle worſted damaſk, calimancoes, blue camblets, black paduaſoy, Iriſh linen, piſtol lawns, tandem ſileſias, Flanders bed ticks, pieces of bed ticking, hatters and ſtocking weavers cards, pocket looking glaſſes, gold paper, marble and flowered ditto for book-binders, different kinds of ſilk and linen handkerchiefs, blue and white calicoes, writing paper, borax, red chalk, watch ſtrings and ſeals, black glazed lamb gloves and mittens, ſadlers yellow and white loop and globe nails, ferrets, ribbons, laces, pins, coloured thread, metal buttons, blue and white bindings, ink powder, garters, &c. &c.

N. B. A convenient dry good ſtore in Second-ſtreet, near Arch-ſtreet, to be lett. Enquire of ſaid Benezet.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Newtown, Bucks County, on the 10th Day of April laſt, a Woman, named Weanever Carbrite, ſhort and thick-ſet, about 4 Feet high, ſandy Complexion, has a wide Mouth, ſhort Noſe, and round Viſage; had on and took with her, three long Gowns, one Camolet brown, one light coloured Calicoe, black and white, the other double purple and white, dark coloured, likewiſe three ſhort Gowns, one light coloured Chintz, two Linſey, one ſtraight bodied, the other looſe, one Pair of Paſteboard Stays, covered with Camblettee, and trimmed with white, three new Linſey Petticoats, one five ShuttleWork, bound with yellow, the others three Shuttle Work, bound with the ſame, old brown Quilt, a Bath Bonnet, covered with black Taffety, lined with dyed Linen, two new Shifts, one Body made of Ruſſia Sheeting, the Sleeves made of a finer Sort, the other home-ſpun, a Pair of new Leather Shoes, white Yarn Stockings, one Thread Ditto, and a red Flower and yellow Ground Handkerchief. It is imagined ſhe has procured a Paſs, in order to travel. Whoever takes up ſaid Runaway, and ſecures her, ſo that her Maſter may have her again, ſhall receive Thirty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

JAMES TORBERT.

N. B. She is ſuppoſed to be gone towards New-York, as ſhe was ſeen at Princetown. ‡

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Kent County, Maryland, a Convict Servant Man, named William Warburton; he is of a middle Size, born in England, ſtoops in his Shoulders, walks with his Toes much out, has ſhort brown Hair, his Beard of ſandy Colour, has a Down-look, a ſmooth Tongue, and much pitted with the Small-pox, and often makes uſe of the Words, Yes ſure, Ay ſure, and, No ſure. He is a Wheelwright by Trade, but pretends to underſtand Joyners and Houſe-carpenters Work. Had on, when he went away, a dark, or almoſt black, Broadcloth Jacket and Breeches, much worn, and has with him black and white Stockings, Check and white Shirts, a Pair of new Shoes, black grain, with large Pewter Buckles, and an old Caſtor Hat; but as he is a cunning artful Fellow, may change his Name and Apparel, as it is ſuppoſed he has Money. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, and brings him home, ſhall have Four Pounds Currency Reward; and if taken out of the Province Five Pounds; or if ſecured in any Priſon out of the Province, and immediate Notice given, Three Pounds, and all Charges allowed and paid by RICHARD GRESHAM.

N. B. It is probable he may have forg'd a Paſs. All Maſters of Veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their Peril. § S W.

From the LONDON CHRONICLE of April 29, 1766.

To the PRINTER.

AS the Spaniards were ever a proud people, ſo to their pride may be attributed abundance of their ancient good qualities, and among the reſt a high ſenſe of honour, for which they were for many ages remarkable. But it has been their misfortune to have a long ſucceſſion of Kings, of the Auſtrian and French lines, who have been little diſtinguiſhed by the wiſdom of their councils, the virtue of their government, or a true regard for their ſubjects. Hence, with the gradual loſs of the Spaniſh liberties, have the Spaniſh virtues become debaſed; and that pride which once ſerved to make them Enthuſiaſts in honour, now only operates in attaching to inſignificant cuſtoms, and the moſt puerile of all vanities.

No people can, or ever will, like to be ruled by Foreigners, and leaſt of all a proud and vain people; foreign Miniſters to Spaniſh Kings could not, therefore, fail of being greatly odious; and of courſe it muſt always have been ill policy to employ them. This then was one natural ſource of their late diſcontent; another is ſaid to have lain in oppreſſive abuſes in the ſupply of proviſions; a third (which both the French and Spaniſh courts will be ſhy of mentioning) lies in a rooted national hatred of France, with what is naturally conſequent, an utter abhorrence of her faſhions, practices and cuſtoms; nay, it even extends to religious faith and diſcipline; for the Spaniards ſay openly, that the French are worſe Chriſtians than the Heretics of other countries. They therefore abhor a French prevalence in their councils, deteſt the family compact, and become more attached to the dreſs of their own country, in oppoſition to that of France.

Thus, while the Spaniards were ſorely galled with internal oppreſſions, they are alſo ſtrongly irritated by foreign connections and influence; which evils operating together, were the ſources of their diſcontents; and we ought not to wonder at it in them, becauſe they have produced the ſame effects among ourſelves. The immediate cauſe of the inſurrection was indeed an indiſcreet act of violence in a ſoldier on palace duty, in pretending to execute a ſilly law, to which mode of doing it the Spaniards as yet are not quite ſlaves enough to ſubmit; and indeed bad and improper executors of laws they muſt ever be thought, in all countries.

The French dreſs has long been the court dreſs in Spain, as well as in all other countries, and the Spaniſh undreſs, of the long Cloak (made warm for winter, and cool for ſummer) the white Night cap, and flapped Hat, has its conveniencies for that climate, and is therefore uſed by the Grandee almoſt as much as by the Peaſant. The reſignation of a convenience, therefore, as well as of a national cuſtom, of which all people are tenacious, in favour of the faſhion of a people whom they hate, will ever be unwillingly complied with in any country, eſpecially if compulſatory methods are uſed for that purpoſe. But abſolute Princes, or rather abſolute Miniſters, are apt to forget, that it is wiſer and ſafer to influence than controul; and therefore from being intoxicated with their own power, they awaken in the people a ſenſe of natural right, and ſo unhinge their own authority, by puſhing it to an extreme. But where wanton violence is uſed, the inherent right of Nature will be apt to animate even the brute creation to ſome kind of reſiſtance, and urge rational Beings to the free canvaſſing of rights.

From what has come to our knowledge of the Madrid inſurrection, theſe elucidations may be thought not impertinent by the intelligent; and it is not impoſſible, that the event may produce farther effects, both in Spain and its neighbourhood, on either ſide of that kingdom, where ſtrange ſtretches of deſpotiſm have been made, and are now making. The fire of enthuſiaſm, when once it is kindled, may produce a ſtrong and fixed ſpirit of liberty; which has of late begun to ariſe in ſome countries, and may, by wanton oppreſſions, be made to ariſe in all; for wild reſentment may begin what reaſon and reſolute perſeverance will, in the end, effectually complete, of which there is like to be a ſtriking inſtance in Corſica; and every honeſt man, who knows the bleſſings of legal liberty, will, on a principle of philanthropy, wiſh them to become enjoyed by the whole of the human race.

LIBERTAS.

LONDON.

May 16. Letters from Vienna of the 8th of March, bring Advice, that four Soldiers belonging to the Empreſs-Queen's Troops had deſerted, and being afterwards taken, they were condemned to draw Lots, for one to be ſhot out of the four. Three of them drew, but the fourth proteſted he would not, becauſe her Imperial and Royal Majeſty had forbid, under ſevere Penalties, all Sorts of Games of *Chance*; and added, that he could not give a greater Token of his Repentance, than by his Obedience to her Laws. Upon this the Execution was ſuſpended, and Advice ſent to Court of the whole Affair; and it is aſſured that Orders were ſent to pardon them all.

Extract of a Letter from Leghorn, dated April 18.

"Some Veſſels arrived here from the Levant, have brought the following News. Prince Heraclius of Georgia, who, as it is well known, ſerved in Quality of Lieutenant in the King of Pruſſia's Forces, at his Return to Georgia, ſome Years ago, firmly reſolved to free his Country from the Ottoman Yoke. In conſequence thereof, he drew together there as many Malecontents as he could, at their Head attacked ſeveral Caravans which enriched him, and being now ſtrong, both in Men and Booty, prevailed upon almoſt all Georgia to declare his Father King.---The latter died ſoon after, and Prince Heraclius ſucceeded him, not under the Title of King, which he refuſed, but under that of Commander in Chief of the Georgian Army. He has at preſent 200,000 under his Order. Trebiſonde has juſt fallen beneath his Power, and he is marching ſtraight towards Conſtantinople, from whence we are aſſured the Sultan has fled to Adrianople with all his Court. Time will deſtroy or confirm this important News."

Leeds, March 25. By a Letter from Whitehaven, dated the 20th Inſtant, we have received the following Account of a barbarous Murder, committed the firſt Inſtant, on the Bodies of the Wife and two Children of one John M'Lain, an honeſt induſtrious Farmer in that neighbourhood; who having ſaved the Sum of 200 l. applied to an Innkeeper there to lend him another 100 l. in order to purchaſe a ſmall Eſtate that was upon Sale. The Innkeeper told him, he could not let him have the Money that Night; but if he would ſtay at his Houſe until next Morning, he would then ſerve him. The innocent Farmer, little ſuſpecting his Hoſt's Intentions, was eaſily perſuaded to ſtay, and accordingly went to Bed with a Soldier that was quartered in the Houſe; but about Midnight, jumping out of Bed again in a Fright, he told his Bed-fellow he could not reſt, for he was ſure all was not right at home, and perſuaded the Soldier to get up, take his Gun, and accompany him thither. They ſet forward accordingly, and on their Arrival at the Farmer's Houſe, perceiving a great Light, and finding the Door locked, they forced it open, and ſeeing two Men, concluded they were come with ſome villainous Intent; the Soldier therefore, without aſking Queſtions complimented one with the Contents of his Muſket, which he had loaded on the Way, and the other with the Point of his Bayonet, which laid them both dead at his Feet; but it is no leſs difficult to expreſs the Surpriſe of the Soldier, than the Agony of the unhappy Farmer, when upon going up Stairs they found the very Landlord of the Houſe they came from, who (with the two beforementioned Aſſiſtants, who proved to be his own Sons) had barbarouſly murdered the Farmer's Wife and two Children, and was buſy in ranſacking the Houſe. He was however immediately ſecured, and is committed to Appleby Goal.

Liverpool, March 14. We hear that on Thurſday Evening, the 6th Inſtant, a moſt ſhocking and barbarous Murder was committed by William Whittle, on the Bodies of his Wife, and two ſmall Children, at Farrington, near Preſton. The Circumſtances related, at preſent, of the Affair, are, that the Deceaſed having lain in about nine Days, the Huſband came home, near Ten at Night, and obſerving the Nurſe in the Houſe, carding of Cotton, aſked her whether ſhe would not go home (as ſhe did not lie in the the Houſe) he being deſirous of going to Bed, to which ſhe replied in the Affirmative; as ſoon as the Nurſe was gone he went up Stairs to his Wife, and deſired to lie down by her, which ſhe refuſed, fearing he had ſome evil Deſign, and immediately jumped out of Bed, and ran down Stairs in her Shift into the Lane, when he purſued her, and intreated her to return back, promiſing he would do her no Harm, to which ſhe ſoon agreed; but ſhe had no ſooner entered the Houſe than he knocked her down with an Ax, cut off her Head and Right Arm, and ripped up her Belly, ſo that her Bowels lay on the Ground; he afterwards went up Stairs, and cut off the Heads of the two Infants, and left them on the Bed, with the youngeſt Child's Heart by its Side. When he had perpetrated this horrid Deed, he immediately went to the Conſtable (who lived near) and informed him that ſome Perſon had been at his Houſe, and murdered his Wife and Children; to which the Conſtable replied, I doubt you are the Murderer, and aſked him how his Hands and Stockings came to be bloody: Struck with Remorſe at the Queſtion, he immediately confeſſed the Fact, and was committed to Lancaſter Goal on Saturday laſt, to take his Trial at the enſuing Aſſize.

April 11. On Saturday laſt William Whittle, Weaver, condemned at Lancaſter Aſſizes, for the Murder of his Wife and two Children, was executed on the Gallows at Lancaſter Moor, and on Monday his Body was hung on a Gibbet, in Irons, at the Four Lane Ends. He confeſſed the Fact; but appeared to be a ſtupid, bigoted, ignorant Fellow, and a Roman Catholic: Juſt before the Cart drove away from under him he called out, wiſhing that his Prieſt would come, for then he had ſomething more to ſay, if the Parſon would go his Way.----At his Condemnation the Judge aſked him, how he could commit ſuch a Crime; he ſaid, the Prieſt told him he ſhould be damned for marrying a Heretick; the Judge then enquired why he had murdered two innocent Children; he ſaid their Mother had carried them to Church, ſo they would have been damned if he had not killed them, but that now they were in Purgatory, and would go to Heaven.

QUEBEC, *July* 3.

Saturday the 28th ult. at 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon, his Excellency the Honourable Major-General JAMES MURRAY, Eſq; Governor of this Province, embarked on board the Ship Little William, Captain John Grant, for England: He was attended at the Beach by public Officers, ſeveral of the Religious Orders, Merchants and other Inhabitants. He was attended in Barges to the Ship by Colonel Jones, who commands the 52d Regiment and Garriſon, Captain Morris, commanding the Detachment of the 27th Regiment in Garriſon here, and the Officers of their Corps, by Colonel Robertſon, Barrack-maſter General of North-America, Mr. O'Brien, Lady Suſan O'Brien, and other Ladies (under a Salute from the Cannon of the Grand Battery) who alſo attended his Excellency down the River, to near the Pariſh of St. Laurent, upon the Iſland of Orleans, where they took Leave, and left the Ship, and his Excellency proceeded on his Voyage, the Wind fair, and the Day fine. His Excellency has to accompany him on his Voyage, Francis Mackay, Eſq; and his Lady, Lieutenant Roſe, of the 52d Regiment, Lieutanant Abbot, of the Royal Artillery, and Mr. Fotheringham.

The ſame Day, at 11 o'Clock at Night, arrived in this City from London, on board the Commerce, Captain Johnſon, Mr. Briand, Biſhop of Quebec, for the Roman Catholicks, who manifeſted on this Occaſion all their Affection for what concerns their Religion. On the Day following, at 5 o'Clock in the Morning, the Bells of all their Churches announced his Arrival to the whole City, which gave ſuch general Satisfaction to the Canadians, that many of them were ſeen to ſhed Tears thro' Joy. It was really affecting to ſee them congratulate each other, wherever they met, and to hear them inceſſantly ſay one to another, "It is then true that we have a Biſhop; God hath taken Pity of us:" And to ſee them afterwards run in Crowds to the Pariſh Church to ſee this Biſhop, whom they look upon as the Support of their Religion, and as a Pledge of the King's paternal Goodneſs to them. In Fact, at the ſame time that they publickly bleſs the Lord for having given them a Biſhop, they loudly proclaim their Gratitude to his Majeſty for having attended to their Requeſt: It is likely that this Favour conferred on the Canadians by the King will effectually attach them to the Britiſh Government. It is alſo very pleaſing to them, to have received on this Occaſion the Congratulations of ſeveral Perſons of Note of our Nation, who indeed ſeemed to partake of their Joy. And we doubt not but that the Canadians, who appear to be very ſuſceptible of Gratitude, will by thoſe Means become more firmly united to us.

July 7. By Letters from London we learn, that Col. Carlton, appointed Lieutenant Governor of this Province, and Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's Forces for the Northern Diſtrict, was to ſail for this Place about the 15th of May laſt.

Saturday Night came up the Schooner Deborah,----Fitzgerald, from Boſton; and Yeſterday, the Sloop Induſtry,-----Lead, from Glaſgow.

The Little William was met in her Way by the Commerce, Captain Johnſon, on board which were the Honourable Thomas Mills, Eſq; appointed by his Majeſty one of the Council and Receiver-General of this Province, and a Major of Brigade for one of the Diviſions in North-America; John Gray, Eſq; Mr. Thompſon, Captain of the Port, and ſeveral other Gentlemen, who all went on board to pay their Reſpects to his Excellency.

On Monday Morning laſt the Civil and Military Officers, the Prieſts, and Gentlemen of the ſeveral Religious Orders, Merchants and others, waited upon the Honourable Lieutenant-Colonel PAULUS ÆMILIUS IRVING, Preſident of the Council, to complement him upon his taking the Civil Command.

BOSTON, *July* 21.

We hear that Orders have been received to ſhip Home the ſtamped Paper and Parchment, which have been depoſited in Caſtle William, and that Captain Biſhop is to take them on board the Fortune Sloop of War, which ſails ſome Time this Week.

Yeſterday Capt. Rogers, in the Nova-Scotia Packet, arrived here in 12 Days from Halifax, by whom we learn that the Right Hon. Lord Colvill was to ſail from thence for England in a few Days: Admiral Durell is to take that Station.

NEW-YORK, July 24.

Extract of a Letter from Penſacola, dated June 14, 1766.

"I do not find the Trade of this Place the leaſt mended; the Spaniards are at New-Orleans, but the French Governor commands there.----The River is open to Engliſh and French, but no Spaniard to come into it.---Time muſt diſcover what theſe Politics mean.---Money ſo ſcarce, that there is not ſufficient to ſupply Neceſſaries."

July 28. Friday Morning laſt the Honourable Daniel Horſmanden, and Robert R. Livingſton, Eſquires, two of the Judges of the Supreme Court of this Province, with ſome of his Majeſty's Council, and ſeveral Gentlemen of the Law, ſailed from hence for Poughkeepſie, in order to try ſundry People that delivered themſelves up there, on Account of the late Troubles in that County; and Mr. Pendergraſs, who delivered himſelf up alſo, on the ſame Account, and was lately brought to our Goal, is going up likewiſe to take his Trial for ſome Miſdemeanours laid to his Charge.

Saturday Captain Eames arrived in 38 Days from Newfoundland: In Lat. 41, he ſpoke with a Snow from Philadelphia for Falmouth; and in Lat. 40, he fell in with two Ships from Virginia, bound for Glaſgow.

The ſame Day Captain Finglaſs, arrived from Liſbon, in 7 Weeks: The 20th Inſtant, in Lat. 36, Long. 69, he ſpoke with the Brig Elizabeth from Philadelphia for Barbados.

ANNAPOLIS, *July* 17.

Monday laſt arrived in Severn, after a long Paſſage from London, the Ship Ann, Captain Chriſtopher Reed, with upwards of a Hundred of his Majeſty's Seven Year Paſſengers.

PHILADELPHIA, July 31.

Captain Burrows, from Liſbon, on the 7th Inſtant, in Lat. 31, Long. 65, ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Low, from this Port, for St. Chriſtophers.

Captain Forſyth, from Alicant, but laſt from Gibraltar, on the 14th Inſtant, about 150 Leagues to the Eaſtward of our Capes, ſpoke the Ship Suſannah, from London for Virginia, out eight Weeks. A Snow, for New-York, and Captain Dunn, for this Port, failed in Company with Captain Forſyth.

Captain Clague, from the Grenades, on the 16th Inſtant, in Lat. 27: 54, ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Nowell, from Barbados, bound to Maryland, out 12 Days.

Captain M'Daniel, from Barbados, on the 11th Inſtant, in Lat. 17, Long. 59: 10, ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Wainwright, from this Place for Antigua, out 29 Days, all well.

Captain Boon, from Liſbon, on the 8th Inſtant, in Lat. 31, Long. 63: 30, ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Davis, from Philadelphia for Barbados.---13th, with a Sloop, Captain Gooding, in Lat. 35, Long. 68, from Virginia for St. Chriſtophers, out five Days.---And on the 17th, in Lat. 36: 50, Long. 70, he ſpoke a Ship, Captain Kennedy, from London, bound to Maryland, out 10 Weeks. Captain Stacy, belonging to Boſton, failed for Falmouth about the 5th of June; and Captain Bowen, for Marblehead, failed about the ſame time.

Captain Torbert, from St. Chriſtophers, on the 16th Inſtant, in Lat. 28: 59, Long. 66: 38, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Guilford, from New-York for Jamaica, out 15 Days.

By Captain Maloney, from Halifax, we hear that a large French Sloop was carried in there, and condemned, being taken on an illicit Trade.------A ſmall Schooner, Captain Harriſon, with Paſſengers, from this Place, was juſt going into Halifax when Captain Maloney ſailed.

Monday laſt Captain Brereton arrived here from Montſerrat, but laſt from Bermuda; in whom came Paſſenger Mr. Smith, late Mate of a Brig belonging to Boſton, bound from South Carolina for the Weſt-Indies, loaded with Lumber, which ran upon the Rocks at Bermuda, and received conſiderable Damage, but was afterwards got off, and carried in there to be refitted.

About the 30th of laſt Month, in the Latitude of Bermuda, Captain Brereton ſpoke a Brig from this Port for Jamaica.

Saturday laſt Captain Peel arrived here in ſix Weeks from Newfoundland, having met with very hard Gales in his Paſſage, in which he carried away his Fore Truſſel-trees, ſprung his Foremaſt and Main Topſail Yard, and received other Damage in his Rigging.

Captain Batſon, from Barbados, on the 22d Inſtant, in Lat. 32, Long. 70, ſpoke a Sloop, from St. Chriſtophers for this Place.

Arrived from this Port. The Captains Buckley and Simmonds at Liſbon. Captain Lightburn at the Grenades. Captain Harper, at Antigua; the Captains Williams, and Sim, at Barbados, and Captain Dyer, at Penſacola.

On Tueſday Night, the 22d Inſtant, ſome Rogues broke into the Houſe of Mr. Miller, the Sign of the City of Colerain, in Walnut-ſtreet, and took away about Twelve Pounds in Caſh out of the Bar.

Thurſday Night laſt, the Houſe of the Widow Meaſe, on the Crooked Billet Wharff, was broke open, and robbed of Caſh, ſome Silver Tea-ſpoons, &c. to the Amount of about Seven Pounds.

And on Monday Night the Shop of Mr. Stillwaggon, in Callowhill-ſtreet, was broke open, and robbed of ſeveral Pieces of Cambrick, Lawn, Callicoes, Chints, &c. to a conſiderable Value.----The Villains bored ſeveral Holes in the Window-ſhutters with a Spike Gimblet, and cut a Peice out of the ſame, then breaking a Pane of Glaſs, they unkeyed the Bolt.

On Monday the 21ſt Inſtant, Leonard Litehold was drowned at Glouceſter, as he was bathing himſelf.---And on Saturday laſt a Child, about fifteen Months old, was alſo drowned in Pennypack Creek.

To the Publiſhers of the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Your publiſhing, in your next Paper, what follows, will oblige a Number of your Readers. *Yours, &c.* A. B.

To the PUBLIC.

AT a Time when moſt Maſters of Families are complaining of the great Scarcity of Money, and of the Stagnation of Trade, and are retrenching their Expences, very great muſt their Infatuation be, who, thus circumſtanced, give Encouragement to a Sett of ſtrolling Comedians, who, by the Laws of England and this Country, are conſidered as lawleſs Vagrants. I ſuppoſe they are the ſame Sett of Gentry who attempted to exhibit in New-York, and who were drove from thence with righteous Indignation by the Inhabitants.

I do not purpoſe entering into the Conſideration of the original Deſign of inſtituting the Stage, or whether, under proper Regulations, it might not anſwer a good Purpoſe; but this, I think, in general may be aſſerted, with the ſtricteſt Truth, that, in its preſent State, it is a dangerous School of Vice. Moſt of our Tragedies are liable to this Objection, that the Writer makes it a Point to impreſs the Audience with favourable Notions of his Hero, who has generally a few faſhionable Vices about him, and is made to revenge the Death of a Father, Friend, or Relation, &c. By this Means thoſe Vices are brought in to Credit. Our Hero, it is true, performs many Acts of heroic Virtue, but they are ſo ſtrongly ſpiced with Stoic Pride, that a Chriſtian cannot recognize them; and yet theſe are exhibited as Characters worthy of Imitation, and, from a Fatality incident to human Nature, the greater Part of the Audience will adopt the moſt exceptionable Parts of ſuch Characters.-------As to Comedies, I can ſcarcely ſpeak of them with any Temper. Under the plauſible Pretence of making a Man acquainted with the World, Curſing, Swearing, Duelling, Whoring, Drinking, &c. are introduced, and ſeldom in ſuch a Manner as to excite Horror in the Mind, but are paſſed off with a Laugh, as Vices practiſed by the genteeler Kind of People, who know the World, and are too much of Gentlemen to have thoſe contracted Notions of Chriſtianity, Sobriety and Temperance, which thoſe old-faſhioned Men have, who would rather go to Church or Meeting, than to Tavern, the Play, or a Bagnio. It is theſe Reaſons that have induced many of the primitive Fathers of the Church, and the ſober and pious Chriſtians, in all Ages, loudly to exclaim againſt the Stage, which they have always regarded as an Abomination before God, ruinous to the Morals of a People, and baneful to the Propagation of that Goſpel Simplicity, which by the World is eſteemed Fooliſhneſs. It is alledged, that many uſeful moral Precepts are inculcated and inforced, by being brought as it were into Action. Virtue in Diſtreſs awakes Compaſſion, and forces our Eſteem, which is the proper Way to determine People to walk in its Steps. But what does Experience, the Touchſtone of all Inſtitutions, ſay? No one returns the better Chriſtian, or the better Man; while Thouſands, on the contrary, return the more debauched, vitiated, and confirmed in ſinful Habits. The Stage is known to be a Place where ſhameful Intrigues are carried on, and the Actors, if they be not open Atheiſts and Profligates, are ſuch, at beſt, who make Religion, or the Care of their Souls, their leaſt Buſineſs. Will you then, my dear Countrymen, encourage theſe Enemies to the Chriſtian Cauſe? Is this a Conduct proper for a People, who ought to be filled with Gratitude to Him, by whom Kings reign, and Princes decree Juſtice, and who has graciouſly diſpelled that black Cloud which ſeemed gathering in the Eaſt? Would you have ſupported theſe People, had the deteſted Stamp-Act been unrepealed? And is there leſs Reaſon now to ſtop the Sluices of Vice? What was it that occaſioned the Degeneracy, Corruption and Downfal of Athens? A Paſſion for the Repreſentations of the Theatre was one of the principal Cauſes; and yet ſo charm an Ear had the Citizens of that State, that they were within an Ace of baniſhing Euripides, for putting into the Mouth of Bellerophon a pompous Panegyric upon Riches, which concluded with this Thought: "Riches are the ſupreme Good of human Race, and with Reaſon "ſon excite the Admiration of the Gods and Men." But in our Age falſe Notions, Satires upon Religion, and religious Sects, are ſo

lerated, to the Reproach and Scandal of the Chriſtian Name!-----To conclude, if invoking the Deity, in the moſt ſolemn Manner, on pretended Occaſions, and very often ſwearing by his Name, contrary to his expreſs Command; if counterfeiting his dreadful Thunder and Lightning, raiſing Ghoſts and Goblins; if obſcene Actions, immodeſt Songs, prophane Curſing and Swearing, are not contrary to the Spirit of the Goſpel, I have, my Life long, laboured under very great Errors.

The CENSOR.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD-ENTRIES.

Sloop Deborah, J. Waterman, from Nantucket. Sloop Mary, T. Buck, Bay of Fundy. Sloop Speedwell, D. Fritch, and Brig Black Joke, J. M'Daniel, Barbados. Ship Whiteoak, J. Burrowes, and Brig Mansfield, W. Boon, Liſbon. Schooner Charming Nancy, J. Maloney, Halifax. Sloop Newport, S. Moore, Piſcataqua. Schooner Induſtry, E. Needham, Salem, N. England. Ship Sally, B. Forſyth, Alicant. Brig Pompey, B. Torbert, St. Kitts. Sloop Rucan, J. Eſdale, Virginia. Brig Lark, B. Peel, Newfoundland. Schooner Sharp, E. Clague, Grenades. Sloop Jane, B. Brereton, from Montſerrat.

OUTWARDS. Brig Chance, J. Craig, for Dominica. Sloop Recovery, J. Cordis, Boſton. Brig Grace, G. Stevenſon, Barbados. Brig Mansfield, W. Boon Jamaica. Sloop Mary, T. Buck, Weſt-Indies. Sloop Abigail, S. Chevers, Salem, New-England.

CLEARED. Sloop Betſy, G. Baſcome, to Barbados. Schooner Patty, S. Crawford, Grenades. Schooner Phœnix, N. Gardner, Georgia. Brig St. George, W. Grove, and Merrimack, A. Lowell, Newberry, N. England. Brig James, J. Johnſon, St. Kitts. Sloop America, J. Gorham, Boſton. Schooner Suſannah, R. Rainey, Jamaica. Ship Mary, E. Bingly, Maryland. Brig Thomas, R. Wilſon, Cork. Brig William and Ren, V. Clark, to Briſtol.

Bucks County, ſſ.

WE the Subſcribers, being appointed by the Court of Common Pleas for ſaid County of Bucks, to recover, ſettle and audit the Accounts of John Blair, abſconded from his uſual Place of Reſidence; theſe are therefore to require all the Creditors of the ſaid John Blair to appear before us, at the Houſe of John Prieſtly, in the Borough of Briſtol, on Saturday, the 9th Day of Auguſt next, then and there to prove their ſeveral Claims, in order that Diſtribution may be made, according to an Act of Aſſembly of the Province of Pennſylvania, in that Caſe made and provided. Given under our Hands July 24, 1766, JOHN BROWN, GABRIEL VANHORN, DANIEL THOMPSON. ¶

TO be ſold by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-houſe, on Second-day, the 4th of Auguſt next, at Seven o'Clock in the Evening, a new two Story Frame Houſe, ſituate at the lower End of Third-ſtreet; bounded on the Eaſt by ſaid Street, on the North by Ground of Thomas Lightfoot, and on the South by a Houſe belonging to Robert Prieſt. The Houſe is 12 Feet front, and 18 deep, one Room on a Floor, good Cellar and Garret, with three Fire-places, and the Front handſomely painted. The Lot is 60 Feet deep, by 12 Front, ſubject to a Ground-rent of Forty Shillings per Annum, with the Privilege of purchaſing it off in five Years, at Thirty-three Pounds Ten Shillings Purchaſe. Alſo a Pump of good Water near the Door, Part of which will be ſold with the Houſe. For farther Particulars, enquire of ROBERT PRIEST, near the Premiſes.

The Houſe has been lett for £ 15 per Annum. ¶ 1W.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be ſold by public Vendue, on Monday, the 11th Day of Auguſt, at the London Coffee-Houſe, at Seven o'Clock in the Evening, a certain unfiniſhed Frame Meſſuage or Tenement, and Lot of Ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the Eaſt-ſide of Fourth-ſtreet, between Race and Vine-ſtreets, in the City of Philadelphia, containing in Front on ſaid Street 20 Feet, and in Length or Depth 78 Feet, bounded Eaſtward with Ground of William Shippen, Southward with Jacob Steinmit's Houſe and Lot, Weſtward with Fourth-ſtreet aforeſaid, and Northward with Jacob Francis's Houſe and Lot; ſubject to a Ground-rent of Nine Pounds Currency per Annum, late the Eſtate of Marſhall Standley, ſeized and taken in Execution by

WILLIAM PARR, *Sheriff.*

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be ſold by public Vendue, on Monday, the 11th Day of Auguſt next, at Seven o'Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, three two Story Brick Meſſuages and Kitchens, and Lots or Pieces of Ground thereunto belonging, ſituate in the Diſtrict of Southwark; two of them ſituate on the Weſt-ſide of Front-ſtreet, continued Southward beyond the City of Philadelphia, each containing in Front, on ſaid Street, 13 Feet 6 Inches, and in Length or Depth 62 Feet; the other of them ſituate on the South-ſide of German-ſtreet, in the Diſtrict of Southwark aforeſaid, containing in Front on ſaid Street 14 Feet, and in Length or Depth 50 Feet 9 Inches, bounded by the ſaid German-ſtreet, by Ground of Suſannah Wildridge, and others; ſubject to the proportionable Part of a Groundrent of Six Pounds Five Shillings Currency per Annum, payable unto Anthony Duche; late the Eſtate of William Robinſon; ſeized and taken in Execution by

WILLIAM PARR, *Sheriff.*

N. B. A Plan of the above Lots may be ſeen at the London Coffee-Houſe, numbered 1, 2, and 3.

IN Purſuance of an Order of Orphans Court, held at Philadelphia for the City and County of Philadelphia, will be expoſed to Sale by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-houſe, on Wedneſday, the 20th Day of Auguſt next, at 5 o'Clock in the Evening, a certain Piece or Tract of Land, ſituate in the Northern Liberties of the City of Philadelphia, on the North-weſt Side of a Lane leading from Germantown Road to the Wiſſahickon Road, commonly called Turner's Lane, bounded on the South-weſt by Lands of Peter Turner, jun. and William Turner, on the North-weſt by Ann Croſton's, on the North-eaſt by Lands of James Taylor, Henry Naglee, and Land late of Jacob Naglee, and on the South-eaſt by the ſaid Lane, containing 70 Acres, or thereabouts, late Part of the Eſtate of Edward Croſton, deceaſed. The ſaid Tract is a pleaſant Situation for Gentlemens Country Seats, being about two Miles diſtant from the City of Philadelphia, in a very healthy Air, is divided into Lots from 5 to 9 Acres, to ſuit the Conveniency of the Purchaſers, ſeveral of which have a good thriving young Orchard, choice good building Stone, which may be eaſily quarried, and a fine Stream of Water running through the whole; ſeveral of the Lots are well timbered. A Plan of the Premiſes may be ſeen at the Coffee-houſe, at Mr. John Biddle's, at the Sign of the Indian King, at Daniel Etter's, at the Corner of Race and Second-ſtreets, and at the ſaid Ann Croſton's. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, a ſervant man and woman, named Walter and Winford Pritchet; the man is a taylor by trade, and cannot do any other work, about five feet eight inches high, has black hair, and grey eyes; had on, a white Wilton coat, bound with tape, black breeches, and a half worn beaver hat; the woman is a ſtaymaker by trade, but very handy at houſe work, has brown hair, and black eyes; had on, a red ſtamped cotton gown. They were both ſeen at the Head of Elk and North-Eaſt, in Maryland, and continued there a week drinking; they made ſeveral attempts to go lower down in Maryland, but were ſhort of caſh, and it is thought they are gone to Lancaſter, as they were ſeen going that road; they both take ſnuff, are very fond of liquor, and cannot keep ſober when they can get it; the man pretends he has been in the King's ſervice all over America, but they came in this ſpring with Captain Mackey; the woman ſhews a forged Paſs from the Mayor of this city, John Lawrence, Eſquire. Whoever ſecures them in any Goal on this continent, and gives notice in the public papers of this province, ſhall have the above reward for both, or Fifty Shillings for either, paid by HENRY NEILL. ¶ 5s. Tbctf.

All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry them off, or gentlemen of the army to liſt the man.

To be SOLD, at Public Vendue,

ABOUT 300 acres of uncultivated land, ſituate on a branch of the Conedoguinet-Creek, in Weſt Pennſborough Townſhip, Cumberland County, about ten miles from Carliſle, adjoining the lands of Robert M'Cuſton, and Joſeph Haſting; it is good land, and contains plenty of timber, water and meadow ground; will be expoſed to ſale, by publick vendue, on Tueſday, the 9th day of September next, on the Premiſes.

About 200 acres of land, ſituate on the North-ſide of Conedoguinet Creek, in Lower Pennſborough Townſhip, Cumberland County, about 7 miles from Carliſle, adjoining the lands of James Waugh, and William Roſs; will be expoſed to ſale on Wedneſday, the tenth day of September next, on the premiſes. There is a good log dwelling-houſe on it, about 40 acres of plough land and meadow ground, cleared and fenced.

About 200 acres of land, ſituate on the South-ſide of Conedoguinet Creek, in Middle Townſhip, Cumberland County, between the lands of Ezekiel Smith, and James Alcorn, about two miles from Carliſle; will be expoſed to ſale on Thurſday, the eleventh day of September next, on the premiſes. There is a ſmall improvement on it, a good Meadow made, and a conſiderable quantity of meadow ground to make; the whole well timbered.

The foregoing tracts of land are parts of the eſtate of Thomas Cookſon, Eſq; deceaſed, late of the borough of Lancaſter, and to be ſold agreeable to his will. The draughts and titles may be ſeen at York Town, any time before the days of ſale, and on the premiſes the days of ſale, at which times and places, the terms of ſale will be made known, and attendance given by the executors, or one of them. GEORGE STEVENSON, MARY STEVENSON, RICHARD PETERS.

THE Creditors of Thomas Fitzſimmons, late of this Place Shopkeeper, are deſired to call for a ſecond Dividend of his Effects; and as ſeveral are ſtill indebted to ſaid Fitzſimmons, they are deſired to pay the ſame, to prevent farther Trouble to

§ CONYNGHAM and NESBITT, acting Aſſignees.

To be SOLD by

WILLIAM SMITH,

At his Store, the North Side of Market-ſtreet Wharff,

MADEIRA and Liſbon Wines, Figs and Raiſins, Rum, Sugars, Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Pepper, Indico, Alſpice, Rice, a few Caſes of choice old Holland Gin, a Parcel of ſhort Pipes in Boxes, Spermaceti Candles, &c. &c.

Likewiſe a Quantity of dry Goods, amongſt which are a large Parcel of Felt Hats, which he would ſell at firſt Coſt. Sadlers and Shoemakers Leather, tanned by John Langdale of Haddonfield. Home-made Cloths, Woollens and Linens; the Linens are eſteemed as good at the Price as thoſe imported. Choice Brandy, which he will ſell by the ſmall or large Quantity, as may be wanted.

He alſo acts in the Capacity of a Broker, and will aſſiſt any Perſon in the Purchaſe or Sale of all Sorts of Merchandize, Bills of Exchange, &c. in procuring Freight for Veſſels, or Veſſels on Freight, in ſelling Bread, and procuring Stuff for Country Bakers, and all other Sorts of Produce for Perſons who live in the Country, and performs all other Things relative to the Buſineſs of a Broker with Care and Diſpatch, and for a ſmall Premium.

He is to be ſpoke with at the London Coffee-Houſe, at the uſual Hours, or at his Store aforeſaid.

TO be lett, a good and well finiſhed houſe, three ſtories high, in the Northern Liberties, at the upper end of Front-ſtreet, near the Sugar-houſe, and oppoſite Mr. William Coates's. There is a pump of very good water near the door, and every other conveniency fit for a family. There is a large wharff, very fit for a lumber yard, and may, if it ſuits, be lett with the houſe. Both will be lett at a low rate. For further particulars, enquire of Thomas Cuthbert, in Lombard-ſtreet, near the New-market, or of John Lenox, next door. ¶

To be Sold by the Subſcriber, at his Shop in Strawberry Alley,

A Neat two Wheeled Chaiſe, with Steel Springs. Likewiſe good Standing for Chairs by the Year. MOSES FORSTER.

TO BE SOLD,

A Servant Man's Time, who has two Years and a Half to ſerve, can drive a Pair of Horſes, and take care of them, or wait on Table. He is ſold for want of Employment. Enquire of ANTHONY HULL, at the Sign of the Ship and Caſtle, in Front-ſtreet, near Market-ſtreet. He is fit for Town or Country buſineſs. †

An intire NEW FULLING MILL,

IN a good Part of the Country, and on a never-failing Stream of Water, will be ſoon compleated. Any Perſon who underſtands the Buſineſs, and can be well recommended, will meet with ſuitable encouragement; or if it would be more agreeable, the whole will be rented on moderate Terms. For Particulars, apply to GILPIN and FISHER. tbc3m.

Kingſeſs, in Philadelphia County, July 28, 1766.

WHEREAS Hannah, the Wife of me the Subſcriber, hath, for a conſiderable Time paſt, refuſed to live with me, and I being apprehenſive that ſhe may run me in Debt, do take this Method to forewarn all Perſons from truſting her on my Account, as I will pay no Debts of her contracting from the Date hereof. ¶ NATHAN BONSALL.

A Perſon, who has lived ſome Years at the moſt noted Iron Works in America, underſtands the Management of a Furnace, and is a compleat Clerk, being now out of Buſineſs, would engage in either Capacity, upon meeting with proper Encouragement. He can be well recommended. Enquire of the Printers. ¶

PAUL SNYDER, Taylor,

Lately arrrived from London,

BEGS leave to inform the Gentlemen and Ladies, that he makes all Sorts of wearing Apparel, laced or plain, Parſons Gowns, and all Kinds of Robes, Ladies Riding Habits, Sack and Trollopees, ſtiff bodied Coats and Slips, all in the neweſt Taſte, or French Mode, if required. Thoſe Gentlemen and Ladies that pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on his utmoſt Endeavours to ſuit their Taſte, and good Uſage, from their humble Servant, PAUL SNYDER, living in the Houſe of the late John Behrings deceaſed, the Corner of Walnut and Second-ſtreets. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

For CASH or good BILLS,

At the London Coffee-Houſe, on Tueſday, the Fifth of Auguſt next,

A BERMUDA built SLOOP, Burthen about 90 Tons, 4 Years old, juſt arrived from Montſerrat, with her Tackling and Apparel, as from Sea.

TO BE SOLD,

ONE Half, or one Quarter Part (which ſhall beſt ſuit the Purchaſer) of a Brew-Houſe, with the Brewing Utenſils, ſituate in the Northern Liberties of this City, lately in the Tenure of Standley and Jacobs. The Conditions will be made eaſy, and a conſiderable Time given for the greater Part of the Purchaſe Money. For Terms apply to JOSEPH JACOBS. ¶

WAS committed to Glouceſter County Goal, a runaway Servant, named William Firth, belonging to Colonel William Fitzhugh, of Rouſby-Hall, on Patuxent River, Maryland, agreeable to his Advertiſement, bearing Date June 30, 1766. ‡

Trenton, July 4, 1766.

BY virtue of ſeveral writs of fieri facias to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale at public vendue, to the higheſt bidder, on Monday, the 18th day of Auguſt next, between the hours of twelve and five of the clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, the noted tavern houſe, and aboue 40 acres of land, be it more or leſs, ſituate in Amwell, now in the poſſeſſion of Samuel Fleming, bounded by lands of Richard Laning, Thomas Lowrey, Gerſhom Lee, William Norcroſs, and the King's highway; there is alſo a good barn, bearing orchard, and ſome excellent meadow in the above lot. Alſo one frame houſe, blackſmith's ſhop, and about three acres of land, be it more or leſs, in the corner of two roads, adjoining the above, and nearly oppoſite to Mr. Thomas Lowrey. Likewiſe to be ſold the ſame day, to begin at twelve of the clock, 2 horſes, 7 horned cattle, 4 calves, 6 hogs, an iron bound waggon, and geers; one plough, and harrow, ſundry houſhold furniture, ſuch as feather beds and furniture, one clock, tables, chairs, writing deſk, pewter, iron pots, with ſundry other things, too tedious to mention here, late the property of Samuel Fleming, ſeized and taken in execution at the ſuit of Alexander Ray, John Smith, Theophilus Severnes, and to be ſold; and whereas the above lands and chattels, have been adjourned three times, for want of buyers, the publick may be aſſured of a ſale being made, if any purchaſers attend on the aforeſaid 18th day of Auguſt, by

§ SAMUEL TUCKER, late Sheriff.

BY virtue of his Majeſty's writs of Fieri Facias to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, at public vendue, at the houſe of Henry Ringo, in Amwell, on Monday, the 8th day of September next, between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon, a valuable plantation, containing 220 acres, be it more or leſs, bounded by lands of Richard Reed, George Corwine, Joſeph Hickſon, Henry Wambough, Jacob Snyder, Moſes Reed, and the King's highway, about 14 miles from Trenton, on which is a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, barn, large orchard, and excellent meadows, which may be watered by living ſprings running thro' the farm. Alſo to be ſold the ſame day, horſes, mares, colts, cows, young cattle, hogs, ſheep, feather beds and furniture, tables, chairs, clothes-preſs, iron pots, pewter platters, wheat and rye in ſheaf, with ſundry farming utenſils, and houſhold furniture, too tedious to mention; late the property, and now in the poſſeſſion of Henry Ringo; ſeized and taken in execution at the ſuit of William Cubberly and John Barbrie, and to be ſold by

¶ SAMUEL TUCKER, late Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, at public vendue, to the higheſt bidder, on Wedneſday, the 10th day of September next, on the premiſes, between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon, one plantation, ſituate in Amwell, noted for the beſt wheat land in the province, containing 148 acres of land, more or leſs, bounded by land of John Opdyke, Richard Kitchen, and others, on which is a large ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, four rooms on a floor, a lage entry through the houſe, with cellars underneath the whole, alſo an overſhot griſt-mill, ſupplied with water from living ſprings, a good barn, ſtables, cow houſe, milk houſe, a fine young orchard, an excellent piece of clover meadow in front of the houſe, which may be watered by water from the mill, in the drieſt ſeaſons; there is alſo a frame houſe on the ſaid lands. Alſo to be ſold the ſame day, between the hours of twelve and five of the clock, a lot of land, containing 8 acres, more or leſs, on which there is a convenient place for a fulling mill, in a fine country for that buſineſs. About three acres of the above mentioned lot is excellent meadow, late the property of Jacob Arnwine. Alſo will be ſold the ſame day, to begin at one of the clock, two cows, feather beds and furniture, black walnut cheſt of drawers, tables, chairs, pewter plates and baſons, hand-irons, tea kettles, iron pots, and ſundry other things, too tedious to mention here; late the property, and now in the poſſeſſion of Joſeph Howell; ſeized and taken in execution at the ſuit of Thomas Pryor junior, the executors of Ebenezer Large deceaſed, and others, and are to be ſold again, by reaſon the firſt purchaſer cannot comply with the conditions of the vendue, by

¶ SAMUEL TUCKER, late Sheriff.

Newcaſtle, July 23, 1766.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Newcaſtle, a ſervant man, named John Wright, alias John Holderneſs, I am told he calls himſelf a four year ſervant, a well ſet fellow, fair complexion, pock-marked, with ſhort light brown hair, almoſt flaxen; had on, when he went away, a white flannel jacket, with four or five horn buttons on the breaſt of it, an ozenbrigs ſhirt, a pair of coarſe ſtriped ticken breeches, a pair of white yarn ſtockings, his ſhoes tied with ſtrings, an old felt hat, by trade a weaver, and ſeems to be a very innocent fellow. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo as the ſubſcriber may have him again, ſhall receive THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, if taken up after the publication of this advertiſement, paid by JACOB LEMMON. ¶

Philadelphia, July 29, 1766.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Second-ſtreet, near Vine-ſtreet, an Engliſh ſervant man, named Joſeph Hewes, about 20 years old, born in Freehold Townſhip, Monmouth County, in the eaſtern diviſion of New-Jerſey, about 5 feet 6 inches high, and well ſet, is ſmooth faced, and has brown ſhort hair, by trade a taylor; had on and carried with him from ſundry perſons, a blue cloth coat, with light blue binding, lined with blue flannel, is trimmed on the ſleeves and pocket flaps with plain yellow regimental buttons, a blue cloth jacket, with lappels, and yellow buttons, the form of baſket buttons, and a light coloured flowered cotton velvet jacket, a pair of olive coloured velvet breeches, a pair of black ribbed, and a pair of blue and white ſpeckled ſtockings, a pair of pumps, with ſquare ſteel buckles in them; alſo a white ſtock, with a plain ſilver buckle, and a thirty ſhilling hat, turned, without a button; the chiefeſt part of ſaid apparel he took from other perſons. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, and gives his maſter due notice, ſo that he may have him again; or whoever will bring him to his maſter, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

* CHRISTOPHER HANSMAN.

N. B. He abſented himſelf here before, and was taken up at the place of his nativity above mentioned, but it is ſuppoſed he will go to ſea now; therefore this is to give notice to all maſters of veſſels, and others, not to harbour or carry him off, at their peril.

RUN away from the ſubſcribers, living in Drummore townſhip, Lancaſter county, on the 24th of this inſtant July, two Iriſh ſervant lads; the one named John Riley, about 22 years of age, about 5 feet 9 inches high, a broad well ſet fellow, wears his own brown hair, which curls a little, and ſpeaks with the brogue; had on, when he went away, a blackiſh mixed home-made cloth coat and jacket, felt hat, coarſe ſhirt and trowſers, white ribbed yarn ſtockings, and good channel pumps. The other named Philip Meganaty, about 17 years of age, a ſlim thin-viſaged lad, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, wears his own hair, which is brown, ſtraight, and commonly tyed, and ſpeaks a little with the brogue; had on, when he went away, a drab coloured coat and jacket, bound with worſted tape of the ſame colour, but not lined, a felt hat, check ſhirt, blue breeches, white ribbed yarn ſtockings, good channel pumps, and took with him a pair of check trowſers. They both came from the north of Ireland this Summer. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Servants, ſo as their maſters may have them again, ſhall have Four Pounds reward, or Forty Shillings for either, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ MOSES IRVING, or GEORGE M'CULLOUGH.

CHOICE BOHEA TEA, to be ſold by WILLING and MORRIS, in Philadelphia.

Chester, July 26, 1766.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be sold by public Vendue, on Monday the 18th Day of August next, on the Premises, about Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, a certain Messuage or Tenement, and Tract of good Land, situate in Tredyffrin Township, containing about 200 Acres, bounded by Lands of David Howell, Isaac Davis, Esq; David Evans, and others; late the Property of Evan David, Meshack David, and John David; seized and taken in Execution by

§ PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

ANY single Person, who has no Family, and is well acquainted with the Art and Business of a Fuller and Dyer of Cloth in all its Branches, and who can be well recommended for his Care, Sobriety, and Industry, may meet with proper and suitable Encouragement, by applying to Tunis Polhemus, of Jamaica, on Long-Island, in the Province of New-York, who would be glad to employ such an One for the Space of three or four Years, or longer, either on Shares or otherwise, as can be agreed on; as he doubts not but the Convenience of his Situation for Business in that Way, must render it highly advantageous to any one who shall agree on any such Terms. If, however, any should offer who are not skilled in the Business, will on no Terms be accepted by TUNIS POLHEMUS. † 4 w.

Lancaster Borough, July 23, 1766.

STRAYED or stolen from the Commons of Lancaster, the 9th Instant, a black Horse, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder with P B, but hard to be seen, shod before, about 7 Years old, a natural Pacer, has a switch Tail, light bodied, and travels close. Whoever takes up and secures said Horse, so as the Owner may have him again, shall have Ten Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges; and if stolen, and the Thief brought to Justice, Three Pounds, paid by

† PETER ALBRIGHT.

RUN away from Joab Hilman, the 4th inst. July, an Irish Servant Lad, named Bryan Maqaod, about 20 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 2 Inches high, has a Defect in his Left Eye, and black curled Hair; had on, when he went away, Ozenbrigs Shirt and Trowsers, Brass Buckles in his Shoes, an old Felt Hat, and an old green Jacket. Whoever takes up and secures said Lad in any Goal, so that the Owner may have him again, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward, and all reasonable Charges, paid by JOAB HILMAN, living in Newtown, Gloucester County, New-Jersey, about 7 Miles from Cooper's Ferry. ¶

RUN away from the Subscriber, living in Salisbury Township, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, on the 20th of this inst. July, a Servant Man, named John Young, about 25 Years of Age, and about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, of a fresh Complexion, black curled Hair, and much given to swearing, lying, and drinking. Had on and took with him, when he went away, a Claret coloured Broadcloth Coat, lined with Shaloon much of the same Colour, with white Metal Buttons, one home-made worsted twilled Coat, red and blue, lined with brown Camblet, one Snuff coloured Jacket, with Brass carved Buttons, one Camblet Jacket, blue and yellow, without Sleeves, with Hair Buttons, two Pair of Leather Breeches, one Pair of brown Worsted Stockings, two Pair of Shoes, almost new, with large Brass Buckles, two Pair of Trowsers, one Pair striped, the other Tow, four white Linen Shirts, a Fur Hat, almost new, and a Silk Handkerchief. Whoever takes up said Servant, and secures him in any Goal of this Province, shall have Three Pounds Reward, and if out of the Province, Five Pounds, and reasonable Charges, paid by

¶ DANIEL M'PHERSON.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their Peril. ¶

WHEREAS by Advertisement in this Paper, some Time ago, I desired those Persons who are indebted to the Estate of Peter Keen, deceased, either by Bond and Judgment, Bond, Note or Book-Debt, to make Payment to me the Subscriber, that I may be enabled to answer the Bequests of the said Decedent; but as no Regard has been paid to the said Advertisement, this serves to acquaint those Persons who stand indebted as before mentioned, that unless they make Payment on or before the 20th of August next, ensuing the Date hereof, their Judgments will be entered up, and their Bonds, Notes and Book-Debts, sued at the next Term, without Respect of Persons.

§ REYNOLD KEEN, Executor.

Newtown, June 26, 1766.

ABSCONDED from his Bail, a certain John Slack, by Trade a Taylor, about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, dark Complexion, long black Hair, stammers in his Speech, and has the Low Dutch Accent; had on, when he went away, a blue Coat, lately turned, a blue Jacket, Snuff coloured Breeches, his other Cloaths not known. Whoever takes up said Slack, and secures him in any Goal, and notifies the Subscriber thereof, or brings him to Newtown aforesaid, shall have Three Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

* ANTHONY SIDDENS.

Lancaster, July 14, 1766.

THE Members of the JULIANA LIBRARY Company, in Lancaster, are desired to meet on the 15th Day of September next, at the Library Room, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, to chuse Directors, Treasurer, and Librarian, for the ensuing Year, agreeable to the Charter; and make their Seventh Annual Payment. And such Persons who are in Arrears, are requested to attend and discharge the same; as by further Neglect they will transgress the Laws, and thereby forfeit their Share in the Books and Effects of the Company, which will reduce the Directors to the disagreeable Necessity of erazing their Names out of the List. And all such Persons likewise who have taken Books, or Instruments, out of the Library, and detained them beyond the limited Time, are desired to send them in immediately.

By Order of the Directors,

† WILLIAM HENRY.

TO be sold, on Monday, the 18th of August next, at Six o'Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-house, by the Executors of John Reily, deceased, One full equal, and undivided Moiety of 37 Acres and 47 Perches of Land, most of it Woodland, situate near Passyunk Road, about three Miles from the City. Also a young Negroe Girl, about 17 Years of Age, fit for Town or Country Service, and has had the Small-pox.

As Mr. Reily kept no Accounts against any Person for drawing Deeds, but depended upon the Honour and Justice of his Employers, to pay for those Services, if there be any Persons indebted to the Estate on such Account, they are requested to pay the same to JOHN ROSS, or JOHN ORD, Executors; and those who have any Demands against Mr. Reily, are requested to send their Accounts to the Executors, in order to have them settled and paid. ¶

THE Creditors of John Field, late of this City, Tobacconist, an absconding Debtor, are desired to bring in their several Demands against the said John, to us the Subscribers (appointed by the Court of Common Pleas to settle and adjust the Demands of the Creditors of the said John Field, and to make Distribution of his Effects, according to Law) on the 19th Day of August next. Attendance will be given at 6 o'Clock in the Evening of the same Day, at the House of John Lukens, at the Corner of Second and Arch-streets, by LEWIS WEISS, JOSEPH PENNOCK, JOHN DRINKER. ¶

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be sold by public Vendue, on Friday, the 8th Day of August next, at the London Coffee-house, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, a certain two Story Brick Messuage, Tenement, and Lot or Piece of Ground thereunto belonging, situated on the North Side of Arch or Mulberry-street, in the City of Philadelphia, containing in Front on said Street 40 Feet, and in Length or Depth 82 Feet, bounded Southward by Arch-street aforesaid, Eastward by a House and Lot of Robert Shepherd, Northward by Ground of James Claypoole, and Westward with Ground of Thomas Bartholomew; subject to a Ground-rent of 32 Spanish milled Dollars, or as much Currency as will purchase the same from time to time; late the Estate of Ezekiel Worrall; seized and taken in Execution by WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, July 22, 1766.

THERE were committed to the Work-house of this City, the 7th Day of June last, two Servant Men, named John Quin, and James Norton, belonging to David Ferguson, and Samuel Nickison, both of Salem County, in New-Jersey, and their Masters have had Notice; this is once more to inform them, that if they do not come, pay Charges, and take out said Servants, in three Weeks from the above Date, they will be sold out for the same, by the Keeper of said Work-house. ¶

Lancaster, ss. July 18, 1766.

THE Retailers of spirituous Liquors, made exciseable by an Act of Assembly of the Province of Pennsylvania, are hereby desired, without further Notice, to make their Entries according to Law, and pay off their Arrears of Duty next Court, at Lancaster, for which Service I shall attend the three first Days of the Court, at the House of Matthias Slough.

¶ JAMES WEBB, Collector.

Chester, July 19, 1766.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be sold by public Vendue, on the Premises, on Saturday, the 9th of August next, about Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, a certain Messuage and Tract of Land, situate and being in the Township of Darby, containing about 100 Acres, bounded by Lands of Samuel Levis and others; late the Estate of Isaac Collier, deceased, and Ruth his Wife; seized and taken in Execution by PHILIP FORD, Sheriff. *

Chester, July 19, 1766.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be sold by public Vendue, on the Premises, on Monday, the 11th of August next, about Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, a certain Messuage, Plantation and Tract of Land, situate in the Township of Oxford, containing about 144 Acres and a Half, bounded by Lands of Stephen Cornelius, David Fleming, Henry Caddens, William Armstrong, and John Henderson; late the Property of James Dickey; seized and taken in Execution by

§ PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

Chester, July 19, 1766.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be sold by public Vendue, on the Premises, on Tuesday, the 12th of August next, about Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, a certain Messuage, Plantation, and Tract of Land, situate in Radnor Township, known by the Name of the Horse and Groom Inn, with good Meadow Ground, Stables, Sheds, &c. containing about 23 Acres, lying on the great Road leading from Philadelphia to Lancaster, bounded by Lands late of Joshua Evans, Samuel Harry, and Lancaster Road; late the Estate of Aubrey Harry and Wife; seized and taken in Execution by

¶ PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

Chester, July 19, 1766.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be sold by public Vendue, at the Horse and Groom Inn, now kept by Michael Straddleman, on Tuesday, the 12th of August next, about Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, a certain Plantation, or Tract of good Land, lying in the Township of Radnor, containing about 56 Acres, bounded by Lands of Aubrey Harry, Thomas Dennis, William Thomas, Musgrove Evans, and others; late the Estate of Samuel Harry; seized and taken in Execution by ¶ PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

STrayed or stolen, from off the Commons of this City, some Time about the first of this Instant, a dark brown Horse, about 14 Hands high, a little white Spot on his Forehead, a short Tail, no Brand or Ear-mark, trots and hand-gallops, was lately shod. Whoever takes up and secures said Horse, so that the Owner may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, and if stolen, for Horse and Thief Forty Shillings, paid by me the Subscriber, in Market-street, near the New Printing-Office. ELIAS BOTNER.

Philadelphia July 8, 1766.

TO be sold, by public vendue, on the 6th day of August next, at the house of Matthias Slough, in the borough of Lancaster, a plantation, or tract of land, containing about 73 Acres, where William Johnson now lives, situate in Drummore township, Lancaster county, on the cross-roads leading from Philadelphia to Nelson's ferry, on Susquehannah, and from Nottingham to Lancaster, being about 14 miles from the latter; there are on the premises a log dwelling-house, store, and other buildings, where a public house and store has been for some time kept, and is a very suitable place for that purpose, known by the name of the Two Tuns; about 20 acres of which are cleared, and a conveniency for making some watered meadow thereon; the rest wood-land. One third part of the purchase money being paid down, six months credit will be given for the remainder, paying interest, and giving good security, if required. Attendance will be given, and a title made, by ROBERT LEWIS, BENJAMIN KENDALL, RICHARD PARKER, and STEPHEN COLLINS, Assignees of William Johnson.

Philadelphia, July 22, 1766.

STRAYED, on Saturday, the 19th Instant, a large sorrel roan Horse, above 15 Hands high, 8 or 9 Years old, but looks older, having a Number of grey Hairs about his Head; he is of the New-England Breed, full chested, and hollow in the Flank; he has a switch Tail, his Mane is thin, and hangs on both Sides of the Neck, paces and trots, is shod all round, and was lately trimmed under the Bridle, and about the Ears. He was purchased last Spring of one Andreas Teniack, Innholder, at Brunswick Landing, and was bred somewhere near Amboy, it is imagined he may be gone that Way. Whoever takes up said Horse, and brings him to the Subscriber in Market-street, near the Indian Queen, shall receive Four Dollars Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by CHARLES THOMSON. †

TO be sold by the subscriber, on the premises, at publick auction, the 18th day of September next, 1500 acres of good land, with a large plantation on it, lying on Kittle Run, in Fauquier county, Virginia; twelve months credit will be given, and five per cent. discount, for ready money. Also another tract of good land, containing 7750 acres, to be sold on the same terms, on the 22d of the above month, whereon are upwards of twenty tenements, lying in the above said county, and on or near Goose creek. The first mentioned tract lies about 22 miles from Dumfries town; the other about 50 miles, to be sold by the lump, or in parcels, as can be agreed on. BURGESS SMITH.

WEST-INDIA Rum and Spirit, also choice old Madeira Wine, to be sold by DANIEL ROBERDEAU, at the South End of Second-street, near the Bridge. Said Roberdeau has a Store to LETT, in Water-street, next Door to Mr. Thomas Clifford. Tbc.

Just published, and to be Sold by WILLIAM BRADFORD

(Price 15s. per Dozen, or 1s. 6d. single)

A NARRATIVE of the remarkable Revival of Religion, in the Congregation of East-Hampton, on Long-Island, in the Year of our Lord 1764; with some Reflections. By *Samuel Buell*, A. M. Minister of the Gospel there.

WHEREAS in Pursuance of an Act of General Assembly of this Province, intituled, An Act for granting the Sum of Sixty Thousand Pounds for the King's Use, and for striking Fifty-five Thousand Pounds thereof in Bills of Credit, and to provide a Fund for sinking the same, the following Tract of located and unsettled Land was duly valued and rated, by the Assessors for the County of Northampton, at Five Pounds by the Hundred, the Property of John Atkins, Esq; living in Carolina, containing 200 Acres, situate in Lower Smithfield Township, in the County of Northampton, adjoining the Lands of Richard Freeman, or near said Lands, about two Miles from Samuel Depui's, on Marshall's Creek, whereon said Atkins once erected a Saw-mill, and whereas the Owner of said Land hath refused to pay the Collector of said Township the Sum of Fifteen Shillings, which, according to the said Valuation, was assessed and laid upon said Land, as the Proportion thereof for one Year for said Tax, by the said Act imposed. We the Commissioners of the said County of Northampton, in Pursuance of the said Act, do hereby give Notice, that on the 19th Day of August next, at the House of Samuel Depui, in Lower Smithfield, we will expose to Sale, by public Vendue, the above mentioned Tract of Land, or such Part thereof as will be sufficient to answer the said Tax, and all Charges accruing by reason of the Non-payment or Refusal thereof, to the highest Bidder. The Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon. Given under our Hands at Easton, the 17th Day of May, 1766. JOHN WALKER, CHRISTOPHER WAGNER, JOHN JENNINGS. ¶ 15s.

Chester, ss. *Haverford, July* 14, 1766.

THE Retailers of Spirituous Liquors, made exciseable by an Act of Assembly of the Province of Pennsylvania, are hereby desired, without further Notice, to pay off their Arrears of Duty, and make their Entries according to Law, next Court, at Chester, for which Service I shall attend the three first Days of the Court, at the House of Davis Bevan.

CHARLES HUMPHREYS.

Likewise those that have imported any Negroe or Mulattoe Slaves, are hereby advertised to make Entries, &c. as the Law directs, otherwise they may not expect any further Indulgence.

Rousby-Hall, Patuxent River, Maryland, June 9, 1766.

RUN away from the Subscriber, five Indentured Servant Men, viz. *William Firth*, a Gardiner, an Englishman, about 45 Years of Age, about five Feet ten Inches high, thin visaged, wore his own light brown Hair, which was shaved as far back as the Crown of his Head, but wears a Wig occasionally over his Hair. Had on, when he went away, a blue Cloth Coat, pretty much worn, with yellow Buttons, a striped Flannel Jacket, with a black Manchester Velvet One over it. He stole and took with him, sundry trifling Things; the most remarkable was, a half-worn Razor, made by Price, and the Maker's Name upon the Shank of it, which is not common. He is a Man of Education, and a most artful Villain, tho' remarkably talkative, and fond of spirituous Liquors; he is a tolerable good Cook, and understands the Management of a Garden, and will probably offer his Service in one or other of these Capacities, or perhaps as a Clerk or Schoolmaster; he has been formerly in the Jerseys, and says, he resided with one Mr. Vanhorn in that Province, it is likely that he may have forged Passes for himself and the others, and perhaps changed their Names.

John Leary, a Caulker, born in England, a lusty Man, about five Feet eight Inches high, of a ruddy Complexion, wore his own dark brown Hair, shaved back to the Crown of his Head, has thick Lips, a large Mouth, and lisps much in his Speech; had on, when he went away, a blue Jacket, much tarred, a Pair of long Ozenbrigs Trowsers, a small Felt Hat, a Check or Ozenbrigs Shirt, having both with him.

James Russell, an Englishman, calls himself a Baker, but knows little or nothing of the Business, a short well set Fellow, about five Feet high, pitted with the Small-pox, has thin Lips, a remarkable Catching in his Speech, and lisps in pronouncing many Words; he says he has been in the Navy, and may probably pass for a Sailor; had on, when he went away, a Sailor's blue Jacket, with a striped Flannel One under it, a Check or Ozenbrigs Shirt, long Ozenbrigs Trowsers; he frequently wore on his Head a brown Cloth Cap, but sometimes a Leather One, lined with a Leopard's Skin, turned up quite round the Cap.

John Rawlings, a Butcher, an Englishman, about five Feet six Inches high, thin visaged, has a remarkable Stupidity in his Countenance, is a little deaf, and speaks slow, and seldom; had on, when he went away, a blue Jacket, and a striped Flannel One under it, an Ozenbrigs Shirt, long Ozenbrigs Trowsers, a Felt Hat, or Leather Cap, lined with a Leopard's Skin.

Joseph Dent, a Shoemaker, calls himself a Gardiner, but is ignorant of that Business, says he is a Frenchman, and speaks French, but appears like an Englishman, and speaks exceeding good English. He is a complicated Villain, and an artful down looking Fellow; he is well made, rather round shouldered, and about five Feet eight Inches high, wears his own dark flaxen Hair, shaved back to the Crown, is much pitted with the Small-pox, has a remarkable Effeminacy in his Voice, and hesitates in speaking. This Man is a good Ploughman, and understands the Business of Farming; had on, when he went away, a blue half-thick Jacket, with large flat Metal Buttons, Ozenbrigs Shirt, and a Pair of long Ozenbrigs Trowsers.

The said Servants were seen the 14th Day of June, in Sussex, in Pennsylvania, on their Way to the Northward. Whoever takes up the said Servants, and secures them, so that they may be returned to me, shall receive, as a Reward for *William Firth*, TEN POUNDS, and FIFTY SHILLINGS for each of the others, besides what the law allows, if taken in any Government to the Northward of this Province, after the Publication hereof. Dated the Thirtieth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, 1766. WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

Baltimore County July 12, 1766.

TO be sold, at public Vendue, on the Premises, on Monday, the First Day of September next, a valuable Plantation, situated on Diamond Ridge, about 9 Miles from Baltimore Town, containing 240 Acres of Land, well wooded and watered, about 60 Acres cleared, and under good Fence; there is about two Acres of Meadow Ground improved, and 30 more may easily be made; there is on it a Dwelling-house, with a new Barn, 40 Feet by 20, and a good bearing Orchard of choice Fruit. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may see the Land before the Day of Sale, by applying to

AMBROSE GEOGHEGAN.

N. B. The Title is indisputable. ¶

STOLEN on the 17th of June, at night, out of a pasture, in Milford Hundred, near Little Elk, Cecil county, a black gelding, 5 years old, about 15 hands high, paces and trots, shod before, a snip on his nose, some white on one of his hind feet, and a lump on the top of his shoulder, behind the wither-lock, like a navel-gall. Whoever takes up and secures the horse and thief, so as the owner may have his horse again, and the thief brought to justice, shall have FOUR POUNDS reward for both, or FORTY SHILLINGS for the horse, and reasonable charges, paid by * JAMES MACKEY.

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